



February 17, 2015

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## HOUSE BILL No. 1485

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DIGEST OF HB 1485 (Updated February 16, 2015 2:47 pm - DI 58)

**Citations Affected:** IC 6-3.5; IC 6-3.6; noncode.

**Synopsis:** Local option income taxes. Provides for a transition from the county adjusted gross income tax, the county option income tax, the county economic development income tax, and the various local income taxes for special purposes and special projects to a single local income tax with three rate components. Retains special distributions. Specifies that the transition is to take effect in 2017. Provides for a report by the office of management and budget to the legislative council in 2015 showing the effect of the transition on taxing units and taxpayers.

**Effective:** July 1, 2015; January 1, 2017.

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### Thompson

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January 14, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.  
February 16, 2015, amended, reported — Do Pass.

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HB 1485—LS 7183/DI 58





February 17, 2015

First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

## HOUSE BILL No. 1485

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

1 SECTION 1. IC 6-3.5-1.1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY  
2 1, 2017]. (County Adjusted Gross Income Tax).  
3 SECTION 2. IC 6-3.5-1.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY  
4 1, 2017]. (Calculation of Levy Freeze Amounts).  
5 SECTION 3. IC 6-3.5-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY  
6 1, 2017]. (County Option Income Tax).  
7 SECTION 4. IC 6-3.5-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY  
8 1, 2017]. (County Economic Development Income Tax).  
9 SECTION 5. IC 6-3.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A  
10 NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,  
11 2015]:  
12 **ARTICLE 3.6. LOCAL INCOME TAXES**  
13 **Chapter 1. Purpose; Application; Transitional Provisions**  
14 **Sec. 1. (a) The purpose of this article is to consolidate and**  
15 **simplify the various local income tax laws (referred to as a "former**

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1 tax" in this article) that are in effect on May 1, 2016, into a  
2 uniform law that transitions each county from the former taxes to  
3 the tax governed by this article without any change in purpose of  
4 the former taxes to the extent practicable. The intent is that the  
5 revenue from the taxes under this article shall be distributed and  
6 used as close as possible to the way the revenue was distributed and  
7 used under the former taxes until a county adopts an ordinance  
8 under this article to change the distribution and use of the revenue  
9 as permitted by this article.

10 (b) The general assembly declares that the enactment of IC 6-3.6  
11 is a simplification, recodification, and replacement, in the same or  
12 a restated form, of the procedures established for the imposition,  
13 collection, and distribution of the income taxes authorized under  
14 a former tax. The substantive operation and effect of the provisions  
15 of a former tax that are repealed and replaced, in the same or a  
16 restated form, by the provisions of this article, continue  
17 uninterrupted.

18 (c) Notwithstanding the effective date of the repeal of the former  
19 tax laws on January 1, 2017, an adopting body may not adopt any  
20 ordinances under a former tax after June 30, 2015. In addition,  
21 notwithstanding the effective date of this article being July 1, 2015,  
22 an adopting body may not take any action under this article before  
23 July 1, 2016.

24 (d) To carry out the transition, the office of management and  
25 budget, along with the appropriate state agencies and in  
26 cooperation with each county, shall do the following:

27 (1) Document all terms, conditions, limitations, and  
28 obligations that exist under the former taxes.

29 (2) Categorize the tax rate under the former taxes into the  
30 appropriate tax rate or rates under this article to provide  
31 revenue for all the same purposes for which revenue under a  
32 former tax was used in 2016. The revenue shall be  
33 apportioned, allocated, and distributed to taxing units, to the  
34 extent possible, in the same amounts, and be applied to those  
35 taxpayers in each property class that received any form of  
36 property tax relief in 2016 so that the benefits are received by  
37 the same property classes in the same proportionate amounts  
38 as in 2016. Matching the purposes of a former tax to the  
39 purposes under this article, including the apportionment,  
40 allocation, and distribution of revenue under this article shall  
41 be accomplished by using the best information available.  
42 These purposes include, but are not limited to, one (1) or more



1 of the following:

2 (A) Property tax credits using the options set forth in  
 3 IC 6-3.6-5, which categorization is to encompass all uses of  
 4 the revenue under a former tax that provided any form of  
 5 property tax relief, except for revenue used for a levy  
 6 freeze described in IC 6-3.6-11, including the following  
 7 purposes:

8 (i) Property tax replacement credits that applied to all  
 9 classes of property, including part of the revenue  
 10 categorized from the first twenty-five hundredths  
 11 percent (0.25%) rate under the county adjusted gross  
 12 income tax under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed) for civil taxing  
 13 units and school corporations using the attributed  
 14 allocation amounts for civil taxing units and school  
 15 corporations as those determinations were made under  
 16 IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed).

17 (ii) Credits against property taxes that did not apply to  
 18 all classes of property, such as homestead credits, credits  
 19 on other types of residential property, or credits used to  
 20 offset the exemption of inventory from property  
 21 taxation.

22 (B) Special purpose revenue that is not covered by a special  
 23 purpose rate under IC 6-3.6-7, such as revenue that must  
 24 be dedicated to public safety or economic development.

25 (C) Certified shares without any restriction on the use of  
 26 the revenue.

27 (D) A special purpose project (IC 6-3.6-7) using the former  
 28 tax rate that was dedicated to the project.

29 (e) The department of local government finance shall, if  
 30 necessary, recalculate maximum permissible property tax levies  
 31 and property tax rates for all taxing units to transition to the use  
 32 of property tax credits as prescribed in this article.

33 (f) The office of management and budget shall compile a  
 34 comprehensive report detailing for each taxing unit throughout the  
 35 state and for each property class type described in IC 6-3.5-6, the  
 36 categorization of revenue and its uses under this article compared  
 37 to the former taxes. Before November 1, 2015, the department shall  
 38 submit its report to the legislative council in an electronic format  
 39 under IC 5-14-6.

40 (g) The transition under this article shall be completed by  
 41 August 1, 2016, for purposes of local government budgets for 2017.

42 Sec. 2. This article applies to:



- 1 (1) taxes and tax liability in effect after December 31, 2015;  
 2 (2) homestead and property tax credits against property tax  
 3 liability imposed for an assessment date after February 28,  
 4 2015; and  
 5 (3) subject to subdivisions (1) and (2), administration of taxes  
 6 described in section 3 of this chapter, after December 31,  
 7 2016.

8 **Sec. 3. Except to the extent that taxes imposed in a county**  
 9 **under:**

- 10 (1) IC 6-3.5-1 (repealed);  
 11 (2) IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed);  
 12 (3) IC 6-3.5-6 (repealed); or  
 13 (4) IC 6-3.5-7 (repealed);

14 **are increased, decreased, or rescinded under this article, the total**  
 15 **tax rate in effect in a county under the provisions described in**  
 16 **subdivisions (1) through (4) on May 1, 2016, continue in effect after**  
 17 **May 1, 2016, and shall be treated as taxes imposed under this**  
 18 **article.**

19 **Sec. 4. Notwithstanding:**

- 20 (1) IC 6-3.5-1 (repealed);  
 21 (2) IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed);  
 22 (3) IC 6-3.5-6 (repealed); or  
 23 (4) IC 6-3.5-7 (repealed);

24 **a change in a tax imposed under a provision described in**  
 25 **subdivisions (1) through (4), credits related to property taxes,**  
 26 **allocations of tax revenue, and pledges for payment from tax**  
 27 **revenue after May 1, 2016, must be made under this article and not**  
 28 **under the provisions described in subdivisions (1) through (4).**

29 **Sec. 5. A reference in a statute or rule to a statute that is**  
 30 **repealed and replaced in the same or a different form in this article**  
 31 **shall be treated after December 31, 2016, as a reference to the new**  
 32 **provision.**

33 **Sec. 6. A pledge of a tax described in section 3 of this chapter for**  
 34 **the payment of bonds, leases, or other expenditures shall be treated**  
 35 **as a pledge of the related tax under this article for the same**  
 36 **purpose. Notwithstanding the repeal of IC 6-3.5 and the enactment**  
 37 **of this article, any pledge of revenues received from a tax imposed**  
 38 **under any of the provisions of IC 6-3.5 (prior to its repeal) to the**  
 39 **payment, in whole or in part, of:**

- 40 (1) the principal of and interest on bonds;  
 41 (2) lease rentals due under a lease; and  
 42 (3) the payment of any other obligation;



1 is binding and enforceable and remains in full force and effect as  
 2 long as the principal of and interest on any bonds, the lease rentals  
 3 due under any lease, or the payment of any obligation remains  
 4 unpaid. The enactment of this article does not affect any rights,  
 5 duties, obligations, proceedings, or liabilities accrued before  
 6 January 1, 2017. Those rights, duties, obligations, proceedings, or  
 7 liabilities continue and shall be imposed and enforced under prior  
 8 law as if this article had not been enacted.

9 Sec. 7. A period that began with respect to a tax described in  
 10 section 3 of this chapter and limits the period in which the tax may  
 11 be imposed continues under this article from the starting date and  
 12 time of the original action under the laws described in section 3 of  
 13 this chapter and limits the period in which the related tax under  
 14 this article may be imposed as if the period were initiated under  
 15 this article.

16 Sec. 8. A period that began with respect to the issuance of bonds  
 17 or leases payable from a tax described in section 3 of this chapter  
 18 and limits the period in which the bonds or leases may be in effect  
 19 continues under this article from the starting date and time of the  
 20 original action under the laws described in section 3 of this chapter  
 21 and limits the period in which the bonds or leases may be in effect  
 22 as if the period were initiated under this article.

23 Sec. 9. Before August 2, 2016, the budget agency, with the  
 24 assistance of the department of local government finance, shall  
 25 certify to each county the income tax rates under this article, by tax  
 26 rate category, as categorized by the office of management and  
 27 budget under this chapter.

28 Sec. 10. The department of local government finance shall assist  
 29 adopting bodies and other local governmental entities as necessary  
 30 to provide for a transition to the administration of taxes under this  
 31 article.

### 32 Chapter 2. Definitions

33 Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this  
 34 article.

35 Sec. 2. "Adjusted gross income" has the meaning set forth in  
 36 IC 6-3-1-3.5. However:

- 37 (1) in the case of a local taxpayer who is not treated as a  
 38 resident local taxpayer of a county, the term includes only  
 39 adjusted gross income derived from the taxpayer's principal  
 40 place of business or employment; and  
 41 (2) in the case of a resident local taxpayer of Perry County,  
 42 the term does not include adjusted gross income described in



- 1           **IC 6-3.6-8-7.**
- 2           **Sec. 3. "Allocation amount" refers to an amount that qualifies**  
 3 **as an allocation amount under IC 6-3.6-6.**
- 4           **Sec. 4. "Attributed allocation amount" refers to an amount that**  
 5 **qualifies as an attributed allocation amount under IC 6-3.6-6.**
- 6           **Sec. 5. "Certified distribution" refers to the amount certified**  
 7 **under IC 6-3.6-9-5(b), as adjusted under IC 6-3.6-9.**
- 8           **Sec. 6. "Certified shares" refers to the amount allocated for**  
 9 **distribution as certified shares under IC 6-3.6-6.**
- 10           **Sec. 7. "Civil taxing unit" means any entity having the power to**  
 11 **impose ad valorem property taxes except a school corporation. The**  
 12 **term does not include a solid waste management district that is not**  
 13 **entitled to a distribution under IC 6-3.6-6. However, in the case of**  
 14 **a consolidated city, the term "civil taxing unit" includes the**  
 15 **consolidated city and all special taxing districts, all special service**  
 16 **districts, and all entities whose budgets and property tax levies are**  
 17 **subject to review under IC 36-3-6-9.**
- 18           **Sec. 8. "Economic development project" means any project**  
 19 **that:**
- 20           **(1) the county, city, or town determines will:**
- 21           **(A) promote significant opportunities for the gainful**  
 22 **employment of its citizens;**
- 23           **(B) attract a major new business enterprise to the county,**  
 24 **city, or town; or**
- 25           **(C) retain or expand a significant business enterprise**  
 26 **within the county, city, or town; and**
- 27           **(2) involves an expenditure for:**
- 28           **(A) the acquisition of land;**
- 29           **(B) interests in land;**
- 30           **(C) site improvements;**
- 31           **(D) infrastructure improvements;**
- 32           **(E) buildings;**
- 33           **(F) structures;**
- 34           **(G) rehabilitation, renovation, and enlargement of**  
 35 **buildings and structures;**
- 36           **(H) machinery;**
- 37           **(I) equipment;**
- 38           **(J) furnishings;**
- 39           **(K) facilities;**
- 40           **(L) administrative expenses associated with a project**  
 41 **described in this section, including contract payments to a**  
 42 **nonprofit corporation whose primary corporate purpose**





- 1 is to assist government in planning and implementing  
 2 economic development projects;  
 3 (M) operating expenses of a governmental entity that plans  
 4 or implements economic development projects; or  
 5 (N) substance removal or remedial action in a designated  
 6 county, city, or town;  
 7 or any combination of these.
- 8 Sec. 9. "Executive" has the meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-5.  
 9 Sec. 10. "Fiscal body" has the meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-6.  
 10 Sec. 11. "Impose" includes adopt, amend, increase, decrease,  
 11 and rescind.
- 12 Sec. 12. "Local income tax council" means a council established  
 13 by IC 6-3.6-3-1.
- 14 Sec. 13. "Local taxpayer", as it relates to a particular county,  
 15 means any individual who:  
 16 (1) resides in that county on the date specified in IC 6-3.6-8-3;  
 17 or  
 18 (2) maintains the taxpayer's principal place of business or  
 19 employment in that county on the date specified in  
 20 IC 6-3.6-8-3 and who does not reside on that same date in  
 21 another county in Indiana in which a tax under this article is  
 22 in effect.
- 23 Sec. 14. "Public safety" refers to the following:  
 24 (1) A police and law enforcement system to preserve public  
 25 peace and order.  
 26 (2) A firefighting and fire prevention system.  
 27 (3) Emergency ambulance services (as defined in  
 28 IC 16-18-2-107).  
 29 (4) Emergency medical services (as defined in  
 30 IC 16-18-2-110).  
 31 (5) Emergency action (as defined in IC 13-11-2-65).  
 32 (6) A probation department of a court.  
 33 (7) Confinement, supervision, services under a community  
 34 corrections program (as defined in IC 35-38-2.6-2), or other  
 35 correctional services for a person who has been:  
 36 (A) diverted before a final hearing or trial under an  
 37 agreement that is between the county prosecuting attorney  
 38 and the person or the person's custodian, guardian, or  
 39 parent and that provides for confinement, supervision,  
 40 community corrections services, or other correctional  
 41 services instead of a final action described in clause (B) or  
 42 (C);



- 1 (B) convicted of a crime; or  
 2 (C) adjudicated as a delinquent child or a child in need of  
 3 services.  
 4 (8) A juvenile detention facility under IC 31-31-8.  
 5 (9) A juvenile detention center under IC 31-31-9.  
 6 (10) A county jail.  
 7 (11) A communications system (as defined in IC 36-8-15-3), an  
 8 enhanced emergency telephone system (as defined in  
 9 IC 36-8-16-2, before its repeal on July 1, 2012), or the  
 10 statewide 911 system (as defined in IC 36-8-16.7-22).  
 11 (12) Medical and health expenses for jailed inmates and other  
 12 confined persons.  
 13 (13) Pension payments for any of the following:  
 14 (A) A member of a fire department (as defined in  
 15 IC 36-8-1-8) or any other employee of the fire department.  
 16 (B) A member of a police department (as defined in  
 17 IC 36-8-1-9), a police chief hired under a waiver under  
 18 IC 36-8-4-6.5, or any other employee hired by the police  
 19 department.  
 20 (C) A county sheriff or any other member of the office of  
 21 the county sheriff.  
 22 (D) Other personnel employed to provide a service  
 23 described in this section.  
 24 Sec. 15. "Resident local taxpayer", as it relates to a particular  
 25 county, means any local taxpayer who resides in that county on the  
 26 date specified in IC 6-3.6-8-3.  
 27 Sec. 16. "School corporation" has the meaning set forth in  
 28 IC 6-1.1-1-16.  
 29 Sec. 17. "Tax" refers to the following:  
 30 (1) A tax imposed under this article.  
 31 (2) A tax that was originally imposed under:  
 32 (A) IC 6-3.5-1 (repealed);  
 33 (B) IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed);  
 34 (C) IC 6-3.5-6 (repealed); or  
 35 (D) IC 6-3.5-7 (repealed);  
 36 and that is continued in effect under this article by  
 37 IC 6-3.6-1-3.  
 38 Sec. 18. "Welfare allocation amount" means an amount equal  
 39 to the sum of the property taxes imposed by the county in 1999 for  
 40 the county's welfare fund and welfare administration fund and, if  
 41 the county received a certified distribution under a former tax in  
 42 2008, the property taxes imposed by the county in 2008 for the



1 county's county medical assistance to wards fund, family and  
 2 children's fund, children's psychiatric residential treatment  
 3 services fund, county hospital care for the indigent fund, and  
 4 children with special health care needs county fund, plus, in the  
 5 case of Marion County, thirty-five million dollars (\$35,000,000).

6 Chapter 3. Adopting Body; Adoption Procedures; Effective  
 7 Date of Ordinances

8 Sec. 1. (a) The following is the adopting body for a county:

9 (1) The local income tax council in a county in which the  
 10 county income tax council adopted either:

11 (A) a county option income tax under IC 6-3.5-6 (repealed)  
 12 that was in effect on January 1, 2015; or

13 (B) a county economic development income tax for the  
 14 county under IC 6-3.5-7 (repealed) that was in effect on  
 15 January 1, 2015.

16 (2) The county fiscal body in any other county.

17 (b) A local income tax council is established for each county.  
 18 The membership of each county's local income tax council consists  
 19 of the fiscal body of the county and the fiscal body of each city or  
 20 town that lies either partially or entirely within that county.

21 Sec. 2. (a) An adopting body or, if authorized by this article,  
 22 another governmental entity that is not an adopting body, may  
 23 take an action under this article only by ordinance, unless this  
 24 article permits the action to be taken by resolution.

25 (b) The department of local government finance, in consultation  
 26 with the department of state revenue, shall prescribe and make  
 27 electronically available uniform notices, ordinances, and  
 28 resolutions for use by an adopting body or other governmental  
 29 entity to take an action under this article. An adopting body or  
 30 other governmental entity may submit a proposed notice,  
 31 ordinance, or resolution to the department of local government  
 32 finance for review. The department of local government finance  
 33 shall provide to the submitting entity a determination of the  
 34 appropriateness of the proposed notice, ordinance, or resolution,  
 35 including recommended modifications, within thirty (30) days of  
 36 receiving the proposed notice, ordinance, or resolution.

37 (c) The department of local government finance shall prescribe  
 38 the hearing requirements and procedures to be used for submitting  
 39 a notice and vote results on ordinances and adopting and  
 40 submitting an ordinance or a resolution under this article.

41 (d) An action taken by an adopting body under this article is not  
 42 effective and is void unless the adopting body satisfies all the



1 requirements prescribed by the department of local government  
2 finance.

3 **Sec. 3. (a) An ordinance adopted under this article takes effect  
4 as provided in this section.**

5 **(b) An ordinance that adopts, increases, decreases, or rescinds  
6 a tax or a tax rate takes effect as follows:**

7 **(1) An ordinance adopted after December 31 of the  
8 immediately preceding year and before September 1 of the  
9 current year takes effect on October 1 of the current year.**

10 **(2) An ordinance adopted after August 31 and before  
11 November 1 of the current year takes effect on January 1 of  
12 the following year.**

13 **(3) An ordinance adopted after October 31 of the current year  
14 and before January 1 of the following year takes effect on  
15 October 1 of the following year.**

16 **(c) An ordinance that grants, increases, decreases, rescinds, or  
17 changes a credit against the property tax liability of a taxpayer  
18 takes effect as follows:**

19 **(1) An ordinance adopted after December 31 of the  
20 immediately preceding year and before November 2 of the  
21 current year takes effect on January 1 of, and applies to  
22 property taxes first due and payable in, the year immediately  
23 following the year in which the ordinance is adopted.**

24 **(2) An ordinance adopted after November 1 of the current  
25 year and before January 1 of the immediately succeeding year  
26 takes effect on January 1 of, and applies to property taxes  
27 first due and payable in, the year that follows the current year  
28 by two (2) years.**

29 **(d) An ordinance that grants, increases, decreases, rescinds, or  
30 changes a distribution or allocation of taxes to a governmental  
31 entity other than the county takes effect as follows:**

32 **(1) An ordinance adopted after December 31 of the  
33 immediately preceding year and before November 2 of the  
34 current year takes effect January 1 of the year immediately  
35 following the year in which the ordinance is adopted.**

36 **(2) An ordinance adopted after November 1 of the current  
37 year and before January 1 of the immediately succeeding year  
38 takes effect January 1 of the year that follows the current  
39 year by two (2) years.**

40 **(e) An ordinance not described in subsections (b) through (d)  
41 takes effect as provided under IC 36 for other ordinances of the  
42 governmental entity adopting the ordinance.**



1           **Sec. 4. (a)** Except for a tax rate that has an expiration date, a tax  
2 rate remains in effect until the effective date of an ordinance that  
3 increases, decreases, or rescinds that tax rate.

4           **(b)** A tax rate may not be changed more than once each year  
5 under this article.

6           **Sec. 5. (a)** The auditor of a county shall record all votes taken on  
7 ordinances presented for a vote under this article and not more  
8 than ten (10) days after the vote, send a certified copy of the results  
9 to:

- 10           **(1)** the commissioner of the department of state revenue; and
- 11           **(2)** the commissioner of the department of local government  
12 finance;

13 in an electronic format approved by the commissioner of the  
14 department of local government finance.

15           **(b)** This subsection applies only to a county that has a local  
16 income tax council. The county auditor may cease sending certified  
17 copies after the county auditor sends a certified copy of results  
18 showing that members of the local income tax council have cast a  
19 majority of the votes on the local income tax council for or against  
20 the proposed ordinance.

21           **Sec. 6. (a)** This section applies to a county in which the county  
22 adopting body is a local income tax council.

23           **(b)** In the case of a city or town that lies within more than one  
24 (1) county, the county auditor of each county shall base the  
25 allocations required by subsection (c) on the population of that  
26 part of the city or town that lies within the county for which the  
27 allocations are being made.

28           **(c)** Each local income tax council has a total of one hundred  
29 (100) votes. Each member of a local income tax council is allocated  
30 a percentage of the total one hundred (100) votes that may be cast.  
31 The percentage that a city or town is allocated for a year equals the  
32 same percentage that the population of the city or town bears to  
33 the population of the county. The percentage that the county is  
34 allocated for a year equals the same percentage that the population  
35 of all areas in the county not located in a city or town bears to the  
36 population of the county. On or before January 1 of each year, the  
37 county auditor shall certify to each member of the local income tax  
38 council the number of votes, rounded to the nearest one hundredth  
39 (0.01), each member has for that year.

40           **Sec. 7. (a)** This section applies to a county in which the county  
41 adopting body is a local income tax council.

42           **(b)** Before a member of the local income tax council may



1 propose an ordinance or vote on a proposed ordinance, the  
 2 member must hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance and  
 3 provide the public with notice of the time and place where the  
 4 public hearing will be held.

5 (c) The notice required by subsection (b) must be given in  
 6 accordance with IC 5-3-1 and include the proposed ordinance or  
 7 resolution to propose an ordinance.

8 **Sec. 8. (a)** This section applies to a county in which the county  
 9 adopting body is a local income tax council.

10 (b) Any member of a local income tax council may present an  
 11 ordinance for passage. To do so, the member must adopt a  
 12 resolution to propose the ordinance to the local income tax council  
 13 and distribute a copy of the proposed ordinance to the county  
 14 auditor. The county auditor shall treat any proposed ordinance  
 15 distributed to the auditor under this section as a casting of all that  
 16 member's votes in favor of the proposed ordinance.

17 (c) The county auditor shall deliver copies of a proposed  
 18 ordinance the auditor receives to all members of the local income  
 19 tax council within ten (10) days after receipt. Subject to subsection  
 20 (d), once a member receives a proposed ordinance from the county  
 21 auditor, the member shall vote on it within thirty (30) days after  
 22 receipt.

23 (d) If, before the elapse of thirty (30) days after receipt of a  
 24 proposed ordinance, the county auditor notifies the member that  
 25 the members of the local income tax council have cast a majority  
 26 of the votes on the local income tax council for or against the  
 27 proposed ordinance, the member need not vote on the proposed  
 28 ordinance.

29 **Sec. 9. (a)** This section applies to a county in which the county  
 30 adopting body is a local income tax council.

31 (b) A member of the local income tax council may exercise its  
 32 votes by passing a resolution and transmitting the resolution to the  
 33 county auditor.

34 (c) A resolution passed by a member of the local income tax  
 35 council exercises all votes of the member on the proposed  
 36 ordinance, and those votes may not be changed during the year.

37 **Sec. 10. (a)** This section applies to a county in which the county  
 38 adopting body is a local income tax council.

39 (b) A local income tax council may pass only one (1) ordinance  
 40 adopting, increasing, decreasing, or rescinding a tax in one (1)  
 41 year. Once the ordinance has been passed, the county auditor shall:

42 (1) cease distributing those types of proposed ordinances for



1 the rest of the year; and

2 (2) withdraw from the membership any other of those types  
3 of proposed ordinances.

4 Any votes subsequently received by the county auditor on those  
5 types of proposed ordinances during that same year are void.

6 (c) The local income tax council may not vote on, nor may the  
7 county auditor distribute to the members of the local income tax  
8 council, any proposed ordinance during a year, if previously  
9 during that same year the county auditor received and distributed  
10 to the members of the local income tax council a proposed  
11 ordinance whose passage would have substantially the same effect.

12 **Chapter 4. Imposition of Tax**

13 **Sec. 1. (a)** A tax is imposed on the adjusted gross income of local  
14 taxpayers at a tax rate that is a sum of the tax rates imposed by the  
15 county's adopting body and in effect in the county.

16 (b) The combined tax rates imposed under IC 6-3.6-5,  
17 IC 6-3.6-6, and IC 6-3.6-7 constitute the tax imposed on the  
18 adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the county.

19 **Sec. 2.** Subject to section 3 of this chapter, a tax rate authorized  
20 under IC 6-3.6-5, IC 6-3.6-6, or IC 6-3.6-7 may be adopted,  
21 increased, decreased, or rescinded without adopting, increasing,  
22 decreasing, or rescinding a tax rate authorized by either of the two  
23 (2) other chapters. However, an adopting body may:

24 (1) adopt, increase, decrease, or rescind a tax authorized  
25 under a particular chapter of this article; and

26 (2) adopt, increase, decrease, or rescind a tax authorized  
27 under another chapter of this article;

28 in the same ordinance.

29 **Sec. 3.** If there are bonds or leases outstanding that are payable  
30 from a tax imposed under IC 6-3.6-6 or IC 6-3.6-7 (but not  
31 IC 6-3.6-5), the adopting body may not reduce the tax rate below  
32 a rate that would produce one and twenty-five hundredths (1.25)  
33 times the total of the highest annual outstanding debt service plus  
34 the highest annual lease payments plus any amount required under  
35 the agreements for the bonds or leases to be deposited in a sinking  
36 fund or other reserve, unless:

37 (1) the adopting body; or

38 (2) any city, town, or county;

39 pledges all or a part of its share of revenues from the tax imposed  
40 under IC 6-3.6-6 or IC 6-3.6-7 (but not IC 6-3.6-5) for the life of the  
41 bonds or the term of the lease, in an amount that is sufficient, when  
42 combined with the amount pledged by the city, town, or county



1 that issued the bonds, to produce one and twenty-five hundredths  
 2 (1.25) times the total of the highest annual outstanding debt service  
 3 plus the highest annual lease payments plus the amount required  
 4 under the agreements for the bonds or leases to be deposited in a  
 5 sinking fund or other reserve.

6 **Chapter 5. Property Tax Relief Rates**

7 **Sec. 1.** An adopting body may impose a tax under section 6 of  
 8 this chapter on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the  
 9 county served by the adopting body.

10 **Sec. 2.** A tax imposed under this chapter shall be treated as  
 11 property taxes for all purposes. However, the department of local  
 12 government finance may not reduce:

13 (1) any taxing unit's maximum permissible property tax levy  
 14 limit under IC 6-1.1-18.5; or

15 (2) the approved property tax levy or rate for any fund;  
 16 by the amount of any credits granted under this chapter.

17 **Sec. 3.** To impose a tax under this chapter, the adopting body  
 18 must adopt an ordinance finding and determining that revenues  
 19 from the tax are needed for the purposes described in section 6 of  
 20 this chapter.

21 **Sec. 4. (a)** A credit granted under this chapter shall be applied  
 22 to reduce the property tax liability of a taxpayer before the  
 23 application of a credit granted under IC 6-1.1-20.4 or  
 24 IC 6-1.1-20.6.

25 (b) A reduction in property taxes granted under section 6 of this  
 26 chapter shall be applied to reduce the property tax liability of a  
 27 taxpayer in the order set forth in section 6 of this chapter.

28 **Sec. 5.** The auditor of state shall assist adopting bodies and  
 29 county auditors in calculating credit percentages and amounts  
 30 under this chapter.

31 **Sec. 6. (a)** This section applies to all counties.

32 (b) The adopting body may impose a tax rate under this chapter  
 33 that does not exceed two and five-tenths percent (2.5%) on the  
 34 adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the county served by  
 35 the adopting body.

36 (c) Revenues from a tax under this section may be used only for  
 37 the purpose of funding a property tax credit applied on a  
 38 percentage basis to reduce the property tax liability of taxpayers  
 39 with tangible property located in the county as authorized under  
 40 this section. Property taxes imposed due to a referendum in which  
 41 a majority of the voters in the taxing unit imposing the property  
 42 taxes approved the property taxes are not eligible for a credit





1 under this section.

2 (d) The adopting body shall specify by ordinance how the  
3 revenue from the tax shall be applied to provide property tax  
4 credits in subsequent years. The ordinance must be adopted before  
5 July 1 and first applies in the following year and then thereafter  
6 until it is rescinded or modified. The property tax credits may be  
7 allocated among any combination of the following categories:

8 (1) For homesteads eligible for a credit under  
9 IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 that limits the taxpayer's property tax  
10 liability for the property to one percent (1%).

11 (2) For residential property, long term care property,  
12 agricultural land, and other tangible property (if any) eligible  
13 for a credit under IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 that limits the taxpayer's  
14 property tax liability for the property to two percent (2%).

15 (3) For any of the following types of property as a single  
16 category:

17 (A) Residential property, as defined in 6-1.1-20.6-4.

18 (B) Real property, a mobile home, and industrialized  
19 housing that would qualify as a homestead if the taxpayer  
20 had filed for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9  
21 (repealed) or the standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37.

22 (C) Real property consisting of units that are regularly  
23 used to rent or otherwise furnish residential  
24 accommodations for periods of at least thirty (30) days,  
25 regardless of whether the tangible property is subject to  
26 assessment under rules of the department of local  
27 government finance that apply to:

28 (i) residential property; or

29 (ii) commercial property.

30 (4) For nonresidential real property, personal property, and  
31 other tangible property (if any) eligible for a credit under  
32 IC 6-1.1-20.6-7.5 that limits the taxpayer's property tax  
33 liability for the property to three percent (3%). A taxpayer  
34 that owns an industrial plant located in Jasper County is  
35 ineligible for a credit under this section against the property  
36 taxes due on the industrial plant if the assessed value of the  
37 industrial plant as of March 1, 2006, exceeds twenty percent  
38 (20%) of the total assessed value of all taxable property in the  
39 county on that date. The general assembly finds that the  
40 provisions of this subsection are necessary because the  
41 industrial plant represents such a large percentage of Jasper  
42 County's assessed valuation.



1           (e) Within a category described in subsection (d) for which an  
 2 ordinance grants property tax credits, the property tax credit rate  
 3 must be a uniform percentage for all qualifying taxpayers with  
 4 property in that category in the county. The credit percentage may  
 5 be, but does not have to be, uniform for all categories of property.  
 6 The total of all tax credits granted under this section for a year  
 7 may not exceed the amount of revenue raised by the tax imposed  
 8 under this section. If the amount available in a year for property  
 9 tax credits under this section is less than the amount necessary to  
 10 provide all the property tax credits authorized by the adopting  
 11 body, the county auditor shall reduce the property tax credits  
 12 granted to eliminate the excess. The county auditor shall reduce  
 13 credits within the categories described in subsection (d)(1) through  
 14 (d)(4) as follows:

15           (1) First, against property taxes imposed on property  
 16 described in subsection (d)(4).

17           (2) Second, if an excess remains after applying the reduction  
 18 as described in subdivision (1), against property taxes  
 19 imposed on property described in subsection (d)(3).

20           (3) Third, if an excess remains after applying the reduction as  
 21 described in subdivisions (1) and (2), against property taxes  
 22 imposed on property described in subsection (d)(2).

23           (4) Fourth, if an excess remains after applying the reduction  
 24 as described in subdivisions (1) through (3), against property  
 25 taxes imposed on property described in subsection (d)(1).

26           (f) The total of all tax credits granted under this section for a  
 27 year may not exceed the amount authorized by the adopting body.  
 28 If the amount available in a year for property tax credits under  
 29 this section is greater than the amount necessary to provide all the  
 30 property tax credits authorized by the adopting body, the county  
 31 auditor shall retain and apply the excess as necessary to provide  
 32 the property tax credits authorized by the adopting body for the  
 33 following year. The adopting body may adopt an ordinance that  
 34 directs to which categories described in subsection (d) the excess is  
 35 to be uniformly applied.

36           (g) The county auditor shall allocate the amount of revenue  
 37 applied as tax credits under this section to the taxing units that  
 38 imposed the eligible property taxes against which the credits are  
 39 applied.

#### 40           Chapter 6. Expenditure Rate

41           Sec. 1. An adopting body may impose a tax under section 2 of  
 42 this chapter on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the



1 county served by the adopting body.

2 **Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to all counties.**

3 **(b) The adopting body may impose a tax rate under this chapter**  
4 **that does not exceed:**

5 **(1) one and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%) in all**  
6 **counties other than Marion County; and**

7 **(2) one and five-tenths percent (1.5%) in Marion County;**  
8 **on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers in the county**  
9 **served by the adopting body.**

10 **Sec. 3. Revenue raised from a tax imposed under this chapter**  
11 **shall be treated as follows:**

12 **(1) To make distributions to school corporations. The revenue**  
13 **categorized from the first twenty-five hundredths percent**  
14 **(0.25%) of the rate for a former tax adopted under**  
15 **IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed) shall be allocated to school**  
16 **corporations. The amount of the allocation to a school**  
17 **corporation shall be determined using the attributed**  
18 **allocation amounts for civil taxing units and school**  
19 **corporations in the determination.**

20 **(2) The remaining revenue shall be treated as additional**  
21 **revenue (referred to as additional revenue in this chapter).**  
22 **Additional revenue may not be considered by the department**  
23 **of local government finance in determining:**

24 **(A) any taxing unit's maximum permissible property tax**  
25 **levy limit under IC 6-1.1-18.5; or**

26 **(B) the approved property tax rate for any fund.**

27 **Sec. 4. The adopting body shall, by ordinance, determine how**  
28 **the additional revenue from a tax under this chapter must be**  
29 **allocated in subsequent years. The ordinance must be adopted**  
30 **before July 1 and first applies in the following year and then**  
31 **thereafter until it is rescinded or modified. The revenue must be**  
32 **allocated among the following uses as provided in this chapter:**

33 **(1) Public safety.**

34 **(2) Economic development projects.**

35 **(3) Certified shares.**

36 **The ordinance may describe the allocation of additional revenue by**  
37 **use of percentages or dollar amounts.**

38 **Sec. 5. The adopting body may not allocate in a year less to the**  
39 **payment of bonds or leases for which the tax under this chapter**  
40 **has been pledged in accordance with law than the amount pledged**  
41 **and payable in that year or required under the agreements for the**  
42 **bonds or leases to be deposited in a sinking fund or other reserve**



1 in that year.

2 **Sec. 6. (a)** The total amount allocated in a year to the uses  
3 described in section 4 of this chapter may not, in the aggregate,  
4 exceed the amount of additional revenue raised by the tax imposed  
5 under this chapter for that year. If the amount available in a year  
6 is less than the amount necessary to fund all the purposes  
7 authorized by the adopting body, the county auditor shall reduce  
8 the amount distributed to these purposes to eliminate the deficit.

9 **(b)** The county auditor may not in a year reduce an allocation  
10 of money pledged to make bond payments or lease payments less  
11 than the amount pledged to make payments in that year.

12 **(c)** Subject to subsection (b), the county auditor shall reduce  
13 allocations under this section in accordance with the instructions  
14 in an ordinance adopted by the adopting body. To the extent that  
15 the adopting body has not adopted an ordinance to specify how a  
16 deficiency is to be eliminated, or the ordinance does not eliminate  
17 the deficiency, the county auditor shall, subject to subsection (b),  
18 uniformly reduce allocations in each category.

19 **Sec. 7.** The county auditor may not allocate more than the  
20 amount authorized by the adopting body. If the amount available  
21 in a year for allocation under this chapter is greater than the  
22 amount necessary to fund all the purposes authorized by the  
23 adopting body, the county auditor shall:

- 24 **(1)** allocate the excess as directed by the adopting body; or  
25 **(2)** in the absence of an ordinance that allocates all the excess,  
26 retain the excess and apply it, as necessary, to fund the  
27 purposes authorized by the adopting body for the following  
28 year.

29 **Sec. 8. (a)** This section applies to the allocation of additional  
30 revenue from a tax under this chapter to public safety purposes.

31 **(b)** This subsection applies to Marion County. The adopting  
32 body may allocate part or all of the certified distribution that is  
33 allocated to public safety purposes to fund the operation of a public  
34 communications system and computer facilities district as provided  
35 in an election, if any, made by the county fiscal body under  
36 IC 36-8-15-19(b).

37 **(c)** Except as provided in subsection (d), the amount of the  
38 certified distribution that is allocated to public safety purposes,  
39 and for Marion County after making allocations under IC 6-3.6-11,  
40 shall be allocated to the county and to each municipality in the  
41 county that is carrying out or providing at least one (1) public  
42 safety purpose. The amount allocated under this subsection to a



1 county or municipality is equal to the result of:

2 (1) the amount of the certified distribution that is allocated to  
3 public safety purposes; multiplied by

4 (2) a fraction equal to:

5 (A) the total property taxes imposed in the county by the  
6 county or municipality for the calendar year; divided by

7 (B) the sum of the total property taxes imposed in the  
8 county by the county and each municipality in the county  
9 that is entitled to a distribution under this section for the  
10 calendar year.

11 (d) A fire department, volunteer fire department, or emergency  
12 medical services provider that:

13 (1) provides fire protection or emergency medical services  
14 within the county; and

15 (2) is operated by or serves a political subdivision that is not  
16 otherwise entitled to receive a distribution of tax revenue  
17 under this section;

18 may, before July 1 of a year, apply to the adopting body for a  
19 distribution of tax revenue under this section during the following  
20 calendar year. The adopting body shall review an application  
21 submitted under this subsection and may, before September 1 of a  
22 year, adopt a resolution requiring that one (1) or more of the  
23 applicants shall receive a specified amount of the tax revenue to be  
24 distributed under this section during the following calendar year.  
25 A resolution approved under this subsection providing for a  
26 distribution to one (1) or more fire departments, volunteer fire  
27 departments, or emergency medical services providers applies only  
28 to distributions in the following calendar year. Any amount of tax  
29 revenue distributed under this subsection to a fire department,  
30 volunteer fire department, or emergency medical services provider  
31 shall be distributed before the remainder of the tax revenue is  
32 allocated under subsection (c).

33 Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to the allocation of additional  
34 revenue from a tax under this chapter for economic development  
35 purposes.

36 (b) Money designated for economic development purposes shall  
37 be allocated to the county, cities, and towns for use by the taxing  
38 unit's fiscal body for any of the purposes described in IC 6-3.6-10.  
39 Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), and subject to  
40 adjustment as provided in IC 36-8-19-7.5, the amount of the  
41 certified distribution allocated to economic development purposes  
42 that the county and each city or town in a county is entitled to



1 receive each month of each year equals the amount determined  
 2 using the following formula:

3 **STEP ONE: Determine the sum of:**

4 (A) the total property taxes being imposed by the county,  
 5 city, or town during the calendar year of the distribution;  
 6 plus

7 (B) for a county, the welfare allocation amount.

8 **STEP TWO: Determine the sum of the following:**

9 (A) Amounts appropriated from property taxes to pay the  
 10 principal of or interest on any debenture or other debt  
 11 obligation issued after June 30, 2005, other than an  
 12 obligation described in subsection (e).

13 (B) Amounts appropriated from property taxes to make  
 14 payments on any lease entered into after June 30, 2005,  
 15 other than a lease described in subsection (f).

16 **STEP THREE: Subtract the STEP TWO amount from the**  
 17 **STEP ONE amount.**

18 **STEP FOUR: Determine the quotient of:**

19 (A) The STEP THREE amount; divided by

20 (B) the sum of the total property taxes that are first due  
 21 and payable to the county and all cities and towns of the  
 22 county during the calendar year in which the month falls,  
 23 plus the welfare allocation amount.

24 **STEP FIVE: Determine the product of:**

25 (A) the amount of the certified distribution allocated to  
 26 economic development purposes for that month; multiplied  
 27 by

28 (B) the STEP FOUR amount.

29 (c) The body imposing the tax may adopt an ordinance before  
 30 August 2 of a year to provide for a distribution of the amount  
 31 allocated to economic development purposes based on population  
 32 instead of a distribution under subsection (b). The following apply  
 33 if an ordinance is adopted under this subsection:

34 (1) The ordinance is effective January 1 of the following year.

35 (2) The amount of the certified distribution allocated to  
 36 economic development purposes that the county and each city  
 37 and town in the county are entitled to receive during each  
 38 month of each year equals the product of:

39 (A) the amount of the certified distribution that is allocated  
 40 to economic development purposes for the month;  
 41 multiplied by

42 (B) the quotient of:



- 1           **(A) for a city or town, the population of the city or the**  
 2           **town that is located in the county and for a county, the**  
 3           **population of the part of the county that is not located in**  
 4           **a city or town; divided by**  
 5           **(B) the population of the entire county.**  
 6           **(3) The ordinance may be made irrevocable for the duration**  
 7           **of specified lease rental or debt service payments.**  
 8           **(d) In a county having a consolidated city, only the consolidated**  
 9           **city is entitled to the amount of the certified distribution that is**  
 10           **allocated to economic development purposes.**  
 11           **(e) Except as provided in this subsection, an appropriation from**  
 12           **property taxes to repay interest and principal of a debt obligation**  
 13           **is not deducted from the allocation amount for a civil taxing unit**  
 14           **if:**  
 15               **(1) the debt obligation was issued; and**  
 16               **(2) the proceeds were appropriated from property taxes;**  
 17           **to refund or otherwise refinance a debt obligation or a lease issued**  
 18           **before July 1, 2005. However, an appropriation from property**  
 19           **taxes related to a debt obligation issued after June 30, 2005, is**  
 20           **deducted if the debt extends payments on a debt or lease beyond**  
 21           **the time in which the debt or lease would have been payable if the**  
 22           **debt or lease had not been refinanced or increases the total amount**  
 23           **that must be paid on a debt or lease in excess of the amount that**  
 24           **would have been paid if the debt or lease had not been refinanced.**  
 25           **The amount of the deduction is the annual amount for each year of**  
 26           **the extension period or the annual amount of the increase over the**  
 27           **amount that would have been paid.**  
 28           **(f) Except as provided in this subsection, an appropriation from**  
 29           **property taxes to make payments on a lease is not deducted from**  
 30           **the allocation amount for a civil taxing unit if:**  
 31               **(1) the lease was issued; and**  
 32               **(2) the proceeds were appropriated from property taxes;**  
 33           **to refinance a debt obligation or lease issued before July 1, 2005.**  
 34           **However, an appropriation from property taxes related to a lease**  
 35           **entered into after June 30, 2005, is deducted if the lease extends**  
 36           **payments on a debt or lease beyond the time in which the debt or**  
 37           **lease would have been payable if the debt or lease had not been**  
 38           **refinanced or increases the total amount that must be paid on a**  
 39           **debt or lease in excess of the amount that would have been paid if**  
 40           **the debt or lease had not been refinanced. The amount of the**  
 41           **deduction is the annual amount for each year of the extension**  
 42           **period or the annual amount of the increase over the amount that**



1 would have been paid.

2 **Sec. 10. (a) This section applies to additional revenue from a tax**  
 3 **under this chapter that is allocated for certified shares.**

4 **(b) Additional revenue remaining from a tax imposed under this**  
 5 **chapter, after deducting the amounts allocated to public safety**  
 6 **purposes and economic development purposes, shall be allocated**  
 7 **among the civil taxing units as certified shares.**

8 **Sec. 11. (a) This section applies to an allocation of certified**  
 9 **shares in all counties.**

10 **(b) Subject to this chapter, any civil taxing unit that imposes an**  
 11 **ad valorem property tax in the county that has a tax rate in effect**  
 12 **under this chapter is eligible for an allocation under this chapter.**

13 **(c) A school corporation is not a civil taxing unit for the purpose**  
 14 **of receiving an allocation of certified shares under this chapter.**

15 **(d) A county solid waste management district (as defined in**  
 16 **IC 13-11-2-47) or a joint solid waste management district (as**  
 17 **defined in IC 13-11-2-113) is not a civil taxing unit for the purpose**  
 18 **of receiving an allocation of certified shares under this chapter**  
 19 **unless a majority of the members of each of the county fiscal bodies**  
 20 **of the counties within the district passes a resolution approving the**  
 21 **distribution.**

22 **(e) A resolution passed by a county fiscal body under subsection**

23 **(d) may:**

24 **(1) expire on a date specified in the resolution; or**

25 **(2) remain in effect until the county fiscal body revokes or**  
 26 **rescinds the resolution.**

27 **Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to an allocation of certified**  
 28 **shares in all counties.**

29 **(b) The allocation amount of a civil taxing unit during a**  
 30 **calendar year is equal to the amount determined using the**  
 31 **following formula:**

32 **STEP ONE: Determine the sum of the total property taxes**  
 33 **being imposed by the civil taxing unit during the calendar**  
 34 **year of the distribution.**

35 **STEP TWO: Determine the sum of the following:**

36 **(A) Amounts appropriated from property taxes to pay the**  
 37 **principal of or interest on any debenture or other debt**  
 38 **obligation issued after June 30, 2005, other than an**  
 39 **obligation described in subsection (c).**

40 **(B) Amounts appropriated from property taxes to make**  
 41 **payments on any lease entered into after June 30, 2005,**  
 42 **other than a lease described in subsection (d).**





- 1           **STEP THREE: Subtract the STEP TWO amount from the**  
 2           **STEP ONE amount.**  
 3           **STEP FOUR: Determine the sum of:**  
 4           **(A) the STEP THREE amount; plus**  
 5           **(B) the civil taxing unit's certified shares for the previous**  
 6           **calendar year.**  
 7           **The allocation amount is subject to adjustment as provided in**  
 8           **IC 36-8-19-7.5.**  
 9           **(c) Except as provided in this subsection, an appropriation from**  
 10           **property taxes to repay interest and principal of a debt obligation**  
 11           **is not deducted from the allocation amount for a civil taxing unit**  
 12           **if:**  
 13           **(1) the debt obligation was issued; and**  
 14           **(2) the proceeds were appropriated from property taxes;**  
 15           **to refund or otherwise refinance a debt obligation or a lease issued**  
 16           **before July 1, 2005. However, an appropriation from property**  
 17           **taxes related to a debt obligation issued after June 30, 2005, is**  
 18           **deducted if the debt extends payments on a debt or lease beyond**  
 19           **the time in which the debt or lease would have been payable if the**  
 20           **debt or lease had not been refinanced or increases the total amount**  
 21           **that must be paid on a debt or lease in excess of the amount that**  
 22           **would have been paid if the debt or lease had not been refinanced.**  
 23           **The amount of the deduction is the annual amount for each year of**  
 24           **the extension period or the annual amount of the increase over the**  
 25           **amount that would have been paid.**  
 26           **(d) Except as provided in this subsection, an appropriation from**  
 27           **property taxes to make payments on a lease is not deducted from**  
 28           **the allocation amount for a civil taxing unit if:**  
 29           **(1) the lease was issued; and**  
 30           **(2) the proceeds were appropriated from property taxes;**  
 31           **to refinance a debt obligation or lease issued before July 1, 2005.**  
 32           **However, an appropriation from property taxes related to a lease**  
 33           **entered into after June 30, 2005, is deducted if the lease extends**  
 34           **payments on a debt or lease beyond the time in which the debt or**  
 35           **lease would have been payable if the debt or lease had not been**  
 36           **refinanced or increases the total amount that must be paid on a**  
 37           **debt or lease in excess of the amount that would have been paid if**  
 38           **the debt or lease had not been refinanced. The amount of the**  
 39           **deduction is the annual amount for each year of the extension**  
 40           **period or the annual amount of the increase over the amount that**  
 41           **would have been paid.**  
 42           **Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to an allocation of certified**



1 shares in all counties other than Marion County.  
 2 (b) The attributed allocation amount of a civil taxing unit  
 3 during a calendar year is equal to the sum of:  
 4 (1) the allocation amount of the civil taxing unit for that  
 5 calendar year; plus  
 6 (2) in the case of a county, the welfare allocation amount.  
 7 Sec. 14. (a) This section applies to an allocation of certified  
 8 shares in a county other than Marion County.  
 9 (b) Subject to this chapter, certified shares must be allocated  
 10 among civil taxing units based on the attributed allocation amount.  
 11 (c) The amount of certified shares to be allocated to each civil  
 12 taxing unit is equal to:  
 13 (1) the total amount of the certified distribution that is  
 14 allocated to certified shares for the county for the month;  
 15 multiplied by  
 16 (2) the quotient of:  
 17 (A) the attributed allocation amount for the civil taxing  
 18 unit in the county during the calendar year; divided by  
 19 (B) the sum of the attributed allocation amounts for all  
 20 civil taxing units in the county during the calendar year.  
 21 Sec. 15. (a) This section applies to an allocation or distribution,  
 22 or both, of certified shares that is required to be made to a civil  
 23 taxing unit in a county other than Marion County.  
 24 (b) IC 36-8-19-7.5 applies to the adjustment of the amounts  
 25 distributed to a civil taxing unit that participates in a fire  
 26 protection territory.  
 27 Sec. 16. IC 6-3.6-11 applies to the allocation of certified shares  
 28 in Marion County.  
 29 Sec. 17. A civil taxing unit may use its certified shares for any of  
 30 the purposes of the civil taxing unit.  
 31 Sec. 18. A civil taxing unit may pledge its certified shares to the  
 32 payment of bonds or to lease payments for:  
 33 (1) any purpose of the civil taxing unit;  
 34 (2) any purpose of another governmental entity located in any  
 35 part in the county, including a governmental entity organized  
 36 on a regional basis; or  
 37 (3) any purpose for which certified shares may be used under  
 38 IC 6-3.6-10.  
 39 The pledge must be approved in an ordinance adopted by the fiscal  
 40 body of the political subdivision.  
 41 Sec. 19. (a) A civil taxing unit may distribute any part of its  
 42 certified shares to any governmental entity located in any part of



1 its county to:

2 (1) carry out a joint purpose; or

3 (2) fund the purposes of the other governmental entity;

4 including a governmental entity organized on a regional basis to  
5 serve an area in more than one (1) county.

6 (b) The distribution must be authorized by ordinance of the  
7 fiscal body of the civil taxing unit to which the revenue is allocated  
8 by this chapter. An ordinance must specify the purpose of the  
9 designation and its duration.

10 (c) The fiscal body of the civil taxing unit may direct the county  
11 auditor in the ordinance to withhold from the civil taxing unit's  
12 allocation the amount that is the subject of the ordinance and  
13 distribute the amount directly to the other governmental entity  
14 authorized to receive the money.

15 **Chapter 7. Special Purpose Rates**

16 **Sec. 1. Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to**  
17 **economic development. The use of a tax imposed for the purposes**  
18 **of this chapter, rather than the use of property taxes, promotes this**  
19 **policy.**

20 **Sec. 2. An adopting body may impose a tax on the adjusted gross**  
21 **income of local taxpayers in the county served by the adopting**  
22 **body that is a combination of one (1) or more of the tax rates**  
23 **permitted in this chapter in the county served by the adopting**  
24 **body. The total of all tax rates under this chapter in a county may**  
25 **not be greater than the sum of the tax rates specified in this**  
26 **chapter for special purpose projects in the county and may be**  
27 **imposed only for the length of time that rate was permitted under**  
28 **the former tax law.**

29 **Sec. 3. (a) A separate tax rate is permitted under this chapter**  
30 **for each of the following purposes:**

31 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate,  
32 remodel, or equip a criminal justice facility, including a court,  
33 a jail, a juvenile detention center facility, or a juvenile  
34 probation facility, including:

35 (A) related buildings and parking facilities;

36 (B) costs related to the demolition of existing buildings;

37 (C) the acquisition of land; and

38 (D) any other reasonably related costs;

39 for these purposes.

40 (2) To renovate a former county hospital for additional office  
41 space, educational facilities, nonsecure juvenile facilities, and  
42 other county functions.



- 1           **(3) To finance, construct, acquire, renovate, and equip**
- 2           **buildings for a volunteer fire department (as defined in**
- 3           **IC 36-8-12-2) that provides services in any part of the county.**
- 4           **(4) To finance, construct, acquire, and renovate firefighting**
- 5           **apparatus or other related equipment for a volunteer fire**
- 6           **department (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2) that provides services**
- 7           **in any part of the county.**
- 8           **(5) To finance, construct, acquire, renovate, and operate a**
- 9           **public transportation system described in IC 8-25.**
- 10          **(6) To carry out the purposes set forth throughout this**
- 11          **chapter.**

12           **(b) The rate permitted under subsection (a)(1) may include a**  
 13           **rate to repay bonds issued or leases entered into for a purpose**  
 14           **described in subsection (a)(1). A tax rate imposed under this**  
 15           **section may be imposed only until the last of the following dates:**

- 16           **(1) The date on which the purposes described in subsection**
- 17           **(a)(1) are completed.**
- 18           **(2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued (including**
- 19           **any refunding bonds) or leases described in subsection (a) are**
- 20           **fully paid.**

21           **However, for a bond or lease entered into after December 31, 2015,**  
 22           **the term of the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a**  
 23           **lease entered into under this section may not exceed twenty (20)**  
 24           **years. The adopting body shall provide a notice to the budget**  
 25           **agency, the department of local government finance, and the**  
 26           **department of state revenue specifying that the date for the**  
 27           **termination of the tax rate has occurred.**

- 28           **(c) Money accumulated from the tax under this section after:**
- 29           **(1) the redemption of bonds issued; or**
- 30           **(2) the final payment of lease rentals due under a lease**
- 31           **entered into under this section;**

32           **shall be transferred to the county highway fund to be used for**  
 33           **construction, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of county**  
 34           **highways, roads, and bridges.**

35           **Sec. 4. In order to impose a tax under this chapter, the adopting**  
 36           **body must adopt an ordinance finding and determining that**  
 37           **revenues from the tax are needed for the purposes described in the**  
 38           **section under which the tax is imposed.**

39           **Sec. 5. Revenue raised from a tax imposed under this chapter**  
 40           **shall be treated as additional revenue and may not be considered**  
 41           **by the department of local government finance in determining:**

- 42           **(1) any taxing unit's maximum permissible property tax levy**



1           limit under IC 6-1.1-18.5; or

2           (2) the approved property tax rate for any fund.

3           **Sec. 6. A governmental entity to which revenue raised from a**  
 4 **tax under this chapter is distributed must segregate the amount**  
 5 **raised from the tax in a separate account or fund and maintain**  
 6 **sufficient records, as required by the state board of accounts, to**  
 7 **demonstrate that the revenue is used only for the purposes for**  
 8 **which the tax was imposed.**

9           **Sec. 7. (a) This section applies to Daviess County.**

10          **(b) Daviess County possesses unique governmental and**  
 11 **economic development challenges due to:**

12           (1) underemployment in relation to similarly situated counties  
 13           and the loss of a major manufacturing business;

14           (2) an increase in property taxes for taxable years after  
 15           December 31, 2000, for the construction of a new elementary  
 16           school; and

17           (3) overcrowding of the county jail, the costs associated with  
 18           housing the county's inmates outside the county, and the  
 19           potential unavailability of additional housing for inmates  
 20           outside the county.

21          **The use of a tax under this section is necessary for the county to**  
 22 **provide adequate jail capacity in the county and to maintain low**  
 23 **property tax rates essential to economic development. The use of**  
 24 **a tax under this section for the purposes of this section, rather than**  
 25 **the use of property taxes, promotes these purposes.**

26          **(c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted**  
 27 **gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed**  
 28 **the lesser of the following:**

29           (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).

30           (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
 31           this section.

32          **(d) Revenue from the tax under this section may be used only**  
 33 **for the following purposes:**

34           (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate,  
 35           remodel, or equip the county jail and related buildings and  
 36           parking facilities, including costs related to the demolition of  
 37           existing buildings, the acquisition of land, and any other  
 38           reasonably related costs.

39           (2) To repay bonds issued or leases entered into for  
 40           constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, remodeling,  
 41           and equipping the county jail and related buildings and  
 42           parking facilities, including costs related to the demolition of



- 1 existing buildings, the acquisition of land, and any other  
 2 reasonably related costs.
- 3 (e) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only  
 4 until the last of the following dates:
- 5 (1) The date on which the purposes described in subsection  
 6 (d)(1) are completed.
- 7 (2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued (including  
 8 any refunding bonds) or leases described in subsection (d)(2)  
 9 are fully paid.
- 10 The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a  
 11 lease entered into under subsection (d)(2) may not exceed  
 12 twenty-five (25) years.
- 13 (f) Money accumulated from the tax under this section after:
- 14 (1) the redemption of bonds issued; or  
 15 (2) the final payment of lease rentals due under a lease  
 16 entered into under this section;
- 17 shall be transferred to the county highway fund to be used for  
 18 construction, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of county  
 19 highways, roads, and bridges.
- 20 Sec. 8. (a) This section applies to Elkhart County.
- 21 (b) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
 22 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
 23 the lesser of the following:
- 24 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).  
 25 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
 26 subsection (c).
- 27 (c) Revenue raised from a tax under this section may be used  
 28 only for the following purposes:
- 29 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or  
 30 equip:
- 31 (A) jail facilities;  
 32 (B) juvenile court, detention, and probation facilities;  
 33 (C) other criminal justice facilities; and  
 34 (D) related buildings and parking facilities;  
 35 located in the county, including costs related to the demolition  
 36 of existing buildings and the acquisition of land.
- 37 (2) To repay bonds issued or leases entered into for the  
 38 purposes described in subdivision (1).
- 39 (3) To operate and maintain jail facilities described in  
 40 subdivision (1)(A) but only after the purposes described in  
 41 subdivision (1) are completed and any bonds issued or leases  
 42 entered into under subdivision (2) are fully paid.



1 (d) The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding  
2 bonds) or a lease entered into under this section may not exceed  
3 twenty (20) years.

4 (e) Money accumulated from a tax under this section that  
5 remains after the tax imposed by this section is terminated shall be  
6 transferred to the county highway fund to be used for construction,  
7 resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of county highways,  
8 roads, and bridges.

9 Sec. 9. (a) This section applies only to Hancock County.

10 (b) The county fiscal body may, by ordinance, allocate part of  
11 the tax imposed under this section not to exceed an amount equal  
12 to a tax rate of fifteen hundredths percent (0.15%) to a property  
13 tax credit against the property tax liability imposed for public  
14 libraries in the county, if all territory in the county is included in  
15 a library district.

16 (c) The amount of property tax replacement credits that each  
17 public library in the county is entitled to receive during a calendar  
18 year under this section equals the lesser of:

19 (1) the product of:

20 (A) the amount of revenue deposited by the county auditor  
21 in the library property tax replacement fund; multiplied  
22 by

23 (B) a fraction described as follows:

24 (i) The numerator of the fraction equals the sum of the  
25 total property taxes that would have been collected by  
26 the public library during the previous calendar year  
27 from taxpayers located within the library district if the  
28 property tax replacement under this section had not been  
29 in effect.

30 (ii) The denominator of the fraction equals the sum of  
31 the total property taxes that would have been collected  
32 during the previous year from taxpayers located within  
33 the county by all public libraries that are eligible to  
34 receive property tax replacement credits under this  
35 section if the property tax replacement under this section  
36 had not been in effect; or

37 (2) the total property taxes that would otherwise be collected  
38 by the public library for the calendar year if the property tax  
39 replacement credit under this section were not in effect.

40 The department of local government finance shall make any  
41 adjustments necessary to account for the expansion of a library  
42 district. However, a public library is eligible to receive property



1 tax replacement credits under this section only if it has entered into  
2 reciprocal borrowing agreements with all other public libraries in  
3 the county. If the total amount of tax revenue deposited by the  
4 county auditor in the library property tax replacement fund for a  
5 calendar year exceeds the total property tax liability that would  
6 otherwise be imposed for public libraries in the county for the  
7 year, the excess must remain in the library property tax  
8 replacement fund and may be used for library property tax  
9 replacement purposes in the following calendar year.

10 (d) A public library receiving property tax replacement credits  
11 under this section shall allocate the credits among each fund for  
12 which a distinct property tax levy is imposed in proportion to the  
13 property taxes levied for each fund.

14 Sec. 10. (a) This section applies only to Howard County.

15 (b) Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to economic  
16 development, and the use of a tax under this section, as needed in  
17 the county, to carry out the purposes of this section, rather than  
18 the use of property taxes, promotes these purposes.

19 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax rate on the adjusted  
20 gross income of local taxpayers that does not exceed twenty-five  
21 hundredths percent (0.25%).

22 (d) Revenues raised from a tax imposed under this section may  
23 be used only for the purposes of funding a property tax credit to  
24 reduce the property tax liability imposed by a county to fund the  
25 county's operation and maintenance of a jail or a juvenile  
26 detention center, or both.

27 (e) The total of all tax credits granted under this section for a  
28 year may not exceed the amount of revenue raised by the tax  
29 imposed under this section. If the amount available in a year for  
30 property tax credits under this section is less than the amount  
31 necessary to provide all the property tax credits authorized by the  
32 adopting body, the county auditor shall reduce the property tax  
33 credits granted to eliminate the excess. The county auditor shall  
34 reduce credits uniformly in proportion to the tax liability incurred  
35 by each taxpayer.

36 (f) The total of all tax credits granted under this section for a  
37 year may not exceed the amount necessary to offset the property  
38 tax liability imposed for the purposes of this section. If the amount  
39 available in a year for property tax credits under this section is  
40 greater than the amount necessary to provide property tax credits  
41 to offset the property tax liability imposed for the purposes of this  
42 section, the county auditor shall retain and apply the excess, as





1 necessary, to provide the property tax credits for the purposes of  
2 this section for the following year.

3 (g) The county auditor shall allocate the amount of revenue  
4 applied as tax credits under this section to the county.

5 Sec. 11. (a) This section applies only to Jackson County.

6 (b) For calendar years ending before January 1, 2024, the  
7 county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted gross income  
8 of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed one-tenth  
9 percent (0.1%).

10 (c) Revenue raised from a tax under this section may be used  
11 only for the purposes of funding the operation and maintenance of  
12 a jail and juvenile detention center opened after July 1, 1998.

13 Sec. 12. (a) This section applies only to Jasper County.

14 (b) The county council may, by ordinance, determine that  
15 additional local income tax revenue is needed in the county to:

16 (1) finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or equip:

17 (A) jail facilities;

18 (B) juvenile court, detention, and probation facilities;

19 (C) other criminal justice facilities; and

20 (D) related buildings and parking facilities;

21 located in the county, including costs related to the demolition  
22 of existing buildings and the acquisition of land; and

23 (2) repay bonds issued or leases entered into for the purposes  
24 described in subdivision (1).

25 (c) The county council may, by ordinance, determine that  
26 additional local income tax revenue is also needed in the county to  
27 operate or maintain any of the facilities described in subsection  
28 (b)(1)(A) through (b)(1)(D) that are located in the county. The  
29 county council may make a determination under both this  
30 subsection and subsection (b).

31 (d) The county council may impose a tax rate of:

32 (1) fifteen-hundredths percent (0.15%);

33 (2) two-tenths percent (0.2%); or

34 (3) twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%);

35 on the adjusted gross income of county taxpayers if the adopting  
36 body makes a finding and determination set forth in subsection (b)  
37 or (c).

38 (e) If the county council imposes the tax under this section to  
39 pay for the purposes described in both subsections (b) and (c),  
40 when:

41 (1) the financing, construction, acquisition, improvement,  
42 renovation, and equipping described in subsection (b) are



- 1           **completed; and**
- 2           **(2) all bonds issued or leases entered into to finance the**
- 3           **construction, acquisition, improvement, renovation, and**
- 4           **equipping described in subsection (b) are fully paid;**
- 5           **the county council shall, subject to subsection (d), establish a tax**
- 6           **rate under this section by ordinance such that the revenue from the**
- 7           **tax does not exceed the costs of operating and maintaining the jail**
- 8           **facilities described in subsection (b)(1)(A). The tax rate may not be**
- 9           **imposed at a rate greater than is necessary to carry out the**
- 10           **purposes described in subsections (b) and (c), as applicable.**
- 11           **(f) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only**
- 12           **until the latest of the following:**
- 13           **(1) The date on which the financing, construction, acquisition,**
- 14           **improvement, renovation, and equipping described in**
- 15           **subsection (b) are completed.**
- 16           **(2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued or leases**
- 17           **entered into to finance the construction, acquisition,**
- 18           **improvement, renovation, and equipping described in**
- 19           **subsection (b) are fully paid.**
- 20           **(3) The date on which an ordinance adopted under subsection**
- 21           **(c) is rescinded.**
- 22           **(g) The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding**
- 23           **bonds) or a lease entered into under subsection (b)(2) may not**
- 24           **exceed twenty (20) years.**
- 25           **(h) The county treasurer shall establish a criminal justice**
- 26           **facilities revenue fund to be used only for purposes described in**
- 27           **this section. Revenue derived from the tax imposed under this**
- 28           **section shall be deposited in the criminal justice facilities revenue**
- 29           **fund.**
- 30           **(i) Revenue derived from the tax imposed under this section:**
- 31           **(1) may be used only for the purposes described in this**
- 32           **section;**
- 33           **(2) may not be considered by the department of local**
- 34           **government finance in determining the county's maximum**
- 35           **permissible property tax levy limit under IC 6-1.1-18.5; and**
- 36           **(3) may be pledged to the repayment of bonds issued or leases**
- 37           **entered into for any or all the purposes described in**
- 38           **subsection (b).**
- 39           **(j) Notwithstanding any other law, money remaining in the**
- 40           **criminal justice facilities revenue fund established under**
- 41           **subsection (h) after the tax imposed by this section is terminated**
- 42           **under subsection (f) shall be transferred to the county highway**



1 fund to be used for construction, resurfacing, restoration, and  
2 rehabilitation of county highways, roads, and bridges.

3 Sec. 13. (a) This section applies only to Knox County.

4 (b) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
5 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
6 the lesser of the following:

7 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).

8 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
9 this section.

10 (c) Revenue from a tax under this section may be used only for  
11 the following purposes:

12 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, and equip the county jail.

13 (2) To repay bonds issued or leases entered into for  
14 constructing, acquiring, and equipping the county jail.

15 Sec. 14. (a) This section applies only to Marshall County.

16 (b) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
17 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
18 the lesser of the following:

19 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).

20 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
21 subsection (c).

22 (c) Revenue raised from a tax under this section may be used  
23 only for the following purposes:

24 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or  
25 equip:

26 (A) jail facilities;

27 (B) juvenile court, detention, and probation facilities;

28 (C) other criminal justice facilities; and

29 (D) related buildings and parking facilities;

30 located in the county, including costs related to the demolition  
31 of existing buildings and the acquisition of land.

32 (2) Repay bonds issued or leases entered into for the purposes  
33 described in subdivision (1).

34 (d) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only  
35 until the last of the following dates:

36 (1) The date on which the purposes described in subsection  
37 (c)(1) are completed.

38 (2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued (including  
39 any refunding bonds) or leases described in subsection (c)(2)  
40 are fully paid.

41 The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a  
42 lease entered into under subsection (c)(2) may not exceed twenty



1 (20) years.

2 (e) Money accumulated from the tax under this section after the  
3 tax imposed by this section is terminated shall be transferred to the  
4 county highway fund to be used for construction, resurfacing,  
5 restoration, and rehabilitation of county highways, roads, and  
6 bridges.

7 **Sec. 15. (a) This section applies only to Miami County.**

8 (b) Miami County possesses unique economic development  
9 challenges due to:

10 (1) underemployment in relation to similarly situated  
11 counties; and

12 (2) the presence of a United States government military base  
13 or other military installation that is completely or partially  
14 inactive or closed.

15 Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to economic  
16 development, and the use of a tax under this section to pay any  
17 bonds issued or leases entered into to carry out the purposes of this  
18 section rather than use of property taxes promotes these purposes.

19 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax rate on the adjusted  
20 gross income of local taxpayers that is the lesser of the following:

21 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).

22 (2) The rate necessary to pay the costs of financing,  
23 constructing, acquiring, renovating, and equipping a county  
24 jail.

25 (d) Revenue raised from a tax imposed under this section may  
26 be used only for the purposes of paying the costs of financing,  
27 constructing, acquiring, renovating, and equipping a county jail,  
28 including the repayment of bonds issued, or leases entered into, for  
29 financing, constructing, acquiring, renovating, and equipping a  
30 county jail.

31 **Sec. 16. (a) This section applies only to Monroe County.**

32 (b) Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to economic  
33 development, and the use of a tax under this section, as needed in  
34 the county, to carry out the purposes of this section, rather than  
35 the use of property taxes, promotes these purposes.

36 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax rate on the adjusted  
37 gross income of local taxpayers that does not exceed twenty-five  
38 hundredths percent (0.25%).

39 (d) Revenues raised from a tax imposed under this section may  
40 be used only for the purposes of funding a property tax credit to  
41 reduce the property tax liability imposed by a county to fund the  
42 operation and maintenance of a juvenile detention center and other



1 facilities to provide juvenile services.

2 (e) The total of all tax credits granted under this section for a  
3 year may not exceed the amount of revenue raised by the tax  
4 imposed under this section. If the amount available in a year for  
5 property tax credits under this section is less than the amount  
6 necessary to provide all the property tax credits authorized by the  
7 adopting body, the county auditor shall reduce the property tax  
8 credits granted to eliminate the excess. The county auditor shall  
9 reduce credits uniformly in proportion to the tax liability incurred  
10 by each taxpayer.

11 (f) The total of all tax credits granted under this section for a  
12 year may not exceed the amount necessary to offset the property  
13 tax liability imposed for the purposes of this section. If the amount  
14 available in a year for property tax credits under this section is  
15 greater than the amount necessary to provide property tax credits  
16 to offset the property tax liability imposed for the purposes of this  
17 section, the county auditor shall retain and apply the excess, as  
18 necessary, to provide the property tax credits for the purposes of  
19 this section for the following year.

20 (g) The county auditor shall allocate the amount of revenue  
21 applied as tax credits under this section to the county.

22 Sec. 17. (a) This section applies only to Perry County.

23 (b) Perry County possesses unique governmental and economic  
24 development challenges due to:

- 25 (1) underemployment in relation to similarly situated counties  
26 and the loss of a major manufacturing business; and  
27 (2) overcrowding of the county jail, the costs associated with  
28 housing the county's inmates outside the county, and the  
29 potential unavailability of additional housing for inmates  
30 outside the county.

31 The use of a tax under this section is necessary for the county to  
32 provide adequate jail capacity in the county and to maintain low  
33 property tax rates essential to economic development. The use of  
34 a tax under this section for the purposes described in this section  
35 promotes these purposes.

36 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
37 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
38 the lesser of the following:

- 39 (1) Five-tenths percent (0.5%).  
40 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
41 this section.

42 (d) Revenue from a tax imposed under this section may be used



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only for the following purposes:

(1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, remodel, or equip the county jail and related buildings and parking facilities, including costs related to the demolition of existing buildings, the acquisition of land, and any other reasonably related costs.

(2) To repay bonds issued or leases entered into for constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, remodeling, and equipping the county jail and related buildings and parking facilities, including costs related to the demolition of existing buildings, the acquisition of land, and any other reasonably related costs.

(e) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only until the last of the following dates:

(1) The date on which the purposes described in subsection (d)(1) are completed.

(2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or leases described in subsection (d)(2) are fully paid.

The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a lease entered into under subsection (d)(2) may not exceed twenty-five (25) years.

(f) Funds accumulated from a tax under this section after:

(1) the redemption of the bonds issued; or

(2) the final payment of lease rentals due under a lease entered into under this section;

shall be transferred to the county highway fund to be used for construction, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of county highways, roads, and bridges.

Sec. 18. (a) This section applies only to Pulaski County.

(b) For calendar years beginning before January 1, 2021, the county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed three-tenths percent (0.3%).

(c) Revenue from a tax imposed under this section may be used only for the purposes of paying the costs of operating and maintaining a jail and justice center.

Sec. 19. (a) This section applies only to Randolph County.

(b) Randolph County possesses:

(1) unique fiscal challenges to finance the operations of county government due to the county's ongoing obligation to repay amounts received by the county due to an overpayment of the



- 1 county's certified distribution under IC 6-3.5-1.1-9 (before its  
2 repeal) for a prior year; and  
3 (2) unique capital financing needs related to the purposes  
4 described in this section.
- 5 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
6 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
7 the lesser of the following:
- 8 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).  
9 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
10 this section.
- 11 (d) Revenues from a tax under this section may be used only for  
12 the following purposes:
- 13 (1) Financing, constructing, acquiring, renovating, and  
14 equipping the county courthouse, and financing and  
15 renovating the former county hospital for additional office  
16 space, educational facilities, nonsecure juvenile facilities, and  
17 other county functions, including the repayment of bonds  
18 issued, or leases entered into, for constructing, acquiring,  
19 renovating, and equipping the county courthouse and for  
20 renovating the former county hospital for additional office  
21 space, educational facilities, nonsecure juvenile facilities, and  
22 other county functions.
- 23 (2) Financing, constructing, acquiring, renovating, and  
24 equipping buildings for a volunteer fire department (as  
25 defined in IC 36-8-12-2) that provides services in any part of  
26 the county.
- 27 (3) Financing, constructing, acquiring, and renovating  
28 firefighting apparatus or other related equipment for a  
29 volunteer fire department (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2) that  
30 provides services in any part of the county.
- 31 **Sec. 20. (a) This section applies only to Scott County.**
- 32 **(b) Scott County is a county in which:**
- 33 (1) maintaining low property tax rates is essential to economic  
34 development; and  
35 (2) the use of additional tax revenues as provided in this  
36 section, rather than the use of property taxes, to fund:
- 37 (A) the financing, construction, acquisition, improvement,  
38 renovation, equipping, operation, or maintenance of jail  
39 facilities; and  
40 (B) the repayment of bonds issued or leases entered into  
41 for the purposes described in clause (A), except operation  
42 or maintenance;



- 1 promotes the purpose of maintaining low property tax rates.  
 2 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax rate on the adjusted  
 3 gross income of local taxpayers that is the lesser of the following:  
 4 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).  
 5 (2) The rate necessary to pay the costs of financing,  
 6 constructing, acquiring, renovating, and equipping the  
 7 facilities described in subsection (d).  
 8 (d) Revenues raised under this section may be used only for the  
 9 following purposes:  
 10 (1) The financing, construction, acquisition, improvement,  
 11 renovation, equipping, operation, or maintenance of jail  
 12 facilities.  
 13 (2) The repayment of bonds issued or leases entered into for  
 14 the purposes described in subdivision (1), except operation or  
 15 maintenance.  
 16 **Sec. 21. (a) This section applies only to Starke County.**  
 17 (b) Starke County possesses unique governmental and economic  
 18 development challenges due to:  
 19 (1) the county's predominantly rural geography, demography,  
 20 and economy;  
 21 (2) the county's relatively low tax base and relatively high  
 22 property tax rates;  
 23 (3) the current maximum capacity of the county jail, which  
 24 was constructed in 1976; and  
 25 (4) pending federal class action litigation seeking a mandate  
 26 to address capacity and living conditions in the county jail.  
 27 The use of a tax under this section is necessary for the county to  
 28 address jail capacity and appropriate inmate living conditions and  
 29 to maintain low property tax rates essential to economic  
 30 development. The use of a tax under this section for the purposes  
 31 described in this section promotes these purposes.  
 32 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
 33 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
 34 the lesser of the following:  
 35 (1) Sixty-five hundredths percent (0.65%).  
 36 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
 37 this section.  
 38 (d) Revenue from a tax under this section may be used only for  
 39 the following purposes:  
 40 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, and equip the county jail  
 41 and related buildings and parking facilities, including costs  
 42 related to the demolition of existing buildings, the acquisition





1 of land, and any other reasonably related costs.

2 (2) To repay bonds issued or leases entered into for  
3 constructing, acquiring, and equipping the county jail and  
4 related buildings and parking facilities, including costs related  
5 to the demolition of existing buildings, the acquisition of land,  
6 and any other reasonably related costs.

7 (e) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only  
8 until the last of the following dates:

9 (1) The date on which the purposes described in subsection  
10 (d)(1) are completed.

11 (2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued (including  
12 any refunding bonds) or leases described in subsection (d)(2)  
13 are fully paid.

14 The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a  
15 lease entered into under subsection (d)(2) may not exceed  
16 twenty-five (25) years.

17 Sec. 22. (a) This section applies only to Union County.

18 (b) Union County possesses unique economic development  
19 challenges due to:

20 (1) the county's heavy agricultural base;

21 (2) the presence of a large amount of state owned property in  
22 the county that is exempt from property taxation; and

23 (3) recent obligations of the school corporation in the county  
24 that have already increased property taxes in the county and  
25 imposed additional property tax burdens on the county's  
26 agricultural base.

27 Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to economic  
28 development. The use of a tax under this section for the purposes  
29 described in this section, rather than the use of property taxes,  
30 promotes these purposes.

31 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
32 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
33 the lesser of the following:

34 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).

35 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
36 this section.

37 (d) Revenue raised from a tax under this section may be used  
38 only for the following purposes:

39 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or equip  
40 the county courthouse.

41 (2) To repay bonds issued, or leases entered into, for  
42 constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, and equipping



1           the county courthouse.

2           (e) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only

3 until the last of the following dates:

4           (1) The date on which the purposes described in subsection

5           (d)(1) are completed.

6           (2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued (including

7           any refunding bonds) or leases described in subsection (d)(2)

8           are fully paid.

9           The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a

10          lease entered into under subsection (d)(2) may not exceed

11          twenty-two (22) years.

12          (f) Funds accumulated from a tax under this section after:

13               (1) the redemption of the bonds issued; or

14               (2) the final payment of lease rentals due under a lease

15               entered into under this section;

16          shall be transferred to the county highway fund to be used for

17          construction, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of county

18          highways, roads, and bridges.

19          Sec. 23. (a) This section applies only to Wayne County.

20          (b) Wayne County possesses unique economic development

21          challenges due to underemployment in relation to similarly

22          situated counties. Maintaining low property tax rates is essential

23          to economic development, and the use of a tax under this section to

24          pay any bonds issued or leases entered into to carry out the

25          purposes of this section, rather than the use of property taxes,

26          promotes these purposes.

27          (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted

28          gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed

29          twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).

30          (d) Revenue raised from a tax under this section may be used

31          only for the following purposes:

32               (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or equip

33               the county jail and related buildings and parking facilities,

34               including costs related to the demolition of existing buildings

35               and the acquisition of land.

36               (2) To repay bonds issued, or leases entered into, for

37               constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, and equipping

38               the county jail and related buildings and parking facilities,

39               including costs related to the demolition of existing buildings

40               and the acquisition of land.

41          (e) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only

42          until the later of the date on which the financing, acquisition,



1 improvement, renovation, and equipping described in this section  
 2 are completed or the date on which the last of any bonds issued or  
 3 leases entered into to finance the construction, acquisition,  
 4 improvement, renovation, and equipping described in this section  
 5 are fully paid. The term of the bonds issued (including any  
 6 refunding bonds) or a lease entered into under this section may not  
 7 exceed twenty (20) years.

8 (f) Notwithstanding any other law, funds accumulated from the  
 9 tax imposed under this section after:

10 (1) the redemption of bonds issued; or

11 (2) the final payment of lease rentals due under a lease  
 12 entered into under this section;

13 shall be transferred to the county highway fund to be used for  
 14 construction, resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation of county  
 15 highways, roads, and bridges.

16 Sec. 24. (a) This section applies only to a county that is a  
 17 member of a regional development authority under IC 36-7.6.

18 (b) The adopting body for the county may impose a tax rate on  
 19 the adjusted gross income tax of local taxpayers that is not greater  
 20 than:

21 (1) in the case of a county described in IC 36-7.6-4-2(b)(2),  
 22 twenty-five thousandths of one percent (0.025%); or

23 (2) in the case of any other county to which this section  
 24 applies, five-hundredths of one percent (0.05%).

25 (c) The revenue from a tax under this section may be used only  
 26 for the purpose of transferring the revenue in the regional  
 27 development authority under IC 36-7.6.

28 Sec. 25. (a) This section applies only to a county that:

29 (1) operates a county jail that is subject to an order that:

30 (A) was issued by a federal district court before January 1,  
 31 2003; and

32 (B) has not been terminated;

33 (2) operates a county jail that fails to meet:

34 (A) American Correctional Association Jail Construction  
 35 Standards; and

36 (B) Indiana jail operation standards adopted by the  
 37 department of correction; and

38 (3) has insufficient revenue to finance the construction,  
 39 acquisition, improvement, renovation, and equipping of a  
 40 county jail and related buildings and parking facilities.

41 (b) A county described in subsection (a) possesses unique  
 42 economic development challenges due to underemployment in



1 relation to similarly situated counties. Maintaining low property  
 2 tax rates is essential to economic development. The use of a tax  
 3 under this section for the purposes of this section, rather than the  
 4 use of property taxes, promotes these purposes.

5 (c) For purposes of this section, "county jail" includes any other  
 6 penal facility that is:

7 (1) located in; and

8 (2) operated by;

9 the county.

10 (d) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
 11 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
 12 the lesser of the following:

13 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).

14 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
 15 this section.

16 (e) Revenue from a tax under this section may be used only for  
 17 the following purposes:

18 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, or equip  
 19 a county jail and related buildings and parking facilities,  
 20 including costs related to the demolition of existing buildings  
 21 and the acquisition of land.

22 (2) To repay bonds issued or leases entered into for  
 23 constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, and equipping  
 24 the county jail and related buildings and parking facilities,  
 25 including costs related to the demolition of existing buildings  
 26 and the acquisition of land.

27 (f) The tax imposed under this section may be imposed only  
 28 until the last of the following dates:

29 (1) The date on which the purposes described in subsection  
 30 (e)(1) are completed.

31 (2) The date on which the last of any bonds issued (including  
 32 any refunding bonds) or leases described in subsection (e)(2)  
 33 are fully paid.

34 The term of the bonds issued (including any refunding bonds) or a  
 35 lease entered into under subsection (e)(2) may not exceed thirty  
 36 (30) years.

37 (g) Funds accumulated from the tax under this section after:

38 (1) the redemption of bonds issued; or

39 (2) the final payment of lease rentals due under a lease  
 40 entered into under this section;

41 shall be transferred to the county general fund.

42 Sec. 26. (a) This section applies to a county that:



- 1 (1) operates a courthouse that is subject to an order that:  
 2 (A) is issued by a federal district court;  
 3 (B) applies to an action commenced before January 1,  
 4 2003; and  
 5 (C) requires the county to comply with the federal  
 6 Americans with Disabilities Act; and  
 7 (2) has insufficient revenues to finance the construction,  
 8 acquisition, improvement, renovation, equipping, and  
 9 operation of the courthouse facilities and related facilities.

10 (b) A county described in this section possesses unique fiscal  
 11 challenges in financing, renovating, equipping, and operating the  
 12 county courthouse facilities and related facilities because the  
 13 county consistently has one (1) of the highest unemployment rates  
 14 in Indiana. Maintaining low property tax rates is essential to  
 15 economic development in the county. The use of a tax under this  
 16 section for the purposes of this section promotes these purposes.

17 (c) The county fiscal body may impose a tax on the adjusted  
 18 gross income of local taxpayers at a tax rate that does not exceed  
 19 the lesser of the following:

- 20 (1) Twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%).  
 21 (2) The rate necessary to carry out the purposes described in  
 22 this section.

23 (d) Revenue from a tax under this section may be used only for  
 24 the following purposes:

- 25 (1) To finance, construct, acquire, improve, renovate, equip,  
 26 or operate the county courthouse or related facilities.  
 27 (2) To repay bonds issued or leases entered into for  
 28 constructing, acquiring, improving, renovating, equipping, or  
 29 operating the county courthouse or related facilities.  
 30 (3) To pay for economic development projects described in the  
 31 county's capital improvement plan.

32 (e) Funds accumulated from a tax under this section or any  
 33 other revenues of the county may be deposited into a nonreverting  
 34 fund of the county to be used for operating costs of the courthouse  
 35 facilities, juvenile detention facilities, or related facilities.

36 Sec. 27. (a) This section applies only to an eligible county, as  
 37 defined in IC 8-25-1-4.

38 (b) If the voters of the county approve a local public question  
 39 under IC 8-25-2, the fiscal body of the county may adopt an  
 40 ordinance to provide for the use of local income tax revenues  
 41 attributable to an additional tax rate imposed under this subsection  
 42 to fund a public transportation project under IC 8-25. However, a



1 county fiscal body shall adopt an ordinance under this subsection  
 2 if required by IC 8-25-6-10 to impose an additional tax rate on the  
 3 county taxpayers who reside in a township in which the voters  
 4 approve a public transportation project in a local public question  
 5 held under IC 8-25-6. An ordinance adopted under this subsection  
 6 must specify an additional tax rate to be imposed in the county (or  
 7 township in the case of an additional rate required by IC 8-25-6-10)  
 8 of at least one-tenth percent (0.1%), but not more than twenty-five  
 9 hundredths percent (0.25%). If an ordinance is adopted under this  
 10 subsection, the amount of the certified distribution attributable to  
 11 the additional tax rate imposed under this subsection must be:

- 12 (1) retained by the county auditor;
- 13 (2) deposited in the county public transportation project fund  
 14 established under IC 8-25-3-7; and
- 15 (3) used for the purpose provided in this subsection instead of  
 16 as a property tax replacement distribution.

#### 17 Chapter 8. Administration of Tax

18 Sec. 1. If for any taxable year a local taxpayer is subject to  
 19 different tax rates for the tax imposed by a particular county, the  
 20 taxpayer's tax rate for that county and that taxable year is the rate  
 21 determined in the last STEP of the following STEPS:

- 22 STEP ONE: For each tax rate in effect in a year, multiply:
- 23 (A) the number of months in the taxpayer's taxable year in  
 24 which the rate is in effect; by
  - 25 (B) the rate.
- 26 STEP TWO: Divide:
- 27 (A) the sum of the amounts determined under STEP ONE;
  - 28 by
  - 29 (B) twelve (12).

30 Sec. 2. If the tax is not in effect during a local taxpayer's entire  
 31 taxable year, the amount of tax that the local taxpayer owes for  
 32 that taxable year equals the product of:

- 33 (1) the amount of tax the local taxpayer would owe if the tax  
 34 had been imposed during the local taxpayer's entire taxable  
 35 year; multiplied by
- 36 (2) a fraction equal to:
  - 37 (A) the number of days in the local taxpayer's taxable year  
 38 during which the tax was in effect; divided by
  - 39 (B) the total number of days in the local taxpayer's taxable  
 40 year.

41 However, if the taxpayer files state income tax returns on a  
 42 calendar year basis, the fraction to be applied under this section is



- 1 one-half (1/2).  
 2 **Sec. 3. (a) For purposes of this article, an individual shall be**  
 3 **treated as a resident of the county in which the individual:**  
 4 (1) maintains a home, if the individual maintains only one (1)  
 5 home in Indiana;  
 6 (2) if subdivision (1) does not apply, is registered to vote;  
 7 (3) if subdivision (1) or (2) does not apply, registers the  
 8 individual's personal automobile; or  
 9 (4) spent the majority of the individual's time in Indiana  
 10 during the taxable year in question, if subdivision (1), (2), or  
 11 (3) does not apply.  
 12 (b) The residence or principal place of business or employment  
 13 of an individual is to be determined on January 1 of the calendar  
 14 year in which the individual's taxable year commences. If an  
 15 individual changes the location of the individual's residence or  
 16 principal place of employment or business to another county in  
 17 Indiana during a calendar year, the individual's liability for tax is  
 18 not affected.  
 19 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), if an individual becomes a  
 20 local taxpayer for purposes of IC 36-7-27 during a calendar year  
 21 because the individual:  
 22 (1) changes the location of the individual's residence to a  
 23 county in which the individual begins employment or business  
 24 at a qualified economic development tax project (as defined in  
 25 IC 36-7-27-9); or  
 26 (2) changes the location of the individual's principal place of  
 27 employment or business to a qualified economic development  
 28 tax project and does not reside in another county in which a  
 29 tax is in effect;  
 30 the individual's adjusted gross income attributable to employment  
 31 or business at the qualified economic development tax project is  
 32 taxable only by the county containing the qualified economic  
 33 development tax project.  
 34 **Sec. 4. (a) Using procedures provided under this chapter, the**  
 35 **adopting body of any adopting county may pass an ordinance to**  
 36 **enter into reciprocity agreements with the taxing authority of any**  
 37 **city, town, municipality, county, or other similar local**  
 38 **governmental entity of any other state. The reciprocity agreements**  
 39 **must provide that the income of resident local taxpayers is exempt**  
 40 **from income taxation by the other local governmental entity to the**  
 41 **extent income of the residents of the other local governmental**  
 42 **entity is exempt from the tax in the adopting county.**



1 (b) A reciprocity agreement adopted under this section may not  
 2 become effective until it is also made effective in the other local  
 3 governmental entity that is a party to the agreement.

4 (c) The form and effective date of any reciprocity agreement  
 5 described in this section must be approved by the department.

6 Sec. 5. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) and  
 7 the other provisions of this article, all provisions of the adjusted  
 8 gross income tax law (IC 6-3) concerning:

9 (1) definitions;

10 (2) declarations of estimated tax;

11 (3) filing of returns;

12 (4) deductions or exemptions from adjusted gross income;

13 (5) remittances;

14 (6) incorporation of the provisions of the Internal Revenue  
 15 Code;

16 (7) penalties and interest; and

17 (8) exclusion of military pay credits for withholding;  
 18 apply to the imposition, collection, and administration of the tax  
 19 imposed by this article.

20 (b) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(6), IC 6-3-3-3, IC 6-3-3-5, and IC 6-3-5-1 do  
 21 not apply to the tax imposed by this article.

22 (c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), each employer shall  
 23 report to the department of state revenue the amount of  
 24 withholdings attributable to each county. This report shall be  
 25 submitted to the department of state revenue:

26 (1) each time the employer remits to the department the tax  
 27 that is withheld; and

28 (2) annually along with the employer's annual withholding  
 29 report.

30 Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), if for a  
 31 particular taxable year a local taxpayer is liable for an income tax  
 32 imposed by a county, city, town, or other local governmental entity  
 33 located outside Indiana, that local taxpayer is entitled to a credit  
 34 against the tax liability imposed under this article for that same  
 35 taxable year. The amount of the credit equals the amount of tax  
 36 imposed by the other governmental entity on income derived from  
 37 sources outside Indiana and subject to the tax imposed under this  
 38 article. However, the credit provided by this section may not  
 39 reduce a local taxpayer's tax liability to an amount less than would  
 40 have been owed if the income subject to taxation by the other  
 41 governmental entity had been ignored.

42 (b) The credit provided by this section does not apply to a local





1 taxpayer to the extent that the other governmental entity provides  
 2 for a credit to the taxpayer for the amount of taxes owed under this  
 3 article.

4 (c) To claim the credit provided by this section, a local taxpayer  
 5 must provide the department with satisfactory evidence that the  
 6 taxpayer is entitled to the credit.

7 Sec. 7. In the case of a local taxpayer who is a resident of Perry  
 8 County, the term "adjusted gross income" does not include  
 9 adjusted gross income that is:

10 (1) earned in a county that is:

11 (A) located in another state; and

12 (B) adjacent to the county in which the taxpayer resides;  
 13 and

14 (2) subject to an income tax imposed by a county, city, town,  
 15 or other local governmental entity in the other state.

16 Sec. 8. (a) If for a particular taxable year a local taxpayer is, or  
 17 a local taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse who file a joint return  
 18 are, allowed a credit for the elderly or individuals with a total  
 19 disability under Section 22 of the Internal Revenue Code, the local  
 20 taxpayer is, or the local taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse are,  
 21 entitled to a credit against the tax liability imposed under this  
 22 article for that same taxable year. The amount of the credit equals  
 23 the lesser of:

24 (1) the product of:

25 (A) the credit for the elderly or individuals with a total  
 26 disability for that same taxable year; multiplied by

27 (B) a fraction equal to:

- 28 (i) the tax rate imposed against the local taxpayer, or the  
 29 local taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse; divided by  
 30 (ii) fifteen-hundredths (0.15); or

31 (2) the amount of tax imposed on the local taxpayer, or the  
 32 local taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse.

33 (b) If a local taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse file a joint  
 34 return and are subject to different tax rates for the same taxable  
 35 year, they must compute the credit under this section by using the  
 36 formula provided by subsection (a), except that they must use the  
 37 average of the two (2) tax rates imposed against them as the  
 38 numerator referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B).

39 Chapter 9. Distribution of Revenue

40 Sec. 1. (a) A trust account within the state general fund shall be  
 41 established for each county that imposes a tax. Any revenue  
 42 derived from the imposition of the tax by a county shall be



1 deposited in that county's trust account in the state general fund.

2 (b) Any income earned on money held in a trust account under  
3 subsection (a) becomes a part of that trust account.

4 (c) Any revenue remaining in a trust account established under  
5 subsection (a) at the end of a fiscal year does not revert to the state  
6 general fund.

7 Sec. 2. The budget agency shall before May 1 of every  
8 odd-numbered year publish an estimate of the statewide total  
9 amount of certified distributions to be made under this article  
10 during the following two (2) calendar years.

11 Sec. 3. The budget agency shall before May 1 of every  
12 even-numbered year publish an estimate of the statewide total  
13 amount of certified distributions to be made under this article  
14 during the following calendar year.

15 Sec. 4. Revenue derived from the imposition of the tax shall, in  
16 the manner prescribed by this chapter, be distributed to the county  
17 that imposed it. The amount that is to be distributed to a county  
18 during an ensuing calendar year equals the amount of tax revenue  
19 that the budget agency determines has been:

20 (1) received from that county for a taxable year ending in a  
21 calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the  
22 determination is made; and

23 (2) reported on an annual return or amended return  
24 processed by the department in the state fiscal year ending  
25 before July 1 of the calendar year in which the determination  
26 is made;

27 as adjusted for refunds of tax made in the state fiscal year.

28 Sec. 5. (a) Before August 2 of each calendar year, the budget  
29 agency shall provide to the department of local government finance  
30 and the county auditor of each adopting county an estimate of the  
31 amount determined under section 4 of this chapter that will be  
32 distributed to the county, based on known tax rates. Not later than  
33 fifteen (15) days after receiving the estimate of the certified  
34 distribution, the department of local government finance shall  
35 determine for each taxing unit and notify the county auditor of the  
36 estimated amount of property tax credits, school distributions,  
37 public safety revenue, economic development revenue, certified  
38 shares, and special purpose revenue that will be distributed to the  
39 taxing unit under this chapter during the ensuing calendar year.  
40 Not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the department's  
41 estimate, the county auditor shall notify each taxing unit of the  
42 amounts estimated for the taxing unit.



1           **(b) Before October 1 of each calendar year, the budget agency**  
 2 **shall certify to the department of local government finance and the**  
 3 **county auditor of each adopting county:**

4           **(1) the amount determined under section 4 of this chapter;**  
 5 **and**

6           **(2) the amount of interest in the county's account that has**  
 7 **accrued and has not been included in a certification made in**  
 8 **a preceding year.**

9           **The amount certified is the county's certified distribution for the**  
 10 **immediately succeeding calendar year. The amount certified shall**  
 11 **be adjusted, as necessary, under sections 6, 7, and 8 of this chapter.**  
 12 **Not later than fifteen (15) days after receiving the amount of the**  
 13 **certified distribution, the department of local government finance**  
 14 **shall determine for each taxing unit and notify the county auditor**  
 15 **of the certified amount of property tax credits, school distributions,**  
 16 **public safety revenue, economic development revenue, certified**  
 17 **shares, and special purpose revenue that will be distributed to the**  
 18 **taxing unit under this chapter during the ensuing calendar year.**  
 19 **Not later than thirty (30) days after receiving the department's**  
 20 **estimate, the county auditor shall notify each taxing unit of the**  
 21 **certified amounts for the taxing unit.**

22           **Sec. 6. The budget agency shall certify an amount less than the**  
 23 **amount determined under section 5(b) of this chapter if the budget**  
 24 **agency determines that the reduced distribution is necessary to**  
 25 **offset overpayments made in a calendar year before the calendar**  
 26 **year of the distribution. The budget agency may reduce the amount**  
 27 **of the certified distribution over several calendar years so that any**  
 28 **overpayments are offset over several years rather than in one (1)**  
 29 **lump sum.**

30           **Sec. 7. The budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution**  
 31 **of a county to correct for any clerical or mathematical errors made**  
 32 **in any previous certification under this section. The budget agency**  
 33 **may reduce the amount of the certified distribution over several**  
 34 **calendar years so that any adjustment under this subsection is**  
 35 **offset over several years rather than in one (1) lump sum.**

36           **Sec. 8. This section applies to a county that imposes, increases,**  
 37 **decreases, or rescinds a tax or tax rate under this article before**  
 38 **November 1 in the same calendar year in which the budget agency**  
 39 **makes a certification under this section. The budget agency shall**  
 40 **adjust the certified distribution of a county to provide for a**  
 41 **distribution in the immediately following calendar year and in each**  
 42 **calendar year thereafter. The budget agency shall provide for a full**



1 transition to certification of distributions as provided in section  
 2 4(1) through 4(2) of this chapter in the manner provided in section  
 3 6 of this chapter. If the county imposes, increases, decreases, or  
 4 rescinds a tax or tax rate under this article after the date for which  
 5 a certification under section 5(b) of this chapter is based, the  
 6 budget agency shall adjust the certified distribution of the county  
 7 after October 1 and before December 1 of the calendar year. The  
 8 adjustment must reflect any other adjustment required under  
 9 sections 6 and 7 of this chapter. The adjusted certification shall be  
 10 treated as the county's certified distribution for the immediately  
 11 succeeding calendar year. The budget agency shall certify the  
 12 adjusted certified distribution to the county auditor for the county  
 13 and provide the county council with an informative summary of  
 14 the calculations that revises the informative summary provided in  
 15 section 9 of this chapter and reflects the changes made in the  
 16 adjustment.

17 **Sec. 9.** The budget agency shall provide the county council with  
 18 an informative summary of the calculations used to determine the  
 19 certified distribution. The summary of calculations must include:

- 20 (1) the amount reported on individual income tax returns
- 21 processed by the department during the previous fiscal year;
- 22 (2) adjustments for over distributions in prior years;
- 23 (3) adjustments for clerical or mathematical errors in prior
- 24 years;
- 25 (4) adjustments for tax rate changes; and
- 26 (5) the amount of excess account balances to be distributed
- 27 under section 15 of this chapter.

28 **Sec. 10.** The budget agency shall also certify information  
 29 concerning the part of the certified distribution that is attributable  
 30 to each of the following:

- 31 (1) The tax rate imposed under IC 6-3.6-5.
- 32 (2) The tax rate imposed under IC 6-3.6-6.
- 33 (3) Each tax rate imposed under IC 6-3.6-7.

34 The amount certified shall be adjusted to reflect any adjustment in  
 35 the certified distribution under this chapter.

36 **Sec. 11.** The information described in sections 9 and 10 of this  
 37 chapter must be certified to the county auditor and to the  
 38 department of local government finance not later than the later of  
 39 the following:

- 40 (1) October 1 of each calendar year.
- 41 (2) Thirty (30) days after the adopting body certifies a new
- 42 rate to the budget agency.



1           **Sec. 12.** One-twelfth (1/12) of each adopting county's certified  
2 distribution for a calendar year shall be distributed from its trust  
3 account established under this chapter to the appropriate county  
4 treasurer on the first regular business day of each month of that  
5 calendar year.

6           **Sec. 13.** All distributions from a trust account established under  
7 this chapter shall be made by warrants issued by the auditor of  
8 state to the treasurer of state ordering the appropriate payments.

9           **Sec. 14.** Before November 2 of each year, the budget agency  
10 shall submit a report to each county auditor indicating the balance  
11 in the county's trust account as of the cutoff date set by the budget  
12 agency.

13           **Sec. 15. (a)** If the budget agency determines that the balance in  
14 a county trust account exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the certified  
15 distributions to be made to the county in the ensuing year, the  
16 budget agency shall make a supplemental distribution to the county  
17 from the county's special account.

18           **(b)** A supplemental distribution described in subsection (a) must  
19 be:

- 20           (1) made in January of the ensuing calendar year; and  
21           (2) allocated in the same manner as certified distributions for  
22 deposit in a civil unit's rainy day fund established under  
23 IC 36-1-8-5.1. However, the part of a supplemental  
24 distribution that is attributable to an additional rate  
25 authorized under this article:

26           **(A)** shall be used for the purpose specified in the statute  
27 authorizing the additional rate; and

28           **(B)** is not required to be deposited in the unit's rainy day  
29 fund.

30           The amount of the supplemental distribution is equal to the  
31 amount by which the balance in the county trust account exceeds  
32 fifty percent (50%) of the certified distributions to be made to the  
33 county in the ensuing year.

34           **(c)** Any income earned on money held in a trust account  
35 established for a county under this chapter shall be deposited in  
36 that trust account.

37           **(d)** A determination under this section must be made before  
38 November 2.

39           **Sec. 16.** Upon receipt, each monthly payment of a county's  
40 certified distribution or supplemental distribution shall be  
41 allocated and distributed to the appropriate entities in accordance  
42 with this article and the allocation ordinances adopted under this



- 1 article.
- 2 **Chapter 10. Permitted Expenditures**
- 3 **Sec. 1. This chapter is not an exhaustive list of the purposes for**
- 4 **which revenue raised under IC 6-3.6-6 may be expended.**
- 5 **Sec. 2. A county may use revenue allocated for economic**
- 6 **development purposes under IC 6-3.6-6-9 for any combination of**
- 7 **the following purposes:**
- 8 (1) To pay all or a part of the interest owed by a private
- 9 developer or user on a loan extended by a financial institution
- 10 or other lender to the developer or user if the proceeds of the
- 11 loan are or are to be used to finance an economic development
- 12 project.
- 13 (2) For the retirement of bonds for economic development
- 14 projects.
- 15 (3) For leases or for leases or bonds entered into or issued
- 16 before the date the county economic development income tax
- 17 (IC 6-3.5-7 repealed) was imposed if the purpose of the lease
- 18 or bonds would have qualified as a purpose under this article
- 19 at the time the lease was entered into or the bonds were
- 20 issued.
- 21 (4) The construction or acquisition of, or remedial action with
- 22 respect to, a capital project for which the unit is empowered
- 23 to issue general obligation bonds or establish a fund under
- 24 any statute listed in IC 6-1.1-18.5-9.8.
- 25 (5) The retirement of bonds issued under any provision of
- 26 Indiana law for a capital project.
- 27 (6) The payment of lease rentals under any statute for a
- 28 capital project.
- 29 (7) Contract payments to a nonprofit corporation whose
- 30 primary corporate purpose is to assist government in
- 31 planning and implementing economic development projects.
- 32 (8) Operating expenses of a governmental entity that plans or
- 33 implements economic development projects.
- 34 (9) Funding of a revolving fund established under
- 35 IC 5-1-14-14.
- 36 (10) For a regional venture capital fund or a local venture
- 37 capital fund.
- 38 **Sec. 3. (a) The fiscal body of a county, city, or town may issue**
- 39 **bonds payable from revenue under IC 6-3.6-6. The bonds must be**
- 40 **for economic development projects.**
- 41 **(b) The fiscal body of a county, city, or town may issue bonds**
- 42 **payable from revenue described in section 2 of this chapter for any**



1 capital project for which the fiscal body is authorized to issue  
 2 general obligation bonds. The bonds issued under this section may  
 3 be payable from the tax if the county option income tax (IC 6-3.5-6  
 4 repealed), the county adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3.5-1.1  
 5 repealed), or a tax under IC 6-3.6-6 is also in effect in the county at  
 6 the time the bonds are issued.

7 (c) If there are bonds outstanding that have been issued under  
 8 this section, or leases in effect under section 4 of this chapter, the  
 9 adopting body may not reduce the tax imposed under IC 6-3.6-6,  
 10 or an allocation under IC 6-3.6-6-9, or certified shares pledged to  
 11 repay bonds, as appropriate, below a rate that would produce one  
 12 and twenty-five hundredths (1.25) times the total of the highest  
 13 annual debt service on the bonds to their final maturity, plus the  
 14 highest annual lease payments, unless:

15 (1) the body that imposed a tax under IC 6-3.6-6; or

16 (2) any city, town, or county;

17 pledges all or a part of its certified shares for the life of the bonds  
 18 or the term of the lease, in an amount that is sufficient, when  
 19 combined with the amount pledged by the city, town, or county  
 20 that issued the bonds, to produce one and twenty-five hundredths  
 21 (1.25) times the total of the highest outstanding annual debt service  
 22 plus the highest annual lease payments.

23 (d) For purposes of subsection (c), the determination of a tax  
 24 rate sufficient to produce one and twenty-five hundredths (1.25)  
 25 times the total of the highest outstanding annual debt service plus  
 26 the highest annual lease payments must be based on an average of  
 27 the immediately preceding three (3) years tax collections, if the tax  
 28 has been imposed for the last preceding three (3) years. If the tax  
 29 has not been imposed for the last preceding three (3) years, the  
 30 body that imposed the tax may not reduce the rate below a rate  
 31 that would produce one and twenty-five hundredths (1.25) times  
 32 the total of the highest annual debt service, plus the highest annual  
 33 lease payments, based upon a study by a qualified public  
 34 accountant or financial advisor.

35 (e) IC 6-1.1-20 does not apply to the issuance of bonds under this  
 36 section.

37 (f) Bonds issued under this section may be sold at a public sale  
 38 in accordance with IC 5-1-11 or may be sold at a negotiated sale.

39 (g) After a sale of bonds under this section, the county auditor  
 40 shall prepare a debt service schedule for the bonds.

41 (h) The general assembly covenants that it will not repeal or  
 42 amend this article in a manner that would adversely affect owners



1 of outstanding bonds issued, or payment of any lease rentals due,  
2 under this section.

3 Sec. 4. (a) A county, city, or town may enter into a lease with a  
4 leasing body (as defined in IC 5-1-1-1) of any property that could  
5 be financed with the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter  
6 with a lessor for a term not to exceed fifty (50) years, and the lease  
7 may provide for payments from revenues described in section 2 of  
8 this chapter, any other revenue available to the unit, or any  
9 combination of these sources.

10 (b) A lease may provide that payments by the unit to the lessor  
11 are required only to the extent and only for the period that the  
12 lessor is able to provide the leased facilities in accordance with the  
13 lease. The terms of each lease must be based upon the value of the  
14 facilities leased and may not create a debt of the unit for purposes  
15 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.

16 (c) A lease may be entered into by the executive of the unit only  
17 after a public hearing at which all interested parties are provided  
18 the opportunity to be heard. After the public hearing, the executive  
19 may approve the execution of the lease on behalf of the unit if the  
20 executive finds that the service to be provided throughout the term  
21 of the lease will serve the public purpose of the unit and is in the  
22 best interests of its residents. Any lease approved by the executive  
23 must also be approved by an ordinance of the fiscal body of the  
24 unit.

25 (d) Upon execution of a lease providing for payments by the unit  
26 in whole or in part from revenues described in section 2 of this  
27 chapter and upon approval of the lease by the unit's fiscal body,  
28 the executive of the unit shall publish notice of the execution of the  
29 lease and its approval in accordance with IC 5-3-1.

30 (e) Except as provided in this section, no approvals of any  
31 governmental body or agency are required before the unit enters  
32 into a lease under this section.

33 (f) An action to contest the validity of the lease under this  
34 section or to enjoin the performance of any of its terms and  
35 conditions must be brought within thirty (30) days after the  
36 publication of the notice of the execution and approval of the lease.

37 (g) If a unit exercises an option to buy a leased facility from a  
38 lessor, the unit may subsequently sell the leased facility, without  
39 regard to any other statute, to the lessor at the end of the lease  
40 term at a price set forth in the lease or at fair market value  
41 established at the time of the sale by the executive of the unit  
42 through auction, appraisal, or arms length negotiation. If the





1 facility is sold at auction, after appraisal, or through negotiation,  
 2 the unit shall conduct a hearing after public notice in accordance  
 3 with IC 5-3-1 before the sale. Any action to contest the sale must be  
 4 brought within fifteen (15) days of the hearing.

5 **Sec. 5.** Notwithstanding any other law, if a civil taxing unit  
 6 desires to issue obligations, or enter into leases, payable wholly or  
 7 in part by the taxes imposed under IC 6-3.6-6 or IC 6-3.6-7 (but not  
 8 IC 6-3.6-5), the obligations of the civil taxing unit or any lessor may  
 9 be sold at public sale in accordance with IC 5-1-11 or at negotiated  
 10 sale.

11 **Sec. 6. (a)** A pledge of revenues from a tax imposed under  
 12 IC 6-3.6-6 or IC 6-3.6-7 (but not IC 6-3.6-5) is enforceable in  
 13 accordance with IC 5-1-14.

14 **(b)** With respect to obligations for which a pledge has been  
 15 made under IC 6-3.6-6 or IC 6-3.6-7 (but not IC 6-3.6-5), the  
 16 general assembly covenants with the county and the purchasers or  
 17 owners of those obligations that this article will not be repealed or  
 18 amended in any manner that will adversely affect the tax collected  
 19 under this article as long as the principal of or interest on those  
 20 obligations is unpaid.

21 **Sec. 7. (a)** The general assembly finds that counties and  
 22 municipalities in Indiana have a need to foster economic  
 23 development, the development of new technology, and industrial  
 24 and commercial growth. The general assembly finds that it is  
 25 necessary and proper to provide an alternative method for counties  
 26 and municipalities to foster the following:

- 27 (1) Economic development.
- 28 (2) The development of new technology.
- 29 (3) Industrial and commercial growth.
- 30 (4) Employment opportunities.
- 31 (5) The diversification of industry and commerce.

32 The fostering of economic development and the development of  
 33 new technology under this section or section 8 of this chapter for  
 34 the benefit of the general public, including industrial and  
 35 commercial enterprises, is a public purpose.

36 **(b)** The fiscal bodies of two (2) or more counties or  
 37 municipalities may, by resolution, do the following:

- 38 (1) Determine that part or all the revenue described in section  
 39 2 of this chapter should be combined to foster:
  - 40 (A) economic development;
  - 41 (B) the development of new technology; and
  - 42 (C) industrial and commercial growth.



- 1           **(2) Establish a regional venture capital fund.**  
 2           **(c) Each unit participating in a regional venture capital fund**  
 3 **established under subsection (b) may deposit the following in the**  
 4 **fund:**  
 5           **(1) Revenues described in section 2 of this chapter.**  
 6           **(2) The proceeds of public or private grants.**  
 7           **(d) A regional venture capital fund shall be administered by a**  
 8 **governing board. The expenses of administering the fund shall be**  
 9 **paid from money in the fund. The governing board shall invest the**  
 10 **money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of**  
 11 **the fund in the same manner as other public money may be**  
 12 **invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall be**  
 13 **deposited into the fund. The fund is subject to an annual audit by**  
 14 **the state board of accounts. The fund must bear the full costs of the**  
 15 **audit.**  
 16           **(e) The fiscal body of each participating unit shall approve an**  
 17 **interlocal agreement created under IC 36-1-7 establishing the**  
 18 **terms for the administration of the regional venture capital fund.**  
 19 **The terms must include the following:**  
 20           **(1) The membership of the governing board.**  
 21           **(2) The amount of each unit's contribution to the fund.**  
 22           **(3) The procedures and criteria under which the governing**  
 23 **board may loan or grant money from the fund.**  
 24           **(4) The procedures for the dissolution of the fund and for the**  
 25 **distribution of money remaining in the fund at the time of the**  
 26 **dissolution.**  
 27           **(f) An interlocal agreement made by the participating units**  
 28 **under subsection (e) must provide that:**  
 29           **(1) each of the participating units is represented by at least**  
 30 **one (1) member of the governing board; and**  
 31           **(2) the membership of the governing board is established on**  
 32 **a bipartisan basis so that the number of the members of the**  
 33 **governing board who are members of one (1) political party**  
 34 **may not exceed the number of members of the governing**  
 35 **board required to establish a quorum.**  
 36           **(g) A majority of the governing board constitutes a quorum, and**  
 37 **the concurrence of a majority of the governing board is necessary**  
 38 **to authorize any action.**  
 39           **(h) An interlocal agreement made by the participating units**  
 40 **under subsection (e) must be submitted to the Indiana economic**  
 41 **development corporation for approval before the participating**  
 42 **units may contribute to the fund.**



1 (i) A majority of members of a governing board of a regional  
2 venture capital fund established under this section must have at  
3 least five (5) years of experience in business, finance, or venture  
4 capital.

5 (j) The governing board of the fund may loan or grant money  
6 from the fund to a private or public entity if the governing board  
7 finds that the loan or grant will be used by the borrower or grantee  
8 for at least one (1) of the following economic development  
9 purposes:

10 (1) To promote significant employment opportunities for the  
11 residents of the units participating in the regional venture  
12 capital fund.

13 (2) To attract a major new business enterprise to a  
14 participating unit.

15 (3) To develop, retain, or expand a significant business  
16 enterprise in a participating unit.

17 (k) The expenditures of a borrower or grantee of money from  
18 a regional venture capital fund that are considered to be for an  
19 economic development purpose include expenditures for any of the  
20 following:

21 (1) Research and development of technology.

22 (2) Job training and education.

23 (3) Acquisition of property interests.

24 (4) Infrastructure improvements.

25 (5) New buildings or structures.

26 (6) Rehabilitation, renovation, or enlargement of buildings or  
27 structures.

28 (7) Machinery, equipment, and furnishings.

29 (8) Funding small business development with respect to:

30 (A) prototype products or processes;

31 (B) marketing studies to determine the feasibility of new  
32 products or processes; or

33 (C) business plans for the development and production of  
34 new products or processes.

35 Sec. 8. (a) The fiscal body of a county or municipality may, by  
36 resolution, establish a local venture capital fund.

37 (b) A unit establishing a local venture capital fund under  
38 subsection (a) may deposit the following in the fund:

39 (1) Revenues described in section 2 of this chapter.

40 (2) The proceeds of public or private grants.

41 (c) A local venture capital fund shall be administered by a  
42 governing board. The expenses of administering the fund shall be



1 paid from money in the fund. The governing board shall invest the  
2 money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of  
3 the fund in the same manner as other public money may be  
4 invested. Interest that accrues from these investments shall be  
5 deposited into the fund. The fund is subject to an annual audit by  
6 the state board of accounts. The fund must bear the full costs of the  
7 audit.

8 (d) The fiscal body of a unit establishing a local venture capital  
9 fund under subsection (a) shall establish the terms for the  
10 administration of the local venture capital fund. The terms must  
11 include the following:

12 (1) The membership of the governing board.

13 (2) The amount of the unit's contribution to the fund.

14 (3) The procedures and criteria under which the governing  
15 board may loan or grant money from the fund.

16 (4) The procedures for the dissolution of the fund and for the  
17 distribution of money remaining in the fund at the time of the  
18 dissolution.

19 (e) A unit establishing a local venture capital fund under  
20 subsection (a) must be represented by at least one (1) member of  
21 the governing board.

22 (f) The membership of the governing board must be established  
23 on a bipartisan basis so that the number of the members of the  
24 governing board who are members of one (1) political party may  
25 not exceed the number of members of the governing board  
26 required to establish a quorum.

27 (g) A majority of the governing board constitutes a quorum, and  
28 the concurrence of a majority of the governing board is necessary  
29 to authorize any action.

30 (h) The terms established under subsection (d) for the  
31 administration of the local venture capital fund must be submitted  
32 to the Indiana economic development corporation for approval  
33 before a unit may contribute to the fund.

34 (i) A majority of members of a governing board of a local  
35 venture capital fund established under this section must have at  
36 least five (5) years of experience in business, finance, or venture  
37 capital.

38 (j) The governing board of the fund may loan or grant money  
39 from the fund to a private or public entity if the governing board  
40 finds that the loan or grant will be used by the borrower or grantee  
41 for at least one (1) of the following economic development  
42 purposes:



- 1           **(1) To promote significant employment opportunities for the**
- 2           **residents of the unit establishing the local venture capital**
- 3           **fund.**
- 4           **(2) To attract a major new business enterprise to the unit.**
- 5           **(3) To develop, retain, or expand a significant business**
- 6           **enterprise in the unit.**
- 7           **(k) The expenditures of a borrower or grantee of money from**
- 8           **a local venture capital fund that are considered to be for an**
- 9           **economic development purpose include expenditures for any of the**
- 10           **following:**
- 11           **(1) Research and development of technology.**
- 12           **(2) Job training and education.**
- 13           **(3) Acquisition of property interests.**
- 14           **(4) Infrastructure improvements.**
- 15           **(5) New buildings or structures.**
- 16           **(6) Rehabilitation, renovation, or enlargement of buildings or**
- 17           **structures.**
- 18           **(7) Machinery, equipment, and furnishings.**
- 19           **(8) Funding small business development with respect to:**
- 20           **(A) prototype products or processes;**
- 21           **(B) marketing studies to determine the feasibility of new**
- 22           **products or processes; or**
- 23           **(C) business plans for the development and production of**
- 24           **new products or processes.**
- 25           **Chapter 11. Supplemental Allocation and Distribution**
- 26           **Requirements**
- 27           **Sec. 1. (a) This section applies to any county that imposed a**
- 28           **former tax to provide for a levy freeze.**
- 29           **(b) The revenue used to offset the levy freeze shall be part of the**
- 30           **tax rate under IC 6-3.6-5.**
- 31           **(c) The levy freeze amount prescribed by the adopting body**
- 32           **shall continue to be applied under this article as it was applied**
- 33           **under the former tax until an adopting body adopts an ordinance:**
- 34           **(1) that fixes the levy freeze amount as of a certain date as**
- 35           **permitted under the former tax; or**
- 36           **(2) provides that the levy freeze no longer applies.**
- 37           **(d) The levy freeze, levy amounts, and income tax distributions**
- 38           **shall be administered in the same manner as under the former tax.**
- 39           **The distributions of income tax shall be made before applying the**
- 40           **property tax credits funded by a tax rate under IC 6-3.6-5.**
- 41           **Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to Jasper County's allocation of**
- 42           **property tax credits provided by a tax rate under IC 6-3.6-5.**



1           **(b) A taxpayer that owns an industrial plant located in Jasper**  
 2 **County is ineligible for a credit under this section against the**  
 3 **property taxes due on the industrial plant if the assessed value of**  
 4 **the industrial plant as of March 1, 2006, exceeds twenty percent**  
 5 **(20%) of the total assessed value of all taxable property in the**  
 6 **county on that date. The general assembly finds that the provisions**  
 7 **of this subsection are necessary because the industrial plant**  
 8 **represents such a large percentage of Jasper County's assessed**  
 9 **valuation.**

10           **Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to Lake County's categorizations,**  
 11 **allocations, and distributions under IC 6-3.6-5.**

12           **(b) The rate under the former tax in Lake County that was used**  
 13 **for any of the following shall be categorized under IC 6-3.6-5 and**  
 14 **used for the following:**

15           **(1) To reduce all property tax levies imposed by the county by**  
 16 **the granting of property tax replacement credits against those**  
 17 **property tax levies.**

18           **(2) To provide local property tax replacement credits in Lake**  
 19 **County in the following manner:**

20           **(A) The tax revenue under this section that is collected**  
 21 **from taxpayers within a particular municipality in Lake**  
 22 **County (as determined by the department of state revenue**  
 23 **based on the department's best estimate) shall be used only**  
 24 **to provide a local property tax credit against property**  
 25 **taxes imposed by that municipality.**

26           **(B) The tax revenue under this section that is collected**  
 27 **from taxpayers within the unincorporated area of Lake**  
 28 **County (as determined by the department of state revenue)**  
 29 **shall be used only to provide a local property tax credit**  
 30 **against property taxes imposed by the county. The local**  
 31 **property tax credit for the unincorporated area of Lake**  
 32 **County shall be available only to those taxpayers within**  
 33 **the unincorporated area of the county.**

34           **(3) To provide property tax credits in the following manner:**  
 35 **(A) Sixty percent (60%) of the tax revenue shall be used as**  
 36 **provided in subdivision (2).**

37           **(B) Forty percent (40%) of the tax revenue shall be used to**  
 38 **provide property tax replacement credits against property**  
 39 **tax levies of the county and each township and**  
 40 **municipality in the county. The percentage of the tax**  
 41 **revenue distributed under this item that shall be used as**  
 42 **credits against the county's levies or against a particular**



1 township's or municipality's levies is equal to the  
 2 percentage determined by dividing the population of the  
 3 county, township, or municipality by the sum of the total  
 4 population of the county, each township in the county, and  
 5 each municipality in the county.

6 The Lake County council shall determine whether the credits  
 7 under subdivision (1), (2), or (3) shall be provided to homesteads,  
 8 to all qualified residential property, or to all taxpayers. The  
 9 department of local government finance, with the assistance of the  
 10 budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor and the fiscal  
 11 body of the county and each township and municipality in the  
 12 county the amount of property tax credits under this subdivision.  
 13 The tax revenue under this section that is used to provide credits  
 14 under this subdivision shall be treated for all purposes as property  
 15 tax levies but shall not be considered for purposes of computing the  
 16 maximum permissible property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 or  
 17 the credit under IC 6-1.1-20.6.

18 Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to Marion County's allocation of  
 19 the tax revenue under IC 6-3.6-6 that is dedicated to public safety.

20 (b) The adopting body may allocate part or all of the certified  
 21 distribution that is allocated to public safety purposes to fund the  
 22 operation of a public communications system and computer  
 23 facilities district as provided in an election, if any, made by the  
 24 county fiscal body under IC 36-8-15-19(b).

25 Sec. 5. (a) This section applies to Marion County's allocation of  
 26 the tax revenue under IC 6-3.6-6 that is dedicated to certified  
 27 shares.

28 (b) The consolidated city, the county, all special taxing districts,  
 29 special service districts, included towns (as defined in IC 36-3-1-7),  
 30 and all other political subdivisions except:

- 31 (1) townships;  
 32 (2) excluded cities (as defined in IC 36-3-1-7); and  
 33 (3) school corporations;

34 are considered to comprise one (1) civil taxing unit whose fiscal  
 35 body is the fiscal body of the consolidated city.

36 (c) For purposes of subsection (d), the following amounts are  
 37 referred to as the subsection (c) ratio:

38	Center Township	.0251
39	Decatur Township	.00217
40	Franklin Township	.0023
41	Lawrence Township	.01177
42	Perry Township	.01130



1	Pike Township	.01865
2	Warren Township	.01359
3	Washington Township	.01346
4	Wayne Township	.01307
5	Lawrence-City	.00858
6	Beech Grove	.00845
7	Southport	.00025
8	Speedway	.00722
9	Indianapolis/Marion County	.86409
10	(d) The distributive shares that each civil taxing unit in the	
11	county is entitled to receive during a month equals the total	
12	amount of revenues that are to be distributed as distributive shares	
13	during that month calculated as follows:	
14	STEP ONE: Determine the total amount of revenues that	
15	were distributed as distributive shares during that month in	
16	calendar year 1995.	
17	STEP TWO: Determine the total amount of revenue that the	
18	department has certified as distributive shares for that	
19	month under IC 6-3.6-6 for the calendar year.	
20	STEP THREE: Subtract the STEP ONE result from the	
21	STEP TWO result.	
22	STEP FOUR: If the STEP THREE result is less than or	
23	equal to zero (0), multiply the STEP TWO result by the	
24	applicable subsection (c) ratio for the civil taxing unit.	
25	STEP FIVE: Determine the ratio of:	
26	(A) the maximum permissible property tax levy under	
27	IC 6-1.1-18.5 for each civil taxing unit for the calendar	
28	year in which the month falls, plus, for a county, the	
29	welfare allocation amount; divided by	
30	(B) the sum of the maximum permissible property tax	
31	levies under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for all civil taxing units of the	
32	county during the calendar year in which the month falls,	
33	and an amount equal to the welfare allocation amount.	
34	STEP SIX: If the STEP THREE result is greater than zero	
35	(0), the STEP ONE amount shall be distributed by	
36	multiplying the STEP ONE amount by the subsection (c)	
37	ratio.	
38	STEP SEVEN: For each taxing unit determine the STEP	
39	FIVE ratio multiplied by the STEP TWO amount.	
40	STEP EIGHT: For each civil taxing unit determine the	
41	difference between the STEP SEVEN amount minus the	
42	product of the STEP ONE amount multiplied by the	





1 subsection (c) ratio. The STEP THREE excess shall be  
 2 distributed as provided in STEP NINE only to the civil taxing  
 3 units that have a STEP EIGHT difference greater than or  
 4 equal to zero (0).  
 5 STEP NINE: For the civil taxing units qualifying for a  
 6 distribution under STEP EIGHT, each civil taxing unit's  
 7 share equals the STEP THREE excess multiplied by the ratio  
 8 of:  
 9 (A) the maximum permissible property tax levy under  
 10 IC 6-1.1-18.5 for the qualifying civil taxing unit during the  
 11 calendar year in which the month falls, plus, for a county,  
 12 an amount equal to the welfare allocation amount; divided  
 13 by  
 14 (B) the sum of the maximum permissible property tax  
 15 levies under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for all qualifying civil taxing  
 16 units of the county during the calendar year in which the  
 17 month falls, and an amount equal to the welfare allocation  
 18 amount.  
 19 SECTION 6. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015] (a) The legislative  
 20 council shall provide for the preparation and introduction of  
 21 legislation in the 2016 session of the general assembly to correct  
 22 cross-references and make other changes to the Indiana Code, as  
 23 necessary, to bring provisions that are not added or amended by  
 24 this act into conformity with this act.  
 25 (b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2017.  
 26 SECTION 7. An emergency is declared for this act.



## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1485, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 1 through 4 with "[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]".

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 5 through 6 with "[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]".

Page 2, line 1, delete "2015," and insert "**2016**,".

Page 2, delete lines 2 through 36 and insert "**uniform law that transitions each county from the former taxes to the tax governed by this article without any change in purpose of the former taxes to the extent practicable. The intent is that the revenue from the taxes under this article shall be distributed and used as close as possible to the way the revenue was distributed and used under the former taxes until a county adopts an ordinance under this article to change the distribution and use of the revenue as permitted by this article.**

(b) The general assembly declares that the enactment of IC 6-3.6 is a simplification, recodification, and replacement, in the same or a restated form, of the procedures established for the imposition, collection, and distribution of the income taxes authorized under a former tax. The substantive operation and effect of the provisions of a former tax that are repealed and replaced, in the same or a restated form, by the provisions of this article, continue uninterrupted.

(c) Notwithstanding the effective date of the repeal of the former tax laws on January 1, 2017, an adopting body may not adopt any ordinances under a former tax after June 30, 2015. In addition, notwithstanding the effective date of this article being July 1, 2015, an adopting body may not take any action under this article before July 1, 2016.

(d) To carry out the transition, the office of management and budget, along with the appropriate state agencies and in cooperation with each county, shall do the following:

- (1) Document all terms, conditions, limitations, and obligations that exist under the former taxes.
- (2) Categorize the tax rate under the former taxes into the appropriate tax rate or rates under this article to provide revenue for all the same purposes for which revenue under a former tax was used in 2016. The revenue shall be apportioned,



allocated, and distributed to taxing units, to the extent possible, in the same amounts, and be applied to those taxpayers in each property class that received any form of property tax relief in 2016 so that the benefits are received by the same property classes in the same proportionate amounts as in 2016. Matching the purposes of a former tax to the purposes under this article, including the apportionment, allocation, and distribution of revenue under this article shall be accomplished by using the best information available. These purposes include, but are not limited to, one (1) or more of the following:

(A) Property tax credits using the options set forth in IC 6-3.6-5, which categorization is to encompass all uses of the revenue under a former tax that provided any form of property tax relief, except for revenue used for a levy freeze described in IC 6-3.6-11, including the following purposes:

(i) Property tax replacement credits that applied to all classes of property, including part of the revenue categorized from the first twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%) rate under the county adjusted gross income tax under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed) for civil taxing units and school corporations using the attributed allocation amounts for civil taxing units and school corporations as those determinations were made under IC 6-3.5-1.1 (repealed).

(ii) Credits against property taxes that did not apply to all classes of property, such as homestead credits, credits on other types of residential property, or credits used to offset the exemption of inventory from property taxation.

(B) Special purpose revenue that is not covered by a special purpose rate under IC 6-3.6-7, such as revenue that must be dedicated to public safety or economic development.

(C) Certified shares without any restriction on the use of the revenue.

(D) A special purpose project (IC 6-3.6-7) using the former tax rate that was dedicated to the project.

(e) The department of local government finance shall, if necessary, recalculate maximum permissible property tax levies and property tax rates for all taxing units to transition to the use of property tax credits as prescribed in this article.

(f) The office of management and budget shall compile a comprehensive report detailing for each taxing unit throughout the state and for each property class type described in IC 6-3.5-6, the



categorization of revenue and its uses under this article compared to the former taxes. Before November 1, 2015, the department shall submit its report to the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.

**(g) The transition under this article shall be completed by August 1, 2016, for purposes of local government budgets for 2017."**

Page 3, line 2, delete "2015." and insert "**2016**."

Page 3, line 11, delete "2015," and insert "**2016**,".

Page 3, line 12, delete "2015," and insert "**2016**,".

Page 3, line 14, delete "(a)".

Page 3, line 22, delete "2015," and insert "**2016**,".

Page 3, delete lines 24 through 28, begin a new paragraph and insert:  
**"Sec. 5. A reference in a statute or rule to a statute that is repealed and replaced in the same or a different form in this article shall be treated after December 31, 2016, as a reference to the new provision."**

Page 3, line 32, after "purpose." insert "**Notwithstanding the repeal of IC 6-3.5 and the enactment of this article, any pledge of revenues received from a tax imposed under any of the provisions of IC 6-3.5 (prior to its repeal) to the payment, in whole or in part, of:**

- (1) the principal of and interest on bonds;**
- (2) lease rentals due under a lease; and**
- (3) the payment of any other obligation;**

**is binding and enforceable and remains in full force and effect as long as the principal of and interest on any bonds, the lease rentals due under any lease, or the payment of any obligation remains unpaid. The enactment of this article does not affect any rights, duties, obligations, proceedings, or liabilities accrued before January 1, 2017. Those rights, duties, obligations, proceedings, or liabilities continue and shall be imposed and enforced under prior law as if this article had not been enacted."**

Page 4, delete lines 5 through 24, begin a new paragraph and insert:  
**"Sec. 9. Before August 2, 2016, the budget agency, with the assistance of the department of local government finance, shall certify to each county the income tax rates under this article, by tax rate category, as categorized by the office of management and budget under this chapter."**

Page 4, line 25, delete "12." and insert "**10**."

Page 8, line 1, delete "fund." and insert "**fund, plus, in the case of Marion County, thirty-five million dollars (\$35,000,000)**."

Page 12, delete lines 8 through 13.

Page 13, line 35, delete "one percent (1%)" and insert "**two and**



five-tenths percent (2.5%)".

Page 13, delete line 42 and insert **"this section. Property taxes imposed due to a referendum in which a majority of the voters in the taxing unit imposing the property taxes approved the property taxes are not eligible for a credit under this section."**

Page 14, delete lines 1 through 6.

Page 14, line 9, after "credits" insert **"in subsequent years. The ordinance must be adopted before July 1 and first applies in the following year and then thereafter until it is rescinded or modified. The property tax credits may be allocated"**.

Page 14, between lines 16 and 17, begin a new line block indented and insert:

**"(3) For any of the following types of property as a single category:**

**(A) Residential property, as defined in 6-1.1-20.6-4.**

**(B) Real property, a mobile home, and industrialized housing that would qualify as a homestead if the taxpayer had filed for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) or the standard deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-37.**

**(C) Real property consisting of units that are regularly used to rent or otherwise furnish residential accommodations for periods of at least thirty (30) days, regardless of whether the tangible property is subject to assessment under rules of the department of local government finance that apply to:**

**(i) residential property; or**

**(ii) commercial property."**

Page 14, line 17, delete "(3)" and insert **"(4)"**.

Page 14, delete lines 30 through 42.

Page 15, delete lines 1 through 38.

Page 15, line 42, after "county." insert **"The credit percentage may be, but does not have to be, uniform for all categories of property."**

Page 16, line 7, delete "uniformly only".

Page 16, line 8, delete "(d)(3)" and insert **"(d)(4)"**.

Page 16, line 11, delete "(d)(3)." and insert **"(d)(4)."**

Page 16, line 14, delete "(d)(2)." and insert **"(d)(3)."**

Page 16, line 17, delete "(d)(1)." and insert **"(d)(2)."**

Page 16, between lines 17 and 18, begin a new line block indented and insert:

**"(4) Fourth, if an excess remains after applying the reduction as described in subdivisions (1) through (3), against property taxes imposed on property described in subsection (d)(1)."**

Page 16, line 39, delete "two and five-tenths percent (2.5%)" and



insert **"one and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%)"**.

Page 16, line 41, delete "two and seventy-five hundredths percent (2.75%)" and insert **"one and five-tenths percent (1.5%)"**.

Page 17, line 22, after "allocated" insert **"in subsequent years. The ordinance must be adopted before July 1 and first applies in the following year and then thereafter until it is rescinded or modified. The revenue must be allocated"**.

Page 18, line 29, delete "subsection" and insert **"IC 6-3.6-11,"**.

Page 18, line 30, delete "(b),".

Page 18, line 38, before "municipality" insert **"county or"**.

Page 18, line 40, after "by" insert **"the county and"**.

Page 20, delete lines 36 through 38, begin a new line double block indented and insert:

**"(B) the population of the entire county."**

Page 23, line 34, delete "." and insert **"other than Marion County."**

Page 23, delete lines 39 through 42.

Page 24, line 1, delete "(3)" and insert **"(2)"**.

Page 24, line 22, delete "(a) This section" and insert **"IC 6-3.6-11"**.

Page 24, delete lines 24 through 42.

Page 25, delete lines 1 through 9.

Page 27, line 5, after "years." insert **"The adopting body shall provide a notice to the budget agency, the department of local government finance, and the department of state revenue specifying that the date for the termination of the tax rate has occurred."**

Page 47, line 1, after "department" insert **"of state revenue"**.

Page 47, line 2, delete ":" and insert **"of state revenue:"**.

Page 53, line 40, after "highest" insert **"outstanding"**.

Page 54, line 2, after "highest" insert **"outstanding"**.

Page 60, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new paragraph and insert:

**"Chapter 11. Supplemental Allocation and Distribution Requirements**

**Sec. 1. (a) This section applies to any county that imposed a former tax to provide for a levy freeze.**

**(b) The revenue used to offset the levy freeze shall be part of the tax rate under IC 6-3.6-5.**

**(c) The levy freeze amount prescribed by the adopting body shall continue to be applied under this article as it was applied under the former tax until an adopting body adopts an ordinance:**

**(1) that fixes the levy freeze amount as of a certain date as permitted under the former tax; or**

**(2) provides that the levy freeze no longer applies.**



(d) The levy freeze, levy amounts, and income tax distributions shall be administered in the same manner as under the former tax. The distributions of income tax shall be made before applying the property tax credits funded by a tax rate under IC 6-3.6-5.

Sec. 2. (a) This section applies to Jasper County's allocation of property tax credits provided by a tax rate under IC 6-3.6-5.

(b) A taxpayer that owns an industrial plant located in Jasper County is ineligible for a credit under this section against the property taxes due on the industrial plant if the assessed value of the industrial plant as of March 1, 2006, exceeds twenty percent (20%) of the total assessed value of all taxable property in the county on that date. The general assembly finds that the provisions of this subsection are necessary because the industrial plant represents such a large percentage of Jasper County's assessed valuation.

Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to Lake County's categorizations, allocations, and distributions under IC 6-3.6-5.

(b) The rate under the former tax in Lake County that was used for any of the following shall be categorized under IC 6-3.6-5 and used for the following:

(1) To reduce all property tax levies imposed by the county by the granting of property tax replacement credits against those property tax levies.

(2) To provide local property tax replacement credits in Lake County in the following manner:

(A) The tax revenue under this section that is collected from taxpayers within a particular municipality in Lake County (as determined by the department of state revenue based on the department's best estimate) shall be used only to provide a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed by that municipality.

(B) The tax revenue under this section that is collected from taxpayers within the unincorporated area of Lake County (as determined by the department of state revenue) shall be used only to provide a local property tax credit against property taxes imposed by the county. The local property tax credit for the unincorporated area of Lake County shall be available only to those taxpayers within the unincorporated area of the county.

(3) To provide property tax credits in the following manner:

(A) Sixty percent (60%) of the tax revenue shall be used as provided in subdivision (2).



**(B) Forty percent (40%) of the tax revenue shall be used to provide property tax replacement credits against property tax levies of the county and each township and municipality in the county. The percentage of the tax revenue distributed under this item that shall be used as credits against the county's levies or against a particular township's or municipality's levies is equal to the percentage determined by dividing the population of the county, township, or municipality by the sum of the total population of the county, each township in the county, and each municipality in the county.**

**The Lake County council shall determine whether the credits under subdivision (1), (2), or (3) shall be provided to homesteads, to all qualified residential property, or to all taxpayers. The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the budget agency, shall certify to the county auditor and the fiscal body of the county and each township and municipality in the county the amount of property tax credits under this subdivision. The tax revenue under this section that is used to provide credits under this subdivision shall be treated for all purposes as property tax levies but shall not be considered for purposes of computing the maximum permissible property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 or the credit under IC 6-1.1-20.6.**

**Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to Marion County's allocation of the tax revenue under IC 6-3.6-6 that is dedicated to public safety.**

**(b) The adopting body may allocate part or all of the certified distribution that is allocated to public safety purposes to fund the operation of a public communications system and computer facilities district as provided in an election, if any, made by the county fiscal body under IC 36-8-15-19(b).**

**Sec. 5. (a) This section applies to Marion County's allocation of the tax revenue under IC 6-3.6-6 that is dedicated to certified shares.**

**(b) The consolidated city, the county, all special taxing districts, special service districts, included towns (as defined in IC 36-3-1-7), and all other political subdivisions except:**

- (1) townships;**
- (2) excluded cities (as defined in IC 36-3-1-7); and**
- (3) school corporations;**

**are considered to comprise one (1) civil taxing unit whose fiscal body is the fiscal body of the consolidated city.**

**(c) For purposes of subsection (d), the following amounts are**





referred to as the subsection (c) ratio:

Center Township	.0251
Decatur Township	.00217
Franklin Township	.0023
Lawrence Township	.01177
Perry Township	.01130
Pike Township	.01865
Warren Township	.01359
Washington Township	.01346
Wayne Township	.01307
Lawrence-City	.00858
Beech Grove	.00845
Southport	.00025
Speedway	.00722
Indianapolis/Marion County	.86409

(d) The distributive shares that each civil taxing unit in the county is entitled to receive during a month equals the total amount of revenues that are to be distributed as distributive shares during that month calculated as follows:

**STEP ONE:** Determine the total amount of revenues that were distributed as distributive shares during that month in calendar year 1995.

**STEP TWO:** Determine the total amount of revenue that the department has certified as distributive shares for that month under IC 6-3.6-6 for the calendar year.

**STEP THREE:** Subtract the STEP ONE result from the STEP TWO result.

**STEP FOUR:** If the STEP THREE result is less than or equal to zero (0), multiply the STEP TWO result by the applicable subsection (c) ratio for the civil taxing unit.

**STEP FIVE:** Determine the ratio of:

(A) the maximum permissible property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for each civil taxing unit for the calendar year in which the month falls, plus, for a county, the welfare allocation amount; divided by

(B) the sum of the maximum permissible property tax levies under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for all civil taxing units of the county during the calendar year in which the month falls, and an amount equal to the welfare allocation amount.

**STEP SIX:** If the STEP THREE result is greater than zero (0), the STEP ONE amount shall be distributed by multiplying the STEP ONE amount by the subsection (c)



**ratio.**

**STEP SEVEN: For each taxing unit determine the STEP FIVE ratio multiplied by the STEP TWO amount.**

**STEP EIGHT: For each civil taxing unit determine the difference between the STEP SEVEN amount minus the product of the STEP ONE amount multiplied by the subsection (c) ratio. The STEP THREE excess shall be distributed as provided in STEP NINE only to the civil taxing units that have a STEP EIGHT difference greater than or equal to zero (0).**

**STEP NINE: For the civil taxing units qualifying for a distribution under STEP EIGHT, each civil taxing unit's share equals the STEP THREE excess multiplied by the ratio of:**

**(A) the maximum permissible property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for the qualifying civil taxing unit during the calendar year in which the month falls, plus, for a county, an amount equal to the welfare allocation amount; divided by**

**(B) the sum of the maximum permissible property tax levies under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for all qualifying civil taxing units of the county during the calendar year in which the month falls, and an amount equal to the welfare allocation amount."**

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1485 as introduced.)

BROWN T

Committee Vote: yeas 19, nays 0.

