As Offered

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

H. R. No. 10

18

Representative Sears

RESOLUTION

the 131st General Assembly.

To adopt Rules of the House of Representatives for

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF OHIO:	
That the following are the rules of the House of	3
Representatives for the 131st General Assembly:	4
RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	5
OF THE 131st GENERAL ASSEMBLY	6
TIME OF CONVENING; ORDER OF BUSINESS	7
Rule 1. (Time of sessions; schedule.) (a) For the months	8
of January through June in each year, and separately for the	9
months of July through December in each year, the Speaker, at	10
the beginning of each six-month period, shall establish a	11
schedule of dates and times according to which the House shall	12
hold sessions and at which roll call votes are taken. The	13
Speaker may revise or supplement the schedule as necessary. The	14
schedule and any revision or supplement thereto shall be	15
published and a copy provided to each member.	16
(b) Sessions of the House at which roll call votes are	17

taken shall be held on the dates and at the times prescribed in

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the schedule. The Speaker, by written notice transmitted to each	19
member, may cancel a session required by the schedule.	20
Rule 2. (Speaker or presiding officer to call House to	21
order.) The Speaker or presiding officer shall take the chair	22
every day precisely at the hour to which the House shall have	23
adjourned or shall have taken a recess, and shall immediately	24
call the House to order. Prayer may be offered, the pledge of	25
allegiance to the United States of America shall be recited,	26
and, a quorum being present, the House shall proceed with the	27
order of business. A majority of all members elected must be	28
present to constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller	29
number may meet and adjourn from time to time, a presiding	30
officer being present, and shall have the power to compel the	31
attendance of absent members. However, in no event may business	32
be conducted unless a member of the majority party is present.	33
Rule 3. (Order of business.) (a) The order of business of	34
the House shall be as follows:	35
1. Reading and approving, with or without corrections, of	36
the Journal.	37
2. Introduction of bills.	38
3. Consideration of Senate amendments.	39
4. Reports of conference committees.	40
5. Reports of standing and select committees and bills for	41
second consideration.	42
6. Motions and resolutions.	43
7. Bills for third consideration.	44
8. Announcement of committee meetings.	45
(b) The order of business shall not be changed unless	46

otherwise ordered by a majority vote upon motion. All questions	47
relating to the priority of business shall be decided without	48
debate.	49
	13
Rule 4. (Special order of business.) Any matter may be	50
made a special order of business for any particular day and hour	51
with the assent of two-thirds of the members present.	52
Rule 5. (Filing of petitions.) Members having petitions to	53
present shall file same with the Clerk, endorsing their name	54
thereon. Delivery to the Clerk shall constitute presentment of	55
said petition to the House, and it shall be noted in the	56
Journal.	57
Rule 6. (Messages from Senate and executives.) Messages	58
from the Senate and the Governor and communications from any	59
branch of the executive department may be received, read, and	60
disposed of at any time, except when the presiding officer is	61
putting a question, or when a vote is being taken.	62
Rule 7. (Adjournment.) A motion to adjourn always shall be	63
in order, except during roll call. When a motion is made to	64
adjourn, it shall be in order for the presiding officer, before	65
putting the question, to state any fact to the House relating to	66
the condition of the business of the House which would seem to	67
make it advisable or inadvisable to adjourn at that time. Such	68
statement, however, shall not be debatable. It is not in order	69
for the House to adjourn unless the presiding officer is in the	70
chair.	71
Rule 8. (Recess.) The interim between any two meetings of	72
the House, on the same legislative day, shall be termed a	73
recess; when so ordered by the House, the interim between five	74
or more calendar days likewise shall be termed a recess; and on	75

reassembling at the appointed hour, any question pending at the

time of taking recess shall be resumed without any motion to	77
that effect.	78
DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER	79
Rule 9. (Speaker shall preserve order and decorum.) The	80
Speaker or presiding officer shall, at all times, preserve order	81
and decorum. The Speaker or presiding officer shall see that	82
members conduct themselves in a civil and orderly manner. When	83
necessary, the Speaker or presiding officer may order the	84
Sergeant-at-Arms to clear the aisles and compel members to take	85
their seats.	86
Rule 10. (Recognition of visitors.) A member may file with	87
the Clerk a form requesting the Speaker or presiding officer to	88
recognize one or more individuals in the galleries. The Clerk	89
shall prescribe a form for the request and make copies of the	90
form in blank available to members. The recognition may be made	91
at any time, but shall not interrupt a debate or the taking of a	92
vote.	93
Rule 11. (Control of the Hall.) (a) The Speaker or	94
presiding officer shall have general direction and control of	95
the Hall and shall provide for the security of the Hall. In case	96
of any <u>actual or anticipated</u> disturbance or disorderly conduct	97
in the galleries, lobby, rooms, or hallways adjacent to the	98
Hall, the Speaker or presiding officer may order those places to	99
be cleared.	100
(b) When the House is not in session, the Clerk shall have	101
general direction and control of the Hall and of the galleries,	102
lobby, rooms, and hallways adjacent to the Hall.	103
(c) Signs, banners, placards, and other similar	104
demonstrative devices are not permitted in the Hall or in the	105

galleries, lobby, rooms, or hallways adjacent to the Hall unless

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the Speaker or presiding officer, or, if the House is not in	107
session, the Clerk, has approved their use in those places.	108
Rule 12. (Member may preside.) The Speaker may appoint any	109
member to perform the duties of the Speaker as presiding officer	110
for a temporary period of time. If the Speaker is absent, and no	111
member has been appointed to perform those duties temporarily	112
during the absence, the Speaker Pro Tempore shall perform the	113
duties of the Speaker as presiding officer during the Speaker's	114
absence.	115
Rule 13. (Appointment of committees and boards.) The	116
Speaker shall name all committees and subcommittees, and shall	117
appoint all members and chairmen <u>chairs</u> thereto. The Speaker	118
shall appoint members to a standing committee so that its	119
membership is proportional to the partisan composition of the	120
House. The chairman <u>chair</u> and the vice chairman <u>vice-chair</u> of	121
the Finance and Appropriations—Committee shall not be included	122
in making this calculation. The Minority Leader, in a manner to	123
be determined by the minority caucus, may recommend for the	124
Speaker's consideration minority party members for each	125
committee.	126
Rule 14. (Speaker directs House officers and employs and	127
directs House employees.) (a) The Speaker shall see that all	128
officers of the House satisfactorily perform their respective	129
duties.	130
(b) The Speaker shall employ all employees of the House	131
and shall see that they satisfactorily perform their respective	132
duties. All employees of the House are at will employees, and	133
shall serve at the pleasure of the Speaker. A terminated	134
employee's compensation ceases on the day the termination takes	135
effect. The Speaker shall define House employment positions,	136
shall prescribe the qualifications that are to be met by House	137

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employees, and shall prescribe the duties of House employees,	138
fix their hours of employment, and determine their compensation.	139
The Speaker shall notify the Minority Leader before terminating	140
an employee who is assigned to the minority caucus.	141
Rule 15. (Signing acts, resolutions, etc.) The Speaker	142
shall certify that every bill passed, and every joint resolution	143
or concurrent resolution adopted, by both houses of the General	144
Assembly has met the procedural requirements for passage or	145
adoption by signing such bills, joint resolutions, or concurrent	146
resolutions; and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by	147
order of the House shall be under the Speaker's hand attested by	148
the Clerk, except when otherwise provided by law.	149
DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE	150
Rule 16. (Duties.) Subject to Rule 12, the Speaker Pro	151
Tempore, in the absence of the Speaker, shall have all the	152
rights, privileges, authority, duties, and responsibilities of	153
the Speaker.	154
DUTIES OF MAJORITY FLOOR LEADER	155
Rule 17. (Duties.) Subject to Rule 12, the Majority Floor	156
Leader, in the absence of the Speaker and Speaker Pro Tempore,	157
shall have all the rights, privileges, authority, duties, and	158
responsibilities of the Speaker.	159
DUTIES OF ASSISTANT MAJORITY FLOOR LEADER	160
Rule 18. (Duties.) Subject to Rule 12, the Assistant	161
Majority Floor Leader, in the absence of the Speaker, Speaker	162
Pro Tempore, and Majority Floor Leader, shall have all the	163
rights, privileges, authority, duties, and responsibilities of	164
the Speaker.	165
DUTIES OF THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER	166

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Rule 19. (Chief administrative officer.) The Chief	167
Administrative Officer shall be the chief administrative officer	168
of the House and shall be responsible to the Speaker of the	169
House.	170
Rule 20. (Supervision of employees; maintenance of parking	171
facilities.) (a) Subject to the Speaker's authority under Rule	172
14, and except for employees whose direction is delegated to the	173
Clerk under Rule 24, responsibility for seeing that employees of	174
the House satisfactorily perform their respective duties is	175
delegated to the Chief Administrative Officer.	176
(b) The maintenance and condition of parking facilities	177
under the control of the House shall be under the direction and	178
control of the Chief Administrative Officer, subject to the	179
approval of the Speaker.	180
DUTIES OF THE CLERK	181
Rule 21. (Distribution of House documents.) The Clerk	182
shall have charge of and regulate the distribution of all	183
printed and electronic records and reports of the House, and	184
shall have supervision of the printing or electronic preparation	185
of all documents and papers—ordered by the House as specified in	186
Rule 25 and in section 101.52 of the Revised Code. The number of	187
copies of bills, journals, and other documents to be printed, or	188
the documents to be prepared electronically, shall be determined	189
by the Clerk with the approval of the Speaker, except when the	190
House by motion determines the number to be printed or the	191
documents to be prepared electronically.	192
Rule 22. (Legislative duties and responsibilities of the	193
Clerk.) (a) The Clerk is custodian of the bills, amendments,	194
resolutions, and other legislative documents that are in	195
possession of the House. The Clerk shall not permit a bill,	196

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amendment, resolution, or other legislative document to be	197
removed from the Clerk's custody except in the course of the	198
regular business of the House and then only upon receiving a	199
receipt for the document that shows when and to whom the	200
document was released. The Clerk shall prescribe the form of the	201
receipt. A bill, amendment, resolution, or other legislative	202
document in the Clerk's custody is available for public	203
inspection.	204

- (b) When a bill or resolution is filed for introduction, 205
 the Clerk shall examine the bill or resolution to determine 206
 whether on its face it appears to meet the constitutional and 207
 procedural requirements for introduction, and shall call any 208
 defects to the attention of the author. In fulfilling this duty, 209
 the Clerk is not presumed to guarantee the bill meets the 210
 constitutional or procedural requirements for introduction. 211
- (c) The Clerk shall number bills and resolutions in the 212 order of their filing, and shall keep a complete and accurate 213 record of bills and resolutions that includes, for each bill or 214 resolution, its number; its author; a brief description of its 215 subject; the section or sections of law it seeks to amend, 216 enact, or repeal, if any; notation of its reference to and 217 report by a committee; and notation of its passage or adoption 218 or rejection by the House. The record is open to public 219 inspection. 220
- (d) The Clerk shall provide to the <u>chairman_chair_of</u> a 221 committee to which a bill or resolution is referred, the bill or 222 resolution together with all official <u>papers_documents_and</u> other 223 attachments pertaining thereto, taking a receipt therefor. 224
- (e) The Clerk shall prepare and publish a Calendar that 225 gives public notice of bills and resolutions that have been 226 arranged on the Calendar for third consideration or adoption, 227

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bills and resolutions that have been reported by committees, and	228
other matters descriptive of the current and future business of	229
the House.	230
(f) The Clerk shall keep a complete and accurate Journal	231
of the proceedings of the House, beginning it on the first day	232
of the first regular session and ending it on the last day of	233
the second regular session. The Clerk shall maintain a separate	234
Journal for any special session, beginning it on the first day	235
and ending it on the last day of the special session. The pages	236
of the Journal shall be numbered serially. All amendments that	237
are taken up, unless withdrawn or ruled out of order, shall be	238
spread upon the Journal. For all amendments that are offered,	239
the Journal shall include the number assigned to the amendment	240
by the Legislative Service Commission.	241
(g) The Clerk shall superintend the engrossing, enrolling,	242
and presentation of bills and joint resolutions and the	243
preparation and publication of other legislative documents.	244
(h) The Clerk shall attest all writs and subpoenas issued	245
by order of the House, the Journal, and the passage of bills and	246
the adoption of resolutions. These attestation duties are	247
ministerial.	248
ministerial.	240
Rule 23. (May call the House to order.) If the Speaker,	249
Speaker Pro Tempore, Majority Floor Leader, and Assistant	250
Majority Floor Leader are absent, at the hour to which the House	251
shall have adjourned or taken recess, except in the case	252
mentioned in Rule 12, the Clerk may call the House to order,	253
and, if called to order, the House shall proceed to choose some	254
member to act as presiding officer until either the Speaker,	255
Speaker Pro Tempore, Majority Floor Leader, or the Assistant	256
Majority Floor Leader shall be present. No business may be	257
conducted unless a member of the majority party is present.	258

Rule 24. (Composition of the Office of the Clerk.) (a) The	259
office of the Clerk shall be comprised of the Clerk and	260
employees of the House who are directly involved in the	261
legislative process.	262
Rule 25. (Printing of papersdocuments.) The Clerk shall	263
attend to the printing or electronic preparation of the journal,	264
calendar, bills, resolutions, and, if so ordered, committee	265
reports. This rule is cumulative with respect to section 101.52	266
of the Revised Code.	267
DUTIES OF THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS	268
Rule 26. (Sergeant-at-arms.) (a) The Sergeant-at-arms	269
shall be the chief police officer of the House and shall be	270
responsible to the Speaker. Subject to Rules 9, 11, and 109, the	271
Sergeant-at-arms shall maintain good order in the Hall, gallery,	272
corridors, and committee rooms; shall strictly enforce the rules	273
regulating admission of persons to the floor of the House; shall	274
maintain good order in the corridors, committee rooms, offices,	275
and other areas under the exclusive use and control of the House	276
in the Vern Riffe Center; shall serve all subpoenas and warrants	277
issued by the House or any duly authorized officer or committee;	278
and on an order for a call of the House, shall forthwith proceed	279
to arrest and bring members into the House. The Sergeant-at-arms	280
may request the assistance of, or work with, the State Highway	281
Patrol to fulfill those duties.	282
(b) The Speaker may also contract for security services	283
for the House.	284
VACANCY OF CLERK, CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, OR SERGEANT-AT-	285
ARMS	286
Rule 27. (Death or resignation of Clerk, Chief	287
Administrative Officer, or Sergeant-at-Arms.) In the case of the	288

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death or resignation of the Clerk, Chief Administrative Officer,	289
or Sergeant-at-Arms, the Speaker may designate any individual to	290
perform such duties until such time as the House fills the	291
vacancy.	292
COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE	293
Rule 28. (Standing committees and standing	294
subcommittees.)	295
(a) The standing committees and standing subcommittees of	296
the House shall be named by the Speaker.	297
(b) The standing committees and the standing	298
subcommittees of the House for the 130th 131st General Assembly	299
shall be as follows. (The standing committees are designated by	300
Arabic numerals, while the standing subcommittees are designated	301
under their standing committees by Roman numerals.)	302
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources Rural Development	303
2. Armed Services, Veterans Affairs, and Public Safety	304
3. Commerce, and Labor, and Technology	305
34. Community and Family Advancement	306
I. Minority Affairs Subcommittee	307
5. Economic and Workforce Development and Regulatory	308
Reform	309
4 <u>6</u> . Education	310
57. Energy and Natural Resources	311
8. Finance and Appropriations	312
I. Primary and Secondary Education Subcommittee	313
II. Higher Education Subcommittee	314

III. Transportation Subcommittee	315
IV. Health and Human Services Subcommittee	316
V. Agriculture-and-, Development, and Natural	317
Resources Subcommittee	318
$\frac{69}{2}$. Financial Institutions, Housing, and Urban Development	319
710. Government Accountability and Oversight	320
11. Health and Aging	321
<u>812</u> . Insurance	322
I. Workers' Compensation Subcommittee	323
913. Judiciary	324
10. Manufacturing and Workforce Development	325
11. Military and Veterans Affairs	326
12. Policy and Legislative Oversight	327
1314. Local Government	328
15. Public Utilities	329
1416. Rules and Reference	330
1517. State and Local—Government	331
I. Shared Services and Government Efficiency	332
<u>Subcommittee</u>	333
1618. Transportation, Public Safety, and Homeland Security	334
Infrastructure	335
1719. Ways and Means	336
(c) The Speaker, by message to the House, may abolish any	337
of the standing committees and standing subcommittees created by	338
this rule and may establish additional standing committees or	339

standing subcommittees as the Speaker considers necessary,	340
without amendment of this rule.	341
(d) The chairmen chairs and members of all committees and	342
subcommittees shall be appointed by the Speaker. The chairman	343
<pre>chair of each standing subcommittee shall be under the direction</pre>	344
of the general <u>chairman</u> <u>chair</u> of the committee.	345
(e) When the chairman chair of a standing committee or	346
subcommittee creates a special subcommittee of the standing	347
committee or subcommittee, the ranking minority member on the	348
standing committee or subcommittee may recommend for the	349
Speaker's consideration the minority membership of the special	350
subcommittee.	351
(f) Standing committees and standing subcommittees created	352
by this rule are the standing committees and standing	353
subcommittees referred to in section 101.27 of the Revised Code.	354
Rule 29. (Select committees.) Select committees for the	355
consideration of special measures or matters or the performance	356
of special functions may be appointed by the Speaker, and,	357
subject to the approval of the Speaker, bills and resolutions	358
may be referred to such select committees. Select committees may	359
report on such bills and resolutions as are referred to them.	360
Rule 30. (Membership on committees.) (a) The first-named	361
member of any committee or subcommittee shall be the	362
chairmanchair, and the second-named member of any committee	363
shall be the <pre>vice-chairman</pre> vice-chair. The <pre>chairman</pre> chairshall	364
select a member of the minority party to be secretary. The	365
minority leader may designate a ranking minority member on each	366
committee.	367
(b) In case death, disability, or resignation shall cause	368
a vacancy in the membership or chairmanship chair of any	369

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committee, the Speaker shall appoint another member or	370
chairmanchair.	371
(c) The Speaker, the Speaker Pro Tempore, and the minority	372
leader shall, by virtue of their office, be members of all	373
committees without voting privileges, except in those committees	374
where they are designated as regular members. The minority	375
leader may designate the assistant minority leader to be a	376
member of a committee without voting privileges in the minority	377
leader's absence, except for those committees where the	378
assistant minority leader is designated as a regular member.	379
They shall not be counted in determining the number constituting	380
a majority on the various committees unless they are designated	381
as regular members.	382
DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMANCHAIR	383
Rule 31. (Duties.) (a) The duties of the committee chairman	384
<pre>chair shall include: presiding over meetings of the committee</pre>	385
and putting all questions; maintaining order and deciding all	386
questions of order; appointing a member as secretary; and	387
supervising and directing the clerical and other employees of	388
the committee.	389
(b) The chairman chair of a committee shall not require	390
any person testifying before the committee to provide a written	391
copy of the person's testimony.	392
Rule 32. (Presentation of Senate Bills.) When a standing	393
committee recommends a Senate Bill for passage, the chairman	394
<pre>chair of the committee, or another member designated by the</pre>	395
Speaker, shall, when the bill is called up for passage, cause	396
the bill to be properly presented to the House.	397
Rule 33. (Subpoena power.) (a)(1) The chairman chair of a	398
House standing or select committee, when authorized by a	399

majority vote of the standing or select committee, may subpoena	400
witnesses in any part of the state to appear before such	401
committee at a time and place designated in the subpoena to	402
testify concerning any pending or contemplated legislative	403
action, any matters of inquiry committed to the committee, and	404
any alleged breach of the House's privileges or misconduct by	405
any of the House's members. Pursuant to this subpoena power, any	406
witness subpoenaed may be ordered to produce books, papers,	407
electronic documents, or records and other tangible evidence.	408
(2) The chairman chair shall file any subpoenas authorized	409
pursuant to this rule with the Clerk, who shall cause the same	410
to be entered in the Journal, and the subpoena shall be served	411
pursuant to law. (See sections 101.41 to 101.45 of the Revised	412
Code.)	413
(b) Within the limits of its charge by the General	414
Assembly or the House and in accordance with section 101.81 of	415
the Revised Code, the chairman <u>chair</u> of a standing or select	416
committee, by majority vote of the committee, may order any	417
person to appear before the committee and produce books, papers,	418
electronic documents, or records and other tangible evidence for	419
the committee with respect to any pending or contemplated	420
legislative action, or any alleged breach of House privileges or	421
misconduct by House members. The chairman <u>chair</u> shall file the	422
order with the Clerk, who shall cause the same to be entered in	423
the Journal. The order shall be served in accordance with	424
section 101.81 of the Revised Code.	425
COMMITTEE MEETINGS AND PROCEDURE	426
Rule 33A. (House rules govern.) The rules governing the	427
procedure of the standing and select committees of the House	428
shall be the same as those governing the House, as far as they	429

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may be applicable.

Rule 34. (Schedule of committee meetings.) The Speaker,	431
after consultation with the chairmen chairs of the several	432
committees, shall set a schedule of times when regular	433
committees shall meet, which, in so far as possible, shall	434
permit a full attendance of the members of committees, without	435
conflict of committee engagements. Such regular schedule shall	436
be announced publicly, and each committee shall meet at the hour	437
provided by the schedule, unless otherwise ordered by the	438
chairman chair of said committee or by the Speaker.	439
Rule 35. (Committee quorum.) A majority of all members of	440
a committee shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a	441
smaller number may meet to hear testimony and receive evidence	442
and to adjourn from time to time. But a committee may not	443
conduct business unless a member of the majority party is	444
present.	445
Rule 36. (Notice of meetings; none during daily session of	446
House.) (a) The chairman <u>chair</u> of a standing committee,	447
subcommittee, select committee, or joint committee, not later	448
than five days before a meeting of the committee, subcommittee,	449
select committee, or joint committee, shall give due notice of	450
the a meeting of the committee, subcommittee, select committee,	451
or joint committee not later than twenty-four hours before the	452
meeting, in accordance with section 101.15 of the Revised Code,	453
and shall attempt to give that notice not later than five days	454
before the meeting. The notice shall identify the committee;	455
identify the chair ; state the date, time, and place at	456
which the meeting will be held; and set forth an agenda showing	457
each bill, resolution, or other matter that will be considered	458
at the meeting.	459
(b) It is not in order for a committee to meet at a date,	460

time, or place, or to consider any bill, resolution, or other

matter at a meeting, other than as stated in the notice of the	462
meeting, unless otherwise ordered by the House or the committee.	463
If, however, an emergency requires consideration of a matter at	464
a meeting, and the matter has not been stated in the notice of	465
the meeting, the <u>chairman</u> chair may revise or supplement the	466
notice at any time before or during the meeting to include the	467
matter and the matter may then be considered as the emergency	468
requires.	469
(c) The rule is cumulative with respect to, and amplifies,	470
section 101.15 of the Revised Code.	471
(d) No committee shall sit during the daily session of the	472
House, unless by special leave of the House. A committee may sit	473
during a recess from the daily session of the House.	474
Rule 37. (Public hearing required.) (a) All House bills	475
and resolutions introduced on or before the fifteenth day of May	476
in an even-numbered year, and in compliance with the rules of	477
the House, shall be referred to a standing, select, or special	478
committee or standing subcommittee, and shall be scheduled by	479
the <u>chairman_chair_of</u> the committee for a minimum of one public	480
hearing.	481
(b) The sponsor of a bill or resolution shall appear at	482
least once before the committee that is considering the bill or	483
resolution unless excused by the chair_chair_of the committee	484
or the Speaker. It is not in order for the committee to report	485
the bill or resolution unless its sponsor has appeared or has	486
been excused from appearing before the committee.	487
Rule 38. (Fiscal notes and analyses to be made public.)	488
Any fiscal note and any bill analysis prepared by the staff of	489

the Legislative Service Commission, that has been made available

to committee members, shall also be made available to the public

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under section 101.30 of the Revised Code.

Rule 39. (Synopsis of substitute bill required.) Whenever 493 a substitute bill is accepted by a committee or subcommittee for 494 consideration, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission 495 shall prepare and make available to the committee or 496 subcommittee, a synopsis that summarizes each substantive 497 498 difference between the substitute bill and the preceding version 499 of the bill, and a synopsis that summarizes the difference in fiscal impact between the substitute bill and the preceding 500 version of the bill. The staff of the Legislative Service 501 Commission shall make these synopses available to the committee 502 before the committee or subcommittee votes on the bill, unless 503 the committee or subcommittee orders otherwise. 504

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Rule 40. (Fiscal analysis; committee vote required.) (a)

Before the vote on reporting a bill is taken by a committee, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission shall make available to the committee chairmanchair, who shall make available to all members of the committee, for their review, a fiscal impact statement that addresses the impact of the bill upon state and local government. This requirement applies to a bill only if section 103.143 of the Revised Code also applies to the bill.

This requirement is cumulative with respect to section 103.143 of the Revised Code; however, a local impact statement prepared under that section may be used also to fulfill the requirement of this rule in whole or in part.

(b) The affirmative votes of a majority of all members 517 constituting a committee shall be necessary to report a bill or 518 resolution out of committee, and a record of every vote shall be 519 kept by the committee. The affirmative vote of a majority of all 520 the members constituting the committee shall be necessary to 521 agree to any motion to recommend for passage or to postpone 522

indefinitely further consideration of bills or resolutions, and	523
a record of such vote shall be kept by the committee. Every	524
member present shall vote unless excused by the committee.	525
Rule 41. (Voting; consecutive absences; incurrences of	526
expense.) (a) No proxy vote shall be valid. Nor shall any member	527
vote except while sitting in committee in actual session, unless	528
the member shall have first been present and recorded as such	529
<pre>immediately before or during actual session before the vote is</pre>	530
taken, and by motion the roll call on a motion to recommend a	531
bill or resolution for passage is continued for a vote by any	532
member who is temporarily absent from the meeting until the	533
adjournment thereof, which shall be not later than 12:00 o'clock	534
noon one day following the committee meeting. It is not in order	535
for a member to vote on an amendment unless the member is	536
actually present when the amendment is voted upon.	537
(b) Three consecutive absences from regular committee	538
meetings shall operate to suspend a member from such committee,	539
unless excused by the chairman chair of said committee.	540
(c) No committee or member thereof shall be permitted to	541
incur any expense without first receiving the consent of the	542
Speaker.	543
Rule 42. (Amendments.) Any paragraph, except one which	544
contains the enacting, amending, or repealing clause, or the	545
title, once amended during any meeting of a committee, other	546
than by passage of a corrective or omnibus amendment, shall not	547
be amended again. For the purpose of this rule, appropriation	548
items shall be considered separate paragraphs and the chairman-	549
<pre>chair shall determine what are corrective and omnibus</pre>	550
amendments. This rule does not prohibit the acceptance of	551
substitute bills.	552

COMMITTEE RECORDS AND REPORTS 553 Rule 43. (Record to be kept.) Each committee shall keep a 554 record of committee attendance and the names of all persons who 555 speak before the committee, with the names of the persons, 556 firms, associations, or corporations in whose behalf they 557 appear. A record of every vote shall be kept by the committee. 558 Rule 44. (Records open to examination; filing of records.) 559 During the period of sessions, committee records shall be open 560 for examination by any member of the House. At reasonable times 561 and subject to adequate safeguards established by the chairman 562 chair to protect and preserve such records, any citizen of Ohio 563 may also examine committee records. Upon final adjournment of 564 the House, the committee records shall be filed with the Clerk, 565 to be kept for a period of two years, after which time said 566 records shall be filed with the Legislative Service Commission. 567 Rule 45. (Committee reports.) (a) All reports to the House 568 shall be signed by a majority of the entire committee, except 569 that a standing subcommittee, except Finance and Appropriations-570 Subcommittees, created by these rules may consider bills 571 assigned to it by the Rules and Reference Committee for hearing 572 and a majority of said subcommittee may approve such reports to 573 the House. The secretary shall add to said report the names of 574 those who voted "no." No member shall sign a committee report 575 who was not present at the meeting at which such action was 576 taken and who did not vote in support of such action. 577 (b) The legislative staff assigned to the chairman chair 578 of the committee shall prepare, file, and maintain the minutes 579 of every regular or special meeting of a committee. The 580 committee, at its next regular or special meeting, shall approve 581 the minutes prepared, filed, and maintained by the legislative 582

staff, or, if the minutes prepared, filed, and maintained by the

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legislative staff require correction before their approval, the	584
committee shall correct and approve the minutes at the next	585
following regular or special meeting. The committee shall make	586
the minutes available for public inspection not later than seven	587
days after the meeting the minutes reflect or not later than the	588
committee's next regular or special meeting, whichever occurs	589
first, and upon making the minutes available shall immediately	590
file a copy of the minutes with the Clerk.	591

Rule 46. (Filing of reports; inclusion of bills or resolutions.) All committee reports shall be filed with the Clerk, shall be signed by a majority of the committee, and shall be accompanied by the original bill or resolution. Each committee may include in a single report more than one bill or resolution; provided, however, that any bill or resolution amended by a committee or any substitute measure recommended by a committee shall be on a separate report. These reports shall be presented to the House and entered upon the Journal. For each day a committee meets, the committee secretary shall file with the Clerk a report of all actions of the committee taken that day, including a list of bills heard and reports received.

DUTIES AND DECORUM OF MEMBERS

Rule 48. (Members desiring to speak.) (a) When a member is about to speak in debate or present any matter to the House, the member shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker, confine remarks to the question under debate, and avoid personalities. All debate must be addressed to the Speaker or presiding officer and not to members.

(b) Except as provided in Rule 7, no motion is in order by

a member if made at the conclusion of a speech by said member

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unless the House gives unanimous consent.

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Rule 49. (From where members may speak.) A member may	614
speak either from the member's seat, or from the seat of any	615
other member, tendered the member for this purpose, or, upon	616
approval of the Speaker or presiding officer, from the well of	617
the House.	618
Rule 50. (How long member may speak.) No member shall	619
speak upon any single question, bill, or resolution more than a	620
total of twenty minutes on any one legislative day.	621
Rule 51. (Member called to order; question of order;	622
stating question of order.) (a) If any member, in speaking, or	623
otherwise, transgresses the rules of the House, the Speaker or	624
presiding officer shall call the offending member to order. The	625
member so called to order shall take the member's seat	626
immediately, unless permitted by the Speaker or presiding	627
officer to explain. Any member may, by raising the point of	628
order, call the attention of the Speaker or presiding officer to	629
such transgression. If a member be called to order by another	630
member for offensive words spoken in debate, the member calling	631
the member to order shall, if the Speaker or presiding officer	632
so requires, reduce the objectionable language to writing.	633
(b) All questions of order and procedure shall be decided	634
by the Speaker without debate, but such decision shall be	635
subject to appeal to the House by any member if supported by	636
four or more other members; on which appeal, no member shall	637
speak more than once, unless by leave of the House, except the	638
member appealing who may speak twice; and the Speaker may speak	639
in preference to any other member. If the decision be in favor	640
of the member called to order, the member shall be at liberty to	641
proceed.	642
(c) Any member who raises a question of order shall state	643
the rule, statute, or constitutional provision which the member	644

believes is being violated. 645 Rule 52. (Call of the House, how demanded.) (a) While 646 transacting the business of the House as set forth by the 647 Committee on Rules and Reference and appropriately placed on the 648 calendar, the Speaker or presiding officer or any two members 649 may demand a call of the House, and upon such call being 650 demanded, the roll shall be taken and the absentees shall be 651 noted and sent for, unless otherwise ordered by the House. 652 (b) While the House is under call, the doors shall be 653 closed and no other business shall be transacted, except to 654 receive and act on the report of the Sergeant-at-arms, which the 655 Sergeant-at-arms may make at any time. Those members who are 656 found to be absent without leave shall be taken into custody 657 forthwith by the Sergeant-at-arms or the Sergeant-at-arms's 658 assistants wherever found, and brought to the Hall of the House. 659 (c) When the Sergeant-at-arms shall make a report showing 660 that those who were absent without leave (naming them) are 661 present, such report shall be entered upon the Journal and 662 thereupon the pending business shall proceed. A call of the 663 House may be dispensed with at any time by a majority vote of 664 the members present, and further proceedings under the call 665 dispensed with. 666 Rule 53. (Statement of division of question.) Any member 667 may call for a statement of the question, or for a division of 668 the question; and the decision of the Speaker or presiding 669 officer as to the divisibility shall be subject to appeal, as in 670 the case of questions of order. 671 Rule 54. (Personal privilege.) Subject to Rule 10, any 672

member may rise to explain a matter personal to self, and on

stating it is a matter of personal privilege, the member shall

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be recognized by the Speaker or presiding officer, but shall not	675
discuss a question or issue in such explanation. Such	676
explanation shall not consume more than five minutes of time	677
unless extended by consent of the House. Matters of personal	678
privilege shall yield only to a motion to recess or adjourn.	679
Rule 55. (Member may read from books, etc.) Any member,	680
while discussing a question, may read from books, papers,	681
physical or electronic documents, or any matter pertinent to the	682
subject under consideration, without asking leave.	683
Rule 56. (Conduct of members.) While the Speaker or	684
presiding officer is putting any question or addressing the	685
House, no one shall walk across the Hall of the House, and when	686
a member is speaking, no one shall pass between the member and	687
the Chair. No member or other person, except the Clerk and the	688
Clerk's assistants, shall be allowed at the Clerk's desk while	689
the votes are being recorded or counted.	690
VOTING PROCEDURE	691
Rule 57. (Members must vote.) (a) Except as otherwise	692
provided in this rule, every member present when the question is	693
put shall vote unless excused by the House or unless the member	694
is the presiding officer and decides not to vote.	695
(b) A request to be excused from voting shall be	696
accompanied by a brief written statement of the reasons for	697
making such request, which shall be acted upon by the House	698
without debate.	699
Rule 58. (Yeas and nays, how demanded.) (a) Any member may	700
make a motion to call the yeas and nays upon any question,	701
before the House votes upon a question, when such motion is	702
supported, specifically, by at least one additional member; and	703
upon the call of the yeas and nays, the Speaker or presiding	704

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officer shall order the Clerk to call the names of the members alphabetically or use the electric roll call system to record the vote of the members. No member shall vote by facsimile or electronic means other than those electronic devices used by the House in conducting its business. When once begun, voting shall not be interrupted. After the vote is announced, no member shall be allowed to change the member's vote, nor may a member have the member's vote recorded if any three members object thereto.

- (b) Before the vote on passage of a bill is taken by the House, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission shall make available to the Speaker or presiding officer, who shall make available to all members of the House, for their review, a fiscal impact statement that addresses the impact of the bill upon state and local government. This requirement applies to a bill only if section 103.143 of the Revised Code also applies to the bill. This requirement is cumulative with respect to section 103.143 of the Revised Code; however, a local impact statement prepared under that section may be used also to fulfill the requirement of this rule in whole or in part.
- (c) When taking the yeas and nays on any question to be voted upon, the electric roll call system may be used, and when so used, shall have the same force and effect as a roll call taken as otherwise provided in these rules.
- (d) When the House is ready to vote upon any question requiring a roll call and the vote is to be taken by the electric roll call system, the Speaker or presiding officer shall state the question to be voted on and shall call for the vote. The House shall then proceed to vote. At this instant, the Speaker or presiding officer shall direct the Clerk to unlock the machine causing a bell to be sounded notifying the members of the roll call. When sufficient time has been allowed the

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members to vote, the Speaker or presiding officer shall ask	736
whether all members have voted and shall direct the Clerk to	737
lock the machine and record the vote. The Clerk shall advise the	738
Speaker or presiding officer of the result of the vote, and the	739
Speaker or presiding officer shall announce the result to the	740
House. The Clerk shall enter upon the Journal the result in the	741
manner provided by the rules of the House.	742
Rule 59. (Voting for another member prohibited.) No proxy	743
vote is valid. No member shall vote for another member, nor	744
shall any person not a member cast a vote for a member. In	745
addition to such penalties as may be prescribed by law, any	746
member who shall vote or attempt to vote for another member may	747
be punished in such manner as the Speaker shall bring before the	748
House to determine. If a person not a member shall vote or	749
attempt to vote for any member, the person shall be barred from	750
the House for the remainder of the session and may be further	751
punished in such manner as the Speaker may deem proper, in	752
addition to such punishment as may be prescribed by law.	753
Rule 60. (Explanation of vote.) A member desiring to	754
explain the member's vote shall make a request therefor, before	755
the House divides or before the call of the yeas and nays is	756
commenced. If such request is granted by unanimous consent of	757
the members of the House, such statement shall not consume more	758
than two minutes of time; nor shall arguments for or against the	759
question be made in the statement. After the roll is closed as	760
provided in Rule 58, no member may explain the member's vote,	761
either orally or in writing.	762
INTRODUCTION AND PROCEDURE ON MEASURES	763

Rule 61. (Introduction of bills.) (a) All bills to be

introduced in the House shall be filed in the Clerk's office, in

a number of copies or electronically as determined by the Clerk,

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not later than one hour prior to the time set for the next 767 convening session. No bill shall be accepted by the Clerk for 768 filing until it has been reviewed as to form by the Legislative 769 Service Commission, unless otherwise approved by the Speaker. 770

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- (b) When the time for introducing bills is reached in the regular order of business, the Clerk shall report each of said bills in the order received by the Clerk in the same manner as if the bills were introduced from the floor.
- (c) If opposition to the bill be expressed by any member on first consideration, the question shall be put by the Speaker or presiding officer, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If the bill is not rejected by a majority vote of the members present, it shall proceed in the regular order. The question of consideration shall be decided without debate.
- (d) Bills introduced prior to the convening of the session 781 under this rule shall be treated as if they were bills 782 introduced on the first day of the session. Between the general 783 election and the time for the next convening session, a member-784 elect may file bills for introduction in the next session with 785 the Clerk. The Clerk shall number such bills consecutively, in 786 the order in which they are filed, beginning with the number 787 "1". 788

Rule 62. (Referral to Rules and Reference Committee.) When 789 a bill has been considered the first time, it shall be referred 790 to the Rules and Reference Committee, which shall consider the 791 same and report its recommendation to the House. If it be 792 apparent to said committee that any bill is of a frivolous 793 nature, or that it was not introduced in good faith, or that it 794 is in conflict with or a duplication of an existing statute 795 without making proper provision for the repeal or amendment of 796 such existing statute, said committee shall report said bill 797 H. R. No. 10 Page 28 As Offered

back to the House for its return to the author with a notation	798
thereon of the reason for its return. The House may, by a	799
majority vote, order any such bill referred to an appropriate	800
committee; otherwise, it shall be returned by the Clerk to the	801
author, and the Clerk shall make note of the fact in the	802
Journal.	803
Rule 63. (Report back by Rules and Reference Committee.)	804
All bills which are not returned to the author in accordance	805
with Rule 62, shall be reported back to the House by the Rules	806
and Reference Committee, with recommendation for reference to	807
the proper committee of the House. The Rules and Reference	808
Committee shall make a written report to the House of its action	809
on each bill referred to it, and such report shall be entered on	810
the Journal of the House. If the report of the Rules and	811
Reference Committee is accepted, the bills standing in order for	812
second consideration are deemed to have been considered a second	813
time, and are referred to committee as recommended in the	814
report.	815
Rule 65. (Bills carrying appropriations.) All bills	816
carrying an appropriation shall be referred to the Finance and	817
Appropriations Committee for consideration and report before	818
being considered the third time.	819
Rule 66. (Third consideration.) When a bill is ordered to	820
be engrossed it shall be placed upon the Calendar, unless the	821
House by a majority vote otherwise orders, and the Calendar for	822
each day shall contain a list of all bills for third	823
consideration on the succeeding day.	824
The Rules and Reference Committee of the House shall have	825
the power to arrange the Calendar from day to day. The Rules and	826
Reference Committee shall set the Calendar for a session not	827
later than twenty-four hours before that session is scheduled to	828

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begin, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the House.	829
Rule 66A. (Conference committee reports carrying	830
appropriations.) All conference committee reports carrying an	831
appropriation shall lie over two calendar days before being	832
considered, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the House.	833
Rule 67. (Information on Calendar.) If a bill or	834
resolution has been amended prior to its third consideration,	835
the date and page of the House or Senate Journal containing said	836
amendment shall be noted on the Calendar immediately below the	837
title of the bill or resolution. A copy of the amendments or a	838
copy of the section or sections amended with the amendment	839
incorporated shall be supplied each member of the House at the	840
time of third consideration unless the amendments are not of a	841
substantive nature or the bill or resolution has been reprinted	842
to incorporate the amendments.	843
Rule 68. (Synopsis of Senate amendments before vote.)	844
Rule 68. (Synopsis of Senate amendments before vote.) Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in	844 845
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in	845
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of	845 846
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by	845 846 847
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a	845 846 847 848
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate	845 846 847 848 849
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House.	845 846 847 848 849
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House. Before a vote is taken upon a conference committee report, the	845 846 847 848 849 850
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House. Before a vote is taken upon a conference committee report, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise	845 846 847 848 849 850 851
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House. Before a vote is taken upon a conference committee report, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall	845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House. Before a vote is taken upon a conference committee report, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis that summarizes the recommendations of the	845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House. Before a vote is taken upon a conference committee report, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis that summarizes the recommendations of the conference committee. The staff of the Legislative Service	845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854
Before a vote is taken upon the question of concurrence in Senate amendments to a House bill or resolution, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis of any substantive amendments made by a Senate committee to the bill or resolution as passed by the House. Before a vote is taken upon a conference committee report, the staff of the Legislative Service Commission, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the members elected to the House, shall prepare a synopsis that summarizes the recommendations of the conference committee. The staff of the Legislative Service Commission shall prepare and make such a synopsis available to	845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855

amendments made by the Senate during its third consideration of	860
the bill or resolution unless the amendments are Clerk's	861
amendments or the bill or resolution has been reprinted to	862
incorporate the amendments.	863
As used in this rule, "Clerk's amendment" has the meaning	864
defined in Rule 71.	865
Rule 69. (Senate bills.) All Senate bills, when altered	866
or amended by the House, shall be engrossed in a like manner as	867
House bills preparatory to their third consideration, and all	868
bills ordered to be engrossed shall be authenticated as required	869
by the joint rules.	870
Rule 70. (Questions on third consideration; bills with	871
objections of Governor.) (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the	872
House, bills on the Calendar for third consideration shall be	873
taken up and read in their order without a motion to that	874
effect, and the question shall be put as to whether the bill	875
shall pass.	876
(b)(1) Whenever a bill has been disapproved by the	877
Governor and returned to the House with the Governor's	878
objections thereto noted in writing, the question may be put as	879
to whether the bill shall pass, notwithstanding the objections	880
of the Governor, in accordance with Section 16 of Article II of	881
the Constitution of Ohio.	882
(2) Whenever an item of a bill making an appropriation of	883
money has been disapproved and returned to the House by the	884
Governor, the question may be put as to whether the item shall	885
pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor, in	886
accordance with Section 16 of Article II of the Constitution of	887
Ohio. Whenever two or more items of a bill making an	888
appropriation of money have been disapproved and returned to the	889

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House by the Governor, the question may be put to take up for	890
consideration the repassage of one or more of the items. Each	891
item so considered shall be voted upon separately.	892
Rule 71. (Amendments on third consideration.) (a) After a	893
bill has been considered the third time and is up for	894
consideration, it may be amended in any part.	895
(b) All amendments An amendment offered to any bill or	896
resolution from the floor of the House—shall be written and <u>is</u>	897
not in order unless one paper copy of the amendment was	898
submitted to the Clerk not later than two hours before the	899
scheduled time for the beginning of the session at which the	900
amendment is offered, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of	901
the House.	902
(c) Every amendment submitted on the floor of the House	903
that is determined to be in order shall be considered.	904
(d) A member desiring to offer an amendment to any pending	905
proposition shall proceed as follows: the member shall prepare	906
the text of the proposed amendment designating the line or lines	907
where the member desires the proposed amendments to be placed,	908
and then proceed under Rule 48, saying "move to amend," or words	909
of similar import.	910
(e) A "Clerk's amendment" is an amendment that makes a	911
technical or typographical change of a nonsubstantive nature,	912
such as correcting a spelling error, correcting inconsistent	913
paragraph lettering, or incorporating the latest version of a	914
section of law that was amended after the bill was drafted.	915
Rule 72. (When bill may be recommitted.) After the	916
reference to a committee and a report thereon to the House, or	917
at any time before its passage, a bill may be recommitted to a	918
committee.	919

Rule 73. (Order on Calendar.) Bills for their third	920
consideration, and all special orders, shall be placed upon the	921
Calendar in the order or priority in which the order is made,	922
save and except all bills or resolutions from the further	923
consideration of which a committee has been discharged, which	924
said bills or resolutions shall be placed on the Calendar for	925
consideration upon the second legislative day after the motion	926
to discharge has been agreed to.	927
Rule 74. (Unfinished business.) Bills for their third	928
consideration on a particular day, not reached on that day,	929
shall be placed first on the Calendar in the order of third	930
consideration on each succeeding day, until disposed of.	931
Rule 75. (Taking bill out of order.) No bill upon the	932
Calendar shall be taken up out of its order thereon, unless	933
otherwise ordered by a majority vote upon motion.	934
Rule 76. (Titles of passed bills.) When a bill has passed	935
the House, the Clerk shall read its title and the Speaker or	936
presiding officer shall inquire if the House agrees to the	937
title; and if the House is agreed, the Clerk shall make out the	938
title accordingly, and shall certify the passage of the bill	939
upon the back thereof.	940
Rule 77. (House resolutions.) (a) All House joint	941
resolutions which do not propose to amend the Ohio Constitution,	942
or which do not propose to ratify an amendment to the United	943
States Constitution, and all House concurrent resolutions and	944
all House resolutions (hereinafter resolutions) shall be filed	945
with the Clerk in a number of copies or electronically as	946
determined by the Clerk. Thereupon, the Clerk shall submit the	947
resolutions to the Committee on Rules and Reference, except that	948
the Clerk shall submit all resolutions having a congratulatory,	949
commendatory, or other similar purpose to the presiding officer.	950

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(b) Upon receipt from the Clerk of resolutions having a	951
congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose, the	952
presiding officer may bring up the resolutions for immediate	953
consideration or may refer the resolutions to the Committee on	954
Rules and Reference.	955

If the presiding officer refers resolutions having a congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose to the Committee on Rules and Reference, the Committee on Rules and Reference shall report for adoption, report for introduction and referral, or report for other action, any and all such resolutions. The committee also is authorized not to report any or all of such resolutions having a congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose.

Upon receipt from the Clerk of a resolution, other than one having a congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar purpose, and not later than forty-five days after the resolution was filed with the Clerk, the Committee on Rules and Reference shall report the resolution for adoption or for introduction and referral.

- (c) In reporting resolutions for adoption, the Rules and Reference Committee shall have the power to include more than one resolution in any report. A report containing more than one resolution shall list the resolutions by title only. Those resolutions reported for adoption relating to present or past members of the General Assembly or present or past elected state officials shall be reported automatically and separately and shall be read. Sponsors desiring other resolutions to be reported separately for adoption must request such action of the Rules and Reference Committee.
- (d) All reports by the Rules and Reference Committee on 980 the adoption of resolutions shall be entertained only under the 981

item of business, "Motions and Resolutions." Such reports shall	982
be voted on in their entirety on the day of the report, and	983
require only one roll call or voice vote. Titles to such	984
resolutions contained in the report may be amended on the Floor.	985
(e) Resolutions reported for introduction and referral by	986
the Rules and Reference Committee shall be contained in one	987
report, shall be listed by title only, and shall indicate to	988
what committee the particular resolutions are to be referred.	989
All reports on the introduction of resolutions by the Rules and	990
Reference Committee shall be entertained only under the item of	991
business, "Motions and Resolutions." Such reports shall be voted	992
on in their entirety on the day of the report, and require only	993
one roll call or voice vote.	994
(f) All House joint resolutions which propose to amend the	995
Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an amendment to	996
the United States Constitution, shall, for the purpose of House	997
consideration, be treated as though they were bills.	998
Rule 78. (Senate joint or concurrent resolutions.) (a)	999
Upon receipt of a message advising the House that the Senate has	1000
adopted a Senate concurrent resolution, or Senate joint	1001
resolution which does not propose to amend the Ohio	1002
Constitution, or which does not propose to ratify an amendment	1003
to the United States Constitution, the presiding officer may	1004
bring such resolution up for immediate consideration, or may	1005
refer such resolution to the Committee on Rules and Reference.	1006
(b) Upon receipt of such resolution, the Committee on	1007
Rules and Reference shall have the power to:	1008
1. report for adoption;	1009

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2. report for referral; or

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3. report for other action	1011
any or all such resolutions. The Committee shall also have the	1012
power not to report any or all such resolutions. The procedure	1013
in reporting such resolutions shall be the same as the procedure	1014
used to report House resolutions.	1015
(c) All Senate joint resolutions which propose to amend	1016
the Constitution of Ohio, or which propose to ratify an	1017
amendment to the United States Constitution, shall, for the	1018
purpose of House consideration, be treated as though they were	1019
bills.	1020
Rule 79. (When yeas and nays taken on resolutions.) Upon	1021
the adoption of a resolution involving the expenditure of money,	1022
or which determines or involves the right of a member to a seat	1023
in the House, the yeas and nays shall be taken and entered on	1024
the Journal, and the text of the resolution shall be spread upon	1025
the Journal. Such resolutions shall require a majority of all	1026
members elected to the House for adoption except when a greater	1027
majority is required by the Constitution.	1028
QUESTIONS AND MOTIONS	1029
Rule 80. (Questions.) All questions, whether in committee	1030
or before the House, except privileged questions, shall be put	1031
in the order in which they are made.	1032
The call for the vote shall be distinctly put in this	1033
form, "Those in favor of (as the question may be) say 'yes',"	1034
and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "Those of a	1035
contrary opinion say 'no'." If the Speaker or presiding officer	1036
is in doubt, or a division be called for, the House shall divide	1037
and a roll call be taken. The Speaker or presiding officer shall	1038
announce the results.	1039

Rule 81. (Motions.) (a) Every motion shall be reduced to	1040
writing, if the Speaker or presiding officer or any two members	1041
shall so request. A motion that is required to be in writing is	1042
not in order unless the writing has been filed with the Clerk. A	1043
motion that requires the signatures of members is not in order	1044
unless it contains original signatures. No motion may be made	1045
via facsimile or other electronic means other than those	1046
electronic devices used by the House in conducting its business.	1047
(b) When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the	1048
Speaker or presiding officer; or being in writing, it shall be	1049
read by the Clerk before debate is had. Such motion may, by	1050
leave of the House, be withdrawn at any time before a decision	1051
thereon or an amendment thereto is made.	1052
(c) A motion to take from the table is in order only if	1053
the rules are suspended for that purpose.	1054
Rule 82. (Motions which take precedence.) When a question	1055
is under consideration no motion shall be in order, except the	1056
following, which motions shall have precedence in the following	1057
order:	1058
1. To adjourn.	1059
2. To take a recess.	1060
3. To reconsider.	1061
4. To proceed to the orders of the day.	1062
5. To lay on the table.	1063
6. To call for the previous question.	1064
7. To postpone to a day certain.	1065
8. To commit or to refer.	1066

9. To amend.	1067
10. To postpone indefinitely.	1068
Rule 83. (No debate permitted.) The following questions	1069
shall be decided without debate:	1070
1. To adjourn.	1071
2. To take a recess.	1072
3. To lay on the table.	1073
4. The previous question.	1074
5. To take from the table.	1075
6. To go into committee of the whole on the orders of the	1076
day.	1077
7. All questions relating to the priority of business.	1078
8. The question of consideration.	1079
9. The suspension of rules.	1080
Rule 84. (No motion during roll call.) No member shall be	1081
allowed to explain the member's vote or discuss the question	1082
being voted upon, while the vote is being taken. After the Clerk	1083
has commenced to take the vote on any question, no motion shall	1084
be in order until a decision has been announced by the Chair.	1085
Rule 85. (Motions to refer to committee.) When a motion is	1086
made to refer to a committee, if more than one committee is	1087
suggested, the motion shall be put for reference to the	1088
committees suggested, in the order in which they are named; but	1089
a motion to refer to the committee of the whole, to a standing	1090
committee, or a select committee shall have precedence in the	1091
order herein named. A motion to refer to a committee may not be	1092
reconsidered	1093

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Rule 86. (Motions to lie over one day.) Motions to	1094
discharge committees of further consideration of bills and	1095
resolutions shall lie over one legislative day before being	1096
considered.	1097
Rule 87. (Motion to discharge a committee.) (a) A motion	1098
to discharge a committee of further consideration of a bill or	1099
resolution which has been referred to such committee thirty	1100
calendar days or more prior thereto shall be in order under the	1101
order of business, "Motions and Resolutions." Such motion shall	1102
be in writing and deposited in the office of the Clerk.	1103
(b) To initiate a discharge motion a member shall obtain	1104
from the Clerk a blank discharge motion and designate the bill	1105
to which the discharge motion applies. Before such motion may be	1106
filed with the Clerk, there shall be attached thereto the	1107
signatures of a majority of the members elected to the House.	1108
The member initiating the discharge motion personally shall-	1109
circulate the motion and witness the signature of each <u>Each</u>	1110
member who signs the motion shall do so in the presence of the	1111
Clerk or an assistant of the Clerk.	1112
(c) The Clerk shall verify each signature on the motion.	1113
Such motion, together with the signatures thereto, shall be	1114
printed in the Journal as of the day upon which the motion was	1115
filed with the Clerk.	1116
(d) Only one discharge motion can be presented for each	1117
bill or resolution.	1118
Rule 88. (Motion not to be repeated.) A motion to adjourn,	1119
a motion to postpone to a day certain, or a motion to postpone	1120
indefinitely being decided in the negative, shall not again be	1121
in order until after some motion, call, order, or debate shall	1122
have taken place.	1123

Rule 89. (Motion to introduce, when.) No motion to	1124
introduce or refer a bill or resolution of any type shall be in	1125
order except as provided elsewhere in these Rules.	1126
Rule 90. (Motion to delete and insert, indivisible.) A	1127
motion to delete and insert shall be deemed indivisible.	1128
Rule 91. (Amendments.) (a) Every amendment proposed must	1129
be germane to the subject of the proposition or to the section	1130
or paragraph to be amended.	1131
(b) When an amendment is pending, it shall not be in order	1132
to amend the amendment by directing an amendment to any other	1133
part of the bill.	1134
(c) An amendment may be amended, but an amendment to an	1135
amendment may not be amended.	1136
(d) If the presiding officer determines that an amendment	1137
contains two or more distinct and separate subjects, such	1138
amendment may be divided upon the demand of any one member. If	1139
an amendment is divided, each branch of the divided amendment	1140
shall be considered as though it was introduced as an original	1141
amendment.	1142
(e) A vote to table an amendment or an amendment to an	1143
amendment shall not carry with it the measure sought to be	1144
amended.	1145
(f) Any paragraph, except one which contains the enacting,	1146
amending, or repealing clause, or the title, once amended during	1147
the same third consideration, other than by the passage of	1148
Clerk's amendments, shall not be amended again. For the purpose	1149
of this paragraph appropriation line items shall be considered	1150
separate paragraphs.	1151
(g) As used in this rule, "Clerk's amendment" has the	1152

meaning defined in Rule 71.	1153
Rule 92. (Substitute as amendment.) Substitutes for bills	1154
or resolutions for the purpose of amendments shall be treated as	1155
original propositions, shall be offered in a number of copies or	1156
electronically as determined by the Clerk, and shall retain the	1157
same status as the original bill.	1158
Rule 93. (Amendments by committees.) All amendments made	1159
in committee shall carry the name of the author of the	1160
amendment, and the report of any committee reporting a bill or	1161
resolution to the House shall indicate clearly the name of the	1162
author of the amendment which shall be entered in the Journal.	1163
Amendments made by committees and adopted by the House shall be	1164
subject to further amendment. The right to amend any bill or	1165
resolution shall extend to any matters added to or stricken from	1166
such bill or resolution by a committee.	1167
Rule 94. (Amendments to titles.) (a) Amendments to the	1168
title of a House or Senate bill may be offered in committee or	1169
on third consideration and shall be decided without debate,	1170
provided that upon third consideration a motion to amend the	1171
title may be made by a sponsor; but no amendments shall change	1172
the subject dealt with in the original title. Amendments to the	1173
title of a House or Senate bill offered on third consideration	1174
may be made by electronic means when permitted by the Speaker or	1175
presiding officer.	1176
(b) Immediately after the House has voted to concur in	1177
Senate amendments to a bill or resolution, and immediately after	1178
the House has voted to accept a conference committee report, a	1179
Representative may remove the Representative's name from the	1180
bill or resolution by rising and stating this desire to the	1181
Speaker or presiding officer. The Clerk shall thereupon remove	1182

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the Representative's name from the bill or resolution.

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(c) Amendments to the title of a resolution, other than	1184
one having a congratulatory, commendatory, or other similar	1185
purpose, may be offered on the floor and may be made by	1186
electronic means when permitted by the Speaker or presiding	1187
officer. No amendment to the title of a resolution shall change	1188
the subject dealt with in the original title.	1189
RECONSIDERATION	1190
Rule 95. (Motion to reconsider.) (a) Any motion to	1191
reconsider the vote on a bill or resolution must be made by a	1192
member who voted with the prevailing side of the question. To be	1193
in order, such motion must be made not later than the second	1194
legislative day following that on which the vote was taken. The	1195
question of reconsideration, if left pending, shall be brought	1196
to a vote upon motion of the first-named House sponsor of the	1197
motion to reconsider and approval of the House.	1198
(b)(1) In the case of a motion to reconsider the vote on a	1199
bill or resolution which failed of passage or adoption, the	1200
motion must be supported by five members, or a sufficient number	1201
of members who either voted on the prevailing side or who did	1202
not previously vote on the question, to achieve a constitutional	1203
majority, whichever is less.	1204
(2) In the case of a motion to reconsider the vote on a	1205
bill or resolution which passed or was adopted, the motion must	1206
be supported only by members who voted with the prevailing side,	1207
and the motion must be supported by five members, or a	1208
sufficient number of members whose change of position would	1209
result in the failure to achieve a constitutional majority,	1210
whichever is less.	1211
(3) Reconsideration of a vote on a motion shall be	1212
initiated only by a member voting with the prevailing side and	1213

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to be in order, such motion must be made while the bill or	1214
resolution to which the motion is directed is still being	1215
considered.	1216
(c) The motion to reconsider shall take precedence over	1217
all other questions except a motion to adjourn or to recess, and	1218
debate shall be limited to the reason that the matter is to be	1219
reconsidered.	1220
(d) The question of reconsideration, having once been	1221
decided, shall not be again taken up for consideration, nor	1222
shall the bill, resolution, or motion, having once been	1223
reconsidered, be again taken up for consideration.	1224
Rule 96. (Vote necessary on reconsideration.) The vote on	1225
any question may be reconsidered by a majority of the members	1226
voting, a quorum being present.	1227
Rule 97. (Effect of defeat of motion.) When the vote on a	1228
bill or resolution is lost, and the vote is reconsidered, the	1229
measure shall not be committed thereafter to any other than a	1230
standing committee.	1231
Rule 98. (Procedure on motion.) Upon the adoption of a	1232
motion to reconsider, the Clerk immediately shall inform the	1233
House whether or not such bill or resolution is in the	1234
possession of the House. If the Clerk reports in the negative,	1235
the Clerk shall effect the return of such bill or resolution.	1236
When the measure is in the possession of the House, it shall be	1237
placed on the Calendar under the appropriate order of business.	1238
Rule 99. (Reconsideration of amendments after adoption of	1239
measure.) When it is desired to reconsider the vote on an	1240
amendment after the vote has been taken on the adoption of a	1241
main motion, it is necessary to reconsider the vote both on the	1242
main question and on the amendment. If it is desired to	1243

reconsider an amendment to an amendment after the latter has	1244
been adopted, both must be reconsidered in order to reach the	1245
amendment it is desired to reconsider. When it is thus necessary	1246
to reconsider two or three votes, one motion may be made to	1247
cover them all, but debate is limited to the question first	1248
voted upon.	1249
Rule 100. (Effect of tabling motion.) If a motion to	1250
reconsider be laid on the table, it does not carry the bill or	1251
resolution with it, and if a motion to reconsider is coupled	1252
with a motion to lay on the table, the motion to lay on the	1253
table shall be disposed of first; if decided in the negative,	1254
the motion to reconsider shall immediately recur.	1255
PREVIOUS QUESTION	1256
Rule 101. (How and when previous question put.) The	1257
previous question shall be in this form: "Shall the debate now	1258
close?" It shall be put after the motion is submitted to the	1259
presiding officer in writing and when the member submitting the	1260
motion is recognized, and supported by four or more members. The	1261
motion shall be sustained by a majority vote, and when put, and	1262
until decided, it shall preclude further debate on all	1263
amendments and motions, except one motion to adjourn, or one	1264
motion to lay on the table. If the previous question is demanded	1265
when an amendment to a bill or resolution is under	1266
consideration, the previous question shall apply only to the	1267
debate on the amendment.	1268
Rule 102. (No debate or appeal.) All incidental questions,	1269
or questions of order, arising after a motion is made for the	1270
previous question and pending such motion, shall be decided	1271
without debate, and shall not be subject to appeal.	1272

Rule 103. (Action after previous question order.) On a

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motion for the previous question, and prior to voting on the	1274
same, a call of the House shall be in order; but after the	1275
demand for the previous question shall have been sustained, no	1276
call shall be in order; and the House shall be brought at once	1277
to a vote upon the question immediately pending.	1278
Rule 104. (Action when not ordered.) If a motion for the	1279
previous question be not sustained, the subject under	1280
consideration shall be proceeded with the same as if the motion	1281
had not been made.	1282
COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE	1283
Rule 105. (Motion takes precedence.) When the House is	1284
ready to proceed to the orders of the day, a motion to go into	1285
the committee of the whole on the orders of the day has	1286
precedence over all other motions, except to adjourn, to take a	1287
recess, or for the previous question.	1288
Rule 105A. (Reference to committee of the whole.) When a	1289
bill has been referred to the committee of the whole, the House	1290
shall determine on what day it shall be considered by the	1291
committee of the whole.	1292
Rule 106. (Procedure of committee of the whole.) The	1293
entire membership of the House constitutes the committee of the	1294
whole. When the House meets as the committee of the whole, the	1295
Speaker may appoint in the Speaker's place a chairman <u>chair</u> w ho	1296
shall preside and vote as other members. In the committee of the	1297
whole, bills shall be read by the chairman <u>chair</u> or Clerk, and	1298
shall be considered section-by-section, unless it is directed	1299
otherwise by the committee, leaving the title to be considered	1300
last.	1301
Rule 107. (Amendments to be noted.) The body of the bill	1302

may not be defaced or interlined, but amendments shall be noted

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by the chairman chair or Clerk as they are agreed to by the	1304
committee of the whole and shall be so reported to the House.	1305
Rule 108. (Consideration of amendments.) When the House	1306
convenes again, following a meeting of committee of the whole,	1307
the amendments offered to the bill shall be taken up immediately	1308
for consideration, unless otherwise ordered by the House, and	1309
shall be again subject to discussion and amendment before the	1310
question of adoption may be put.	1311
PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE	1312
Rule 109. (Persons admitted to Hall of House.) No person	1313
shall be admitted to the Hall of the House except the Governor,	1314
members and employees of the two houses, persons charged with	1315
any message or <pre>paper document affecting the business of the</pre>	1316
House, the authorized representatives of the press, radio, and	1317
television, and those invited by a member with the approval of	1318
the Speaker or presiding officer or by the order of the House.	1319
No former member who is currently a legislative agent registered	1320
with the Office of the Legislative Inspector General shall have	1321
access to the floor without prior approval of the Speaker or	1322
presiding officer.	1323
Rule 110. (Use of Hall not to be granted.) The use of the	1324
Hall of the House shall not at any time, except by resolution,	1325
be granted for any other than legislative purposes. No committee	1326
shall use the Hall of the House for hearings, except upon	1327
permission previously granted by the House upon motion.	1328
Rule 111. (Representatives of the press, how admitted.)	1329
(a) Representatives of the press who are members of the	1330
Legislative Correspondents' Association are entitled to the	1331
privilege of the floor of the House, but shall notify the	1332
Speaker or presiding officer prior to exercising the privilege.	1333

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The Speaker or presiding officer, or, when the House is not in 1334 session, the Clerk, has authority to grant immediate access to 1335 the floor of the House to visiting members of the media. 1336

- (b) Representatives of the press desiring the privilege of 1337 the floor of the House who are not members of the Legislative 1338 Correspondents' Association shall make application to the 1339 1340 Speaker, and make application with the Legislative Correspondents' Association, and shall state, in writing, for 1341 what paper or papers, legislative information services, or 1342 magazines, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing they are 1343 employed; and further shall state that they are not engaged in 1344 the promotion of legislation or the prosecution of claims 1345 pending before the General Assembly, and will not become so 1346 engaged while allowed the privileges of the floor; and that they 1347 are not in any sense the agents or representatives of persons or 1348 corporations having legislation before the General Assembly, and 1349 will not become either while retaining their privileges. 1350 Visiting newswriters and editors and visiting magazine writers 1351 and editors may be allowed, temporarily, the privileges herein 1352 mentioned, but they must conform to the restrictions prescribed. 1353
- (c) The application required by division (b) of this rule 1354 shall be authenticated in a manner that shall be satisfactory to 1355 the executive committee of the Legislative Correspondents' 1356 Association, in the case of newspaper, legislative information 1357 service, and magazine representatives and in the case of 1358 representatives of any affiliate of any of the foregoing. It 1359 shall be the duty of the executive committee of the Legislative 1360 Correspondents' Association to see that the privileges of the 1361 floor shall be granted only to representatives of press 1362 associations serving daily newspaper clients, representatives of 1363 daily Columbus newspapers, and bona fide telegraphic 1364

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correspondents of reputable standing in their profession, who	1365
represent daily newspapers, or representatives of daily	1366
newspapers, or representatives of daily legislative information	1367
services, or representatives of magazines, or representatives of	1368
any affiliate of any of the foregoing, of known standing and	1369
integrity, organized for that one purpose and not controlled by	1370
or connected with any association, firm, corporation, or	1371
individual representing any trade, profession, or other	1372
commercial enterprise, and which have been in continuous and	1373
bona fide operation for such a period of years immediately prior	1374
to the date of making application for floor privileges as will	1375
have made possible the establishment of a reputation for honesty	1376
and integrity; and it shall be the duty of the executive	1377
committee of the Legislative Correspondents' Association, at its	1378
discretion, to report violations of the privileges herein	1379
granted to the Speaker. Persons whose chief attention is not	1380
given to newspaper correspondence, legislative information	1381
service, or magazine correspondence shall not be entitled to the	1382
privileges of the floor.	1383
(d)(1) No still photographing during the sessions of the	1384
House shall be permitted without notification of the Speaker and	1385
the Legislative Correspondents' Association prior to session.	1386
(2) No still photographing during committee hearings of	1387
the House shall be carried on without prior notification of and	1388
under conditions prescribed by the chairman chair of the	1389
committee.	1390
Rule 112. (Representatives of radio and television	1391
stations and broadcasting networks, how admitted.) (a)	1392
Representatives of radio and television stations and	1393
broadcasting networks who are members of the Radio and	1394

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Television Correspondents' Association are entitled to the

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privilege of the floor of the House, but shall notify the 1396

Speaker prior to exercising the privilege. The Speaker or 1397

presiding officer, or, when the House is not in session, the 1398

Clerk, has authority to grant immediate access to the floor of 1399

the House to visiting members of the media. 1400

- (b) Representatives of radio and television stations and 1401 broadcasting networks desiring the privilege of the floor of the 1402 House who are not members of the Radio and Television 1403 Correspondents' Association shall make application to the 1404 Speaker, and make application with the Radio and Television 1405 Correspondents' Association, and shall state, in writing, by 1406 what stations or broadcasting network they are employed; and 1407 further shall state that they are not engaged in the promotion 1408 of legislation or the prosecution of claims pending before the 1409 General Assembly, and will not become so engaged while allowed 1410 the privileges of the floor; and that they are not, in any 1411 sense, the agents or representatives of persons or corporations 1412 having legislation before the General Assembly, and will not 1413 become either while retaining their privileges. Visiting 1414 correspondents and editors may be allowed, temporarily, the 1415 privileges herein mentioned, but they must conform to the 1416 restrictions prescribed. 1417
- (c) The application required by division (b) of this rule 1418 shall be authenticated in a manner that shall be satisfactory to 1419 the officers of the Radio and Television Correspondents' 1420 Association of Ohio. It shall be the duty of the Radio and 1421 Television Correspondents' Association to see that the 1422 privileges of the floor shall be granted only to the 1423 representatives of stations and broadcasting networks serving 1424 radio and television stations or networks serving such radio and 1425 television stations as have been duly licensed by the Federal 1426

communications commission. It shall be the duty of the officers	1427
of the Radio and Television Correspondents' Association, at	1428
their discretion, to report violations of the privileges herein	1429
granted to the Speaker. Persons whose chief attention is not	1430
given to radio and television broadcasting shall not be entitled	1431
to the privileges of the floor.	1432
(d)(1) Except as provided in Rule 120, no video taping or	1433
filming of sessions of the House shall be carried on without the	1434
notification of the Speaker and the Radio and Television	1435
Correspondents' Association, and then only under the conditions	1436
authorized by the Speaker.	1437
(2) No video taping or filming of committee hearings of	1438
the House shall be carried on without the prior notification of	1439
and under conditions prescribed by the chairman chair of the	1440
committee.	1441
(e) Audio taping by representatives of the press and of	1442
radio and television stations and broadcasting networks	1443
accredited pursuant to Rules 111 and 112, shall be permitted	1444
during committee hearings upon prior notification of the	1445
committee <u>chairman</u> <u>chair</u> and during House floor sessions upon	1446
prior notification of the Speaker or presiding officer.	1447
(f) Live broadcast coverage of floor sessions may be	1448
conducted with prior notification of the Speaker or presiding	1449
officer, and under such conditions as the Speaker or presiding	1450
officer may establish. Live broadcast coverage of committee	1451
hearings may be conducted with prior notification of the	1452
Speaker, and under such conditions as the Speaker and committee	1453
chairman <u>chair</u> may establish.	1454
Rule 113. (Privileges of the House, how revoked.) Upon	1455

complaint in writing, made by any member of the House, addressed

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to the Speaker, that any person has abused the privileges	1457
granted the person, such complaint shall be referred to the	1458
standing Committee on Rules and Reference for investigation, and	1459
such committee shall notify the person so charged of the time	1460
and place for hearing; and if such accusation be sustained, such	1461
person or persons shall be barred from the privileges granted.	1462
RULES OF THE HOUSE	1463
Rule 114. (How amended.) The rules of the House may be	1464
amended. A member who desires to amend the rules shall prepare a	1465
resolution that sets forth the proposed amendment and file it	1466
with the Clerk in a number of copies to be determined by the	1467
Clerk. The Speaker or presiding officer shall announce the	1468
resolution at the next session of the House at which bills are	1469
given third consideration, and shall refer the resolution to the	1470
Committee on Rules and Reference. A majority of all members	1471
elected shall be required for the adoption of the resolution.	1472
Rule 115. (How suspended.) Any rule, or portion thereof,	1473
except Rule 2, and as otherwise noted, may be suspended by a	1474
two-thirds vote of all the members present.	1475
Rule 115A. (When effective.) These rules take effect upon	1476
adoption by the House and remain in effect until the rules of	1477
the House of Representatives for the 131st 132nd General	1478
Assembly are adopted.	1479
Rule 116. (Parliamentary guide.) Hughes' American	1480
Parliamentary Guide, 1931-1932, Revised New Edition, as	1481
amplified or clarified in Mason's Manual of Legislative	1482
Procedure (2010), shall govern in all cases not provided for in	1483
the foregoing rules.	1484
MISCELLANEOUS	1485

Rule 117. (Reintroduction of bill prohibited.) If a House	1486
bill or resolution is defeated or indefinitely postponed in the	1487
House it shall not be reintroduced during either annual session	1488
of the same General Assembly.	1489
Rule 118. (Reintroduction of bill permitted.) A bill which	1490
has been passed by the House and defeated or indefinitely	1491
postponed by the Senate, may be introduced during the subsequent	1492
calendar year of the same General Assembly provided it shall be	1493
in the identical language as that passed by the House. Upon	1494
motion made and approved by two-thirds majority, the bill shall	1495
be considered on three successive dates and voted upon by the	1496
House without reference to committee.	1497
Rule 119. (Index to bill authorized.) Any bill which, when	1498
introduced, consists of ten typewritten pages or more, may be	1499
accompanied by a printed index showing the contents of such	1500
bill.	1501
Rule 120. (Proceedings of the House public; exception.)	1502
"The proceedings of the House of Representatives shall be	1503
public, except in cases which, in the opinion of two-thirds of	1504
those present, require secrecy." (Article II, Section 13, Ohio	1505
Constitution.)	1506
Except in cases where secrecy has been approved, all	1507
proceedings of the House of Representatives while in voting	1508
session shall be broadcast by Ohio Government	1509
Telecommunications, and shall be archived. The use of any	1510
session or committee video in political or commercial activities	1511
is prohibited in all circumstances.	1512
Rule 121. (Committee meetings public.) Each committee and	1513
subcommittee shall give notice of each of its regular and	1514
special meetings in accordance with division (C) of section	1515

101.15 of the Revised Code as amplified in Rule 36.	1516
Each regular and special meeting of each committee and	1517
subcommittee shall be a public meeting that is open to the	1518
public at all times in accordance with division (B) of section	1519
101.15 of the Revised Code. Each committee and subcommittee	1520
shall prepare, file, and maintain; approve or correct and	1521
approve; and make available, minutes of each of its regular and	1522
special meetings in accordance with division (B) of section	1523
101.15 of the Revised Code.	1524
Rule 122. (LSC analyses and fiscal notes to be made	1525
available at third consideration.) The bill analysis prepared by	1526
the staff of the Legislative Service Commission that has been	1527
<pre>made available to the members of the House and the fiscal note,</pre>	1528
if a fiscal note has been prepared by the staff of the	1529
Legislative Service Commission, that has been and made available	1530
to the members of the House, shall be made available to the	1531
public by the Speaker or presiding officer when the bill to	1532
which the analysis or fiscal note pertains receives third	1533
consideration in the House.	1534
Rule 123. (Communications Use of personal electronic	1535
devices prohibited on House floor.) Except for uses authorized	1536
under Rule 112, no telephones or other electronic communication	1537
devices (except for those used by the House in conducting its	1538
business) may be used on the floor of the House of	1539
Representatives during session for communication with persons	1540
inside or outside the Hall of the House, unless authorized by	1541
the Speaker.	1542
(a) Personal electronic devices may be used on the floor	1543
of the House of Representatives during session to advance	1544
<u>legislative business</u> , so long as that use complies with the	1545
Joint Legislative Code of Ethics, avoids the appearance of	1546

impropriety, is respectful of the solemnity of the institution	1547
of the House, and does not disrupt the proceedings.	1548
(b) The Speaker, the Clerk, the Sergeant-at-arms, or their	1549
designees may take action to ensure that the use of personal	1550
electronic devices on the House floor complies with this rule.	1551
Rule 124. (Legal counsel.) If the House requires the	1552
services of legal counsel, the Speaker shall determine whether	1553
the House shall be represented by the Attorney General or by	1554
special counsel.	1555