1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)
3	HOUSE BILL 2051 By: Hardin
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to firearms; amending 21 O.S. 2021, Sections 1279 and 1280, which relate to the crime and
8	related penalties for pointing a weapon; clarifying exception to certain prohibited act; deleting
9	revocation and administrative penalty provisions; amending 21 O.S. 2021, Sections 1289.16 and 1289.25,
10	which relate to the Oklahoma Firearms Act of 1971; authorizing the pointing of firearms under certain
11	circumstances; making certain acts unlawful; deleting administrative penalty provision; expanding
12	situations that allow for the use of physical or deadly force; allowing for the defensive display of
13	firearms under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; defining terms; and declaring an
14	emergency.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1279, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	Section 1279.
20	MISDEMEANOR POINTING A FIREARM
21	Except for an act of self-defense, it It shall be unlawful for
22	any person to point any pistol <u>firearm</u> or any other deadly weapon
23	whether loaded or not, at any other person or persons. Any person
24	violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be

1 guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as provided in Section 1280 of 2 this title.

3	Any person convicted of violating the The provisions of this
4	section after having been issued a shall not apply to persons acting
5	in self-defense or to home or business owners in defense of their
6	private property, whether or not they possess a valid handgun
7	license pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act
8	may be subject to an administrative violation as provided in Section
9	1280 of this title.
10	SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1280, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	Section 1280.
13	PENALTY FOR 1279
14	Any person violating the provisions of Section 1279 of this
15	title shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable
16	by a fine of not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more
17	than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and shall be imprisoned in the
18	county jail for a period <u>of</u> not less than three (3) nor more than
19	twelve (12) months. Any person convicted of violating the
20	provisions of Section 1279 of this title after having been issued a
21	handgun license pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-
22	Defense Act shall have the handgun license revoked and shall be
23	liable for an administrative fine of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) upon a
24	hearing and determination by the Oklahoma State Bureau of

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1 Investigation that the person is in violation of the provisions of 2 this section. SECTION 3. 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1289.16, is 3 AMENDATORY 4 amended to read as follows: Section 1289.16 5 6 FELONY POINTING FIREARMS 7 Except for an act of self-defense, it A. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully or without lawful cause lawful to point 8 9 a shotgun, rifle or pistol, firearm, knife, or any other deadly 10 weapon, whether loaded or not, at any another person or persons for the purpose of threatening or with the intention of discharging the 11 12 firearm or with any malice or for any purpose of injuring, either 13 through physical injury or mental or emotional intimidation or for 14 purposes of whimsy, humor or prank, or in anger or otherwise, but 15 not to include the pointing of shotguns, rifles or pistols by law: 16 1. A person who can legally own or possess a weapon pursuant to 17 the provisions of Section 1272 of this title: 18 during an act of self-defense, or a. 19 in defense of real or private property, whether owned, b. 20 leased, or occupied by permission of the property 21 owner and whether or not the person possesses a valid 22 handgun license issued pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-23 Defense Act; 24

1 2. A person in the defensive display of a firearm or other 2 deadly weapon, as provided for in Section 1289.25 of this title; 3. Law enforcement authorities in the performance of their 3 4 duties, armed; 5 4. Armed security guards licensed by the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training pursuant to the Oklahoma Security 6 7 Guard and Private Investigator Act in the performance of their duties, members; 8 9 5. Members of the state military forces in the performance of 10 their duties, members; 11 6. Members of the federal military reserve and active military 12 components in the performance of their duties, or any; 13 7. Any federal government law enforcement officer in the 14 performance of any duty_{τ}; or $\frac{1}{10}$ 15 8. Any person during the performance of a play on stage, while 16 participating in a rodeo, or when participating in a television 17 program or on film, or in defense of any person, one's home or 18 property project. 19 B. It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully and without 20 lawful cause point a firearm, knife or any other deadly weapon, 21 whether loaded or not, at any person or persons for the purpose of 22 threatening or with the intention of discharging the firearm or with 23 any malice or for any purpose of injuring, either through physical 24

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1 injury or mental or emotional intimidation, or for purposes of 2 whimsy, humor or prank, or in anger or otherwise. C. Any person convicted of a violation of the provisions of 3 this section shall be punished as provided in Section 1289.17 of 4 5 this title. 6 Any person convicted of a violation of the provisions of this 7 section after having been issued a handgun license pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall have the license revoked and shall 8 9 be subject to an administrative fine of One Thousand Dollars 10 (\$1,000.00), upon a hearing and determination by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation that the person is in violation of the 11 12 provisions of this section. 13 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1289.25, is 14 amended to read as follows: 15 Section 1289.25 16 PHYSICAL OR DEADLY FORCE AGAINST INTRUDER 17 Α. The Legislature hereby recognizes that the citizens of the 18 State of Oklahoma have a right to expect absolute safety within 19 their own homes, places of business, occupied premises, or places of 20 worship and have the right to establish policies regarding the 21 possession of weapons on property pursuant to the provisions of 22 Section 1290.22 of this title. 23 B. A person, regardless of official capacity or lack of 24 official capacity, within a place of worship or a person, an owner,

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1 manager or employee of a business is presumed to have held a
2 reasonable fear of imminent peril of death or great bodily harm to
3 himself or herself or another when using defensive force that is
4 intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm to another
5 if:

The person against whom the defensive force was used 6 1. a. 7 was in the process of unlawfully and forcefully entering, or had unlawfully and forcibly entered, a 8 9 dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle, place of business, occupied premises, or place of worship, or 10 11 if that person had removed or was attempting to remove 12 another against the will of that person from the 13 dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle, place of 14 business, occupied premises, or place of worship. 15 b. The person who uses defensive force knew or had reason 16 to believe that an unlawful and forcible entry or 17 unlawful and forcible act on the occupied premises was 18 occurring or had occurred; or

19 2. The person who uses defensive force knew or had a reasonable 20 belief that the person against whom the defensive force was used 21 entered or was attempting to enter into a dwelling, residence, 22 occupied vehicle, place of business, occupied premises, or place of 23 worship for the purpose of committing a forcible felony, as defined

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in Section 733 of this title, and that the defensive force was
 necessary to prevent the commission of the forcible felony.

3 C. The presumption set forth in subsection B of this section 4 does not apply if:

The person against whom the defensive force is used has the
 right to be in or is a lawful resident of the dwelling, residence,
 or vehicle, such as an owner, lessee, or titleholder, and there is
 not a protective order from domestic violence in effect or a written
 pretrial supervision order of no contact against that person;

10 2. The person or persons sought to be removed are children or 11 grandchildren, or are otherwise in the lawful custody or under the 12 lawful guardianship of, the person against whom the defensive force 13 is used; or

14 3. The person who uses defensive force is engaged in an 15 unlawful activity or is using the dwelling, residence, occupied 16 vehicle, place of business or place of worship to further an 17 unlawful activity.

D. A person who is not engaged in an unlawful activity and who is attacked in any other place where he or she has a right to be has no duty to retreat and has the right to stand his or her ground and meet force with force, including deadly force, if he or she reasonably believes it is necessary to do so to prevent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or another or to prevent the commission of a forcible felony.

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E. A person who unlawfully and by force enters or attempts to enter the dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle of another person, place of business, occupied premises, or place of worship is presumed to be doing so with the intent to commit an unlawful act involving force or violence.

F. A person who uses defensive force, as permitted pursuant to
the provisions of subsections A, B, D and E of this section, is
justified in using such defensive force and is immune from shall not
<u>be subject to</u> criminal prosecution and civil action for the use of
such defensive force. As used in this subsection, the term
"criminal prosecution" includes charging or prosecuting the
defendant.

G. A law enforcement agency may use standard procedures for investigating the use of defensive force, but the law enforcement agency may not arrest the person for using defensive force unless it determines that there is probable cause that the defensive force that was used was unlawful.

H. The court shall award reasonable attorney fees, court costs, compensation for loss of income, and all expenses incurred by the defendant in defense of any civil action brought by a plaintiff if the court finds that the defendant is <u>immune from not subject to</u> prosecution as provided in subsection F of this section.

I. The provisions of this section and the provisions of the
Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall not be construed to require any

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1 person using a weapon pursuant to the provisions of this section to 2 be licensed in any manner.

J. A person pointing a weapon at a perpetrator in self-defense or in order to thwart, stop or deter a forcible felony or attempted forcible felony shall not be deemed guilty of committing a criminal act.

7 K. 1. The defensive display of a firearm or other deadly weapon by a person is justified when and to the extent a reasonable 8 9 person believes that physical force is immediately necessary to 10 protect himself, herself or another person against the use or 11 attempted use of unlawful physical or deadly force by a person, 12 premises owner or controller in self-defense, or in defense of real 13 or private property, located on any premises, owned, rented, leased 14 or occupied by permission of the premise owner or controller, 15 whether or not a person is in possession of a valid handgun license 16 issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act 17 and shall not be deemed a criminal act. 18 2. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a 19 person who: 20 intentionally provokes another person to use or a. 21 attempt to use unlawful physical or deadly force, or 22 uses a firearm during the commission of an unlawful b. 23 act involving force or violence. 24

1	3. The provisions of this subsection do not require the
2	defensive display of a firearm or any other deadly weapon before the
3	use of defensive force or the threat of defensive force by a person
4	who is justified in the use or threatened use of defensive force.
5	4. For purposes of this subsection, "defensive display of a
6	firearm" includes, but is not limited to:
7	a. verbally informing another person that the person
8	possesses or has available a firearm or any other
9	deadly weapon,
10	b. exposing or displaying a firearm or any other deadly
11	weapon in a manner that a reasonable person would
12	understand was meant to protect the person against the
13	use or attempted use by another of unlawful physical
14	or deadly force, or
15	c. placing the hand of the person on a firearm or any
16	other deadly weapon while the firearm is contained in
17	a pocket, purse, holster, sling scabbard, case or
18	other means of containment or transport.
19	L. As used in this section:
20	1. "Defensive force" includes, but shall not be limited to,
21	pointing a weapon at a perpetrator in self-defense or in order to
22	thwart, stop or deter a forcible felony or attempted forcible
23	felony;
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1	2. "Dwelling" means a building or conveyance of any kind,
2	including any attached porch, whether the building or conveyance is
3	temporary or permanent, mobile or immobile, which has a roof over
4	it, including a tent, and is designed to be occupied by people;
5	3. "Occupied premises" means any premises occupied by an owner,
6	tenant, lessee, business, place of worship, liquor store, guest or
7	authorized user of the premises, including their agents;
8	<u>4.</u> "Place of worship" means:
9	a. any permanent building, structure, facility or office
10	space owned, leased, rented or borrowed, on a full-
11	time basis, when used for worship services, activities
12	and business of the congregation, which may include,
13	but not be limited to, churches, temples, synagogues
14	and mosques, and
15	b. any permanent building, structure, facility or office
16	space owned, leased, rented or borrowed for use on a
17	temporary basis, when used for worship services,
18	activities and business of the congregation including,
19	but not limited to, churches, temples, synagogues and
20	mosques;
21	4. <u>5.</u> "Residence" means a dwelling in which a person resides
22	either temporarily or permanently or is visiting as an invited
23	guest; and
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1	5. <u>6.</u> "Vehicle" means a conveyance of any kind, whether or not
2	motorized, which is designed to transport people or property.
3	SECTION 5. It being immediately necessary for the preservation
4	of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby
5	declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and
6	be in full force from and after its passage and approval.
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