1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)
3	HOUSE BILL 2824 By: Steagall
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6	<u>AS INTRODUCED</u>
7	An Act relating to firearms; amending 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1289.7a, which relates to the Oklahoma
8	Firearms Act of 1971; deleting liability provision; prohibiting the establishment or enforcement of
9	certain policy or rule; removing exception and applicability provision; amending 21 O.S. 2021,
10	Section 1290.22, which relates to the Oklahoma Self- Defense Act; clarifying certain prohibited conduct
11	and exception; providing for the filing of a civil action; directing court to award damages and fees;
12	making certain provisions inapplicable to the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act; updating
13	liability provisions; allowing employees to transport firearms or legal weapons in motor vehicles; defining
14	term; and providing an effective date.
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18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
19	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1289.7a, is
20	amended to read as follows:
21	Section 1289.7a. A. No person, property owner, tenant,
22	employer, or business entity shall maintain, establish, or enforce
23	any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting any person,
24	except a convicted felon, from transporting and storing firearms or

ammunition in a locked motor vehicle, or from transporting and storing firearms or ammunition locked in or locked to a motor vehicle on any property set aside for any motor vehicle.

- B. No person, property owner, tenant, employer, or business entity shall be liable in any civil action for occurrences which result from the storing of establish or enforce any policy or rule that prohibits any person or employee, except a convicted felon, from transporting, carrying, or storing firearms or ammunition in a locked motor vehicle on any property set aside for any motor vehicle, unless the person, property owner, tenant, employer, or owner of the business entity commits a criminal act involving the use of the firearms or ammunition. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Act or a motor vehicle owned, leased, or rented by the person or employee to conduct business for the business entity.
- C. An individual may bring a civil action to enforce this section. If a plaintiff prevails in a civil action related to the personnel manual against a person, property owner, tenant, employer or business for a violation of this section, the court shall award actual damages, enjoin further violations of this section, and award court costs and attorney fees to the prevailing plaintiff.
- D. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck, minivan, sports utility vehicle, motorcycle,

motor scooter, and any other vehicle required to be registered under the Oklahoma Vehicle License and Registration Act.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1290.22, is amended to read as follows:

Section 1290.22.

BUSINESS PRIVATE PROPERTY OWNER'S RIGHTS

- A. Except as provided in subsections B, C and D of this section, nothing contained in any provision of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall be construed to limit, restrict or prohibit in any manner the existing rights of any person, property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, place of worship or business entity to control the possession of weapons on any property owned or controlled by the person or business entity.
- B. 1. No person, property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, holder of an event permit, place of worship or business entity shall be permitted to establish any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting prohibits any person, except a convicted felon, from transporting and storing firearms in a locked motor vehicle on any property set aside for any motor vehicle or from transporting, carrying, or storing firearms or ammunition in a motor vehicle owned, leased, or rented by the person or employee while conducting business for the business entity.
- 2. An individual may bring a civil action to enforce the provisions of paragraph 1 of this subsection. If a plaintiff

prevails in a civil action against a person, property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, place of worship or business, for a policy or rule that violates paragraph 1 of this subsection, the court shall award actual damages, enjoin further violations of paragraph 1 of this subsection, and award court costs and attorney fees to the prevailing plaintiff. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

C. A property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, place of worship or business entity may prohibit any person from carrying a concealed or unconcealed firearm on the property. If the building or property is open to the public, the property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, place of worship or business entity shall post signs on or about the property stating such prohibition.

- D. No person, property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, holder of an event permit, place of worship or business entity shall be permitted to establish any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting any person from carrying a concealed or unconcealed firearm on property within the specific exclusion provided for in paragraph 4 of subsection B of Section 1277 of this title; provided that carrying a concealed or unconcealed firearm may be prohibited in the following places:
- 1. The portion of a public property structure or building during an event authorized by the city, town, county, state or

federal governmental authority owning or controlling such building or structure;

- 2. Any public property sports field including any adjacent seating or adjacent area set aside for viewing a sporting event, where an elementary or secondary school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or an International Olympic Committee or organization or any committee subordinate to the International Olympic Committee event is being held;
- 3. The fairgrounds during the Oklahoma State Fair or the Tulsa State Fair; and
- 4. The portion of a public property structure or building that is leased or under contract to a business or not-for-profit entity or group for offices.
- E. The otherwise lawful carrying of a concealed or unconcealed firearm by a person on property that has signs prohibiting the carrying of firearms shall subject the person to being denied entrance onto the property or removed from the property. If the person:
- 1. Has been informed by the property owner, business entity or manager of the business that the person is in violation of a policy that prohibits firearms on the property; and
- 2. Refuses to leave the property and a peace officer is summoned, the person shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a

misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00).

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A person, property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, 3 F. 4 holder of an event permit, place of worship or business entity that 5 does or does not prohibit any individual, except a convicted felon, from carrying a loaded or unloaded, concealed or unconcealed weapon 6 7 on property that the person, property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, holder of an event permit, place of worship or 8 9 business entity owns, or has legal control of, is immune from shall 10 not be subject to any liability arising from that decision. Except 11 for acts of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct, an employer who does or does not prohibit his or her employees from 12 13 carrying a concealed or unconcealed weapon is immune from shall not 14 be subject to any liability arising from that decision. A person, 15 property owner, tenant, employer, liquor store, holder of an event 16 permit, place of worship or business entity that does not prohibit 17 persons from carrying a concealed or unconcealed weapon pursuant to 18 subsection D of this section shall not be immune from subject to any 19 liability arising from the carrying of a concealed or unconcealed 20 weapon, while in the scope of employment, on the property or in or 21 about a business entity motor vehicle. Any employee, using his or 22 her own private motor vehicle or a motor vehicle that is personally 23 rented or leased by the employee, may transport a firearm or other 24 legal weapon in the motor vehicle while conducting business for the

- business entity and shall not be prohibited from transporting such
 firearm or weapon by any policy or rule of the business entity. The
 provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to
 the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.
 - G. It shall not be considered part of an employee's job description or within the employee's scope of employment if an employee is allowed to carry or discharge a weapon pursuant to this section.
 - H. Nothing in subsections F and G of this section shall prevent an employer, employee or person who has suffered loss resulting from the discharge of a weapon to seek redress or damages of the person who discharged the weapon or used the weapon outside the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act.
 - I. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck, minivan, sports utility vehicle, motorcycle, motor scooter, and any other vehicle required to register under the Oklahoma Vehicle License and Registration Act.
- SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.

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