

**A-Engrossed**  
**Senate Bill 713**

Ordered by the Senate May 7  
Including Senate Amendments dated May 7

Sponsored by Senator BOQUIST (at the request of Oregon Association of Shooting Ranges)

**SUMMARY**

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure.

Permits firearms training facilities in **specified** exclusive farm use zones.

**A BILL FOR AN ACT**

Relating to firearms training facilities; amending ORS 215.213 and 215.283.

**Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:**

**SECTION 1.** ORS 215.213, as amended by section 2, chapter 74, Oregon Laws 2012, is amended to read:

215.213. (1) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition), the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

(a) Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

(b) The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

(c) Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems but not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use by sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service may be established as provided in ORS 215.275.

(d) A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative of the farm operator or the farm operator's spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grandchild, grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if the farm operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm use and the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator. Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.192 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the secured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

(e) Nonresidential buildings customarily provided in conjunction with farm use.

(f) Subject to ORS 215.279, primary or accessory dwellings customarily provided in conjunction with farm use. For a primary dwelling, the dwelling must be on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation and is not smaller than the minimum lot size in a farm zone with a minimum lot size acknowledged under ORS 197.251.

(g) Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined by ORS

**NOTE:** Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter *[italic and bracketed]* is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

1 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation of  
2 compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adjacent  
3 to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for  
4 an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

5 (h) Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities or  
6 construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732  
7 (2)(a) or (b).

8 (i) One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an  
9 existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a  
10 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the  
11 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-  
12 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned  
13 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-  
14 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this  
15 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under paragraph (q) of this subsection.

16 (j) Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

17 (k) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement of  
18 utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public right  
19 of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of buildings  
20 would occur, or no new land parcels result.

21 (L) Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to original  
22 condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

23 (m) Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities, such as maintenance  
24 yards, weigh stations and rest areas, within right of way existing as of July 1, 1987, and contiguous  
25 public-owned property utilized to support the operation and maintenance of public roads and high-  
26 ways.

27 (n) A replacement dwelling to be used in conjunction with farm use if the existing dwelling has  
28 been listed in a county inventory as historic property as defined in ORS 358.480.

29 (o) Creation, restoration or enhancement of wetlands.

30 (p) A winery, as described in ORS 215.452 or 215.453.

31 (q) Alteration, restoration or replacement of a lawfully established dwelling that:

32 (A) Has intact exterior walls and roof structure;

33 (B) Has indoor plumbing consisting of a kitchen sink, toilet and bathing facilities connected to  
34 a sanitary waste disposal system;

35 (C) Has interior wiring for interior lights;

36 (D) Has a heating system; and

37 (E) In the case of replacement:

38 (i) Is removed, demolished or converted to an allowable nonresidential use within three months  
39 of the completion of the replacement dwelling. A replacement dwelling may be sited on any part of  
40 the same lot or parcel. A dwelling established under this paragraph shall comply with all applicable  
41 siting standards. However, the standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting  
42 of the dwelling. If the dwelling to be replaced is located on a portion of the lot or parcel not zoned  
43 for exclusive farm use, the applicant, as a condition of approval, shall execute and record in the  
44 deed records for the county where the property is located a deed restriction prohibiting the siting  
45 of a dwelling on that portion of the lot or parcel. The restriction imposed shall be irrevocable unless

1 a statement of release is placed in the deed records for the county. The release shall be signed by  
2 the county or its designee and state that the provisions of this paragraph regarding replacement  
3 dwellings have changed to allow the siting of another dwelling. The county planning director or the  
4 director's designee shall maintain a record of the lots and parcels that do not qualify for the siting  
5 of a new dwelling under the provisions of this paragraph, including a copy of the deed restrictions  
6 and release statements filed under this paragraph; and

7 (ii) For which the applicant has requested a deferred replacement permit, is removed or demol-  
8 ished within three months after the deferred replacement permit is issued. A deferred replacement  
9 permit allows construction of the replacement dwelling at any time. If, however, the established  
10 dwelling is not removed or demolished within three months after the deferred replacement permit  
11 is issued, the permit becomes void. The replacement dwelling must comply with applicable building  
12 codes, plumbing codes, sanitation codes and other requirements relating to health and safety or to  
13 siting at the time of construction. A deferred replacement permit may not be transferred, by sale  
14 or otherwise, except by the applicant to the spouse or a child of the applicant.

15 (r) Farm stands if:

16 (A) The structures are designed and used for the sale of farm crops or livestock grown on the  
17 farm operation, or grown on the farm operation and other farm operations in the local agricultural  
18 area, including the sale of retail incidental items and fee-based activity to promote the sale of farm  
19 crops or livestock sold at the farm stand if the annual sale of incidental items and fees from pro-  
20 motional activity do not make up more than 25 percent of the total annual sales of the farm stand;  
21 and

22 (B) The farm stand does not include structures designed for occupancy as a residence or for  
23 activity other than the sale of farm crops or livestock and does not include structures for banquets,  
24 public gatherings or public entertainment.

25 (s) An armed forces reserve center, if the center is within one-half mile of a community college.  
26 For purposes of this paragraph, "armed forces reserve center" includes an armory or National  
27 Guard support facility.

28 (t) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities as  
29 may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in floor  
30 area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use approved  
31 under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area unless  
32 the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. An owner of property used for the  
33 purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the property rent  
34 for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does not exceed the  
35 operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities. As used in this paragraph, "model  
36 aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter, dirigible or balloon that is  
37 used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines or design by a person on the  
38 ground.

39 (u) A facility for the processing of farm crops, or the production of biofuel as defined in ORS  
40 315.141, that is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm crops  
41 processed at the facility. The building established for the processing facility shall not exceed 10,000  
42 square feet of floor area exclusive of the floor area designated for preparation, storage or other farm  
43 use or devote more than 10,000 square feet to the processing activities within another building  
44 supporting farm uses. A processing facility shall comply with all applicable siting standards but the  
45 standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting of the processing facility.

1 (v) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

2 (w) Irrigation reservoirs, canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational  
3 facilities, not including parks or other recreational structures and facilities, associated with a dis-  
4 trict as defined in ORS 540.505.

5 (x) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory fa-  
6 cilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer and  
7 that are located on one or more of the following:

8 (A) A public right of way;

9 (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-  
10 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

11 (C) The property to be served by the utility.

12 (y) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of Envi-  
13 ronmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance with  
14 rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land application  
15 of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids for agricultural,  
16 horticultural or silvicultural production, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an  
17 exclusive farm use zone under this chapter.

18 (z) Dog training classes or testing trials, which may be conducted outdoors or in preexisting  
19 farm buildings, when:

20 (A) The number of dogs participating in training does not exceed 10 dogs per training class and  
21 the number of training classes to be held on-site does not exceed six per day; and

22 (B) The number of dogs participating in a testing trial does not exceed 60 and the number of  
23 testing trials to be conducted on-site is limited to four or fewer trials per calendar year.

24 (2) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),  
25 the following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS  
26 215.296:

27 (a) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest  
28 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot if the farm op-  
29 eration or woodlot:

30 (A) Consists of 20 or more acres; and

31 (B) Is not smaller than the average farm or woodlot in the county producing at least \$2,500 in  
32 annual gross income from the crops, livestock or forest products to be raised on the farm operation  
33 or woodlot.

34 (b) A primary dwelling in conjunction with farm use or the propagation or harvesting of a forest  
35 product on a lot or parcel that is managed as part of a farm operation or woodlot smaller than re-  
36 quired under paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the lot or parcel:

37 (A) Has produced at least \$20,000 in annual gross farm income in two consecutive calendar  
38 years out of the three calendar years before the year in which the application for the dwelling was  
39 made or is planted in perennials capable of producing upon harvest an average of at least \$20,000  
40 in annual gross farm income; or

41 (B) Is a woodlot capable of producing an average over the growth cycle of \$20,000 in gross an-  
42 nual income.

43 (c) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm  
44 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(K) or subsection (1)(u) of this section.

45 (d) Operations conducted for:

1 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas  
2 as defined by ORS 520.005, not otherwise permitted under subsection (1)(g) of this section;

3 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-  
4 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

5 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

6 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

7 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization  
8 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community, hunting and fishing pre-  
9 serves, public and private parks, playgrounds and campgrounds. Subject to the approval of the  
10 county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for overnight  
11 camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller, may include  
12 a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent foundation.  
13 Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development Commission may  
14 provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion of the  
15 campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the stan-  
16 dards described in ORS 215.296 (1). A public park or campground may be established as provided  
17 under ORS 195.120. As used in this paragraph, "yurt" means a round, domed shelter of cloth or  
18 canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or internal cooking appli-  
19 ance.

20 (f) Golf courses on land determined not to be high-value farmland as defined in ORS 195.300.

21 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale.

22 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-  
23 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport as used in this section means an airstrip re-  
24 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional  
25 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-  
26 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled  
27 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be  
28 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A  
29 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-  
30 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

31 (i) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found  
32 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-  
33 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is  
34 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary  
35 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud  
36 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment  
37 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or  
38 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

39 (j) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or  
40 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-  
41 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

42 (k)(A) Commercial dog boarding kennels; or

43 (B) Dog training classes or testing trials that cannot be established under subsection (1)(z) of  
44 this section.

45 (L) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

1 (m) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not  
2 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species  
3 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United  
4 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this  
5 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the  
6 county's land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-  
7 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

8 (n) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

9 (o) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

10 (p) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way  
11 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

12 (q) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-  
13 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

14 (r) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities such as maintenance yards, weigh  
15 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in  
16 the creation of new land parcels.

17 (s) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide  
18 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

19 (t) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-  
20 dences.

21 (u) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-  
22 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-  
23 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within  
24 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas  
25 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if  
26 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of the  
27 metropolitan urban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

28 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and  
29 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to  
30 simulate past activities and events; and

31 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society, recognized as such by the  
32 county governing body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

33 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

34 (w) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current  
35 location within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's  
36 permit to sell or provide fireworks.

37 (x) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing land-  
38 scape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunction  
39 with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

40 (y) Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings essential  
41 to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the school is located.

42 (z) **Firearms training facilities as defined in ORS 197.770 on land determined not to be**  
43 **high-value farmland as defined in ORS 195.300.**

44 (3) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),  
45 a single-family residential dwelling not provided in conjunction with farm use may be established

1 on a lot or parcel with soils predominantly in capability classes IV through VIII as determined by  
2 the Agricultural Capability Classification System in use by the United States Department of Agri-  
3 culture Soil Conservation Service on October 15, 1983. A proposed dwelling is subject to approval  
4 of the governing body or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use upon written findings  
5 showing all of the following:

6 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in  
7 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use.

8 (b) The dwelling is situated upon generally unsuitable land for the production of farm crops and  
9 livestock, considering the terrain, adverse soil or land conditions, drainage and flooding, location  
10 and size of the tract. A lot or parcel shall not be considered unsuitable solely because of its size  
11 or location if it can reasonably be put to farm use in conjunction with other land.

12 (c) Complies with such other conditions as the governing body or its designee considers neces-  
13 sary.

14 (4) In counties that have adopted marginal lands provisions under ORS 197.247 (1991 Edition),  
15 one single-family dwelling, not provided in conjunction with farm use, may be established in any  
16 area zoned for exclusive farm use on a lot or parcel described in subsection (7) of this section that  
17 is not larger than three acres upon written findings showing:

18 (a) The dwelling or activities associated with the dwelling will not force a significant change in  
19 or significantly increase the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use;

20 (b) If the lot or parcel is located within the Willamette River Greenway, a floodplain or a  
21 geological hazard area, the dwelling complies with conditions imposed by local ordinances relating  
22 specifically to the Willamette River Greenway, floodplains or geological hazard areas, whichever is  
23 applicable; and

24 (c) The dwelling complies with other conditions considered necessary by the governing body or  
25 its designee.

26 (5) Upon receipt of an application for a permit under subsection (4) of this section, the governing  
27 body shall notify:

28 (a) Owners of land that is within 250 feet of the lot or parcel on which the dwelling will be es-  
29 tablished; and

30 (b) Persons who have requested notice of such applications and who have paid a reasonable fee  
31 imposed by the county to cover the cost of such notice.

32 (6) The notice required in subsection (5) of this section shall specify that persons have 15 days  
33 following the date of postmark of the notice to file a written objection on the grounds only that the  
34 dwelling or activities associated with it would force a significant change in or significantly increase  
35 the cost of accepted farming practices on nearby lands devoted to farm use. If no objection is re-  
36 ceived, the governing body or its designee shall approve or disapprove the application. If an ob-  
37 jection is received, the governing body shall set the matter for hearing in the manner prescribed in  
38 ORS 215.402 to 215.438. The governing body may charge the reasonable costs of the notice required  
39 by subsection (5)(a) of this section to the applicant for the permit requested under subsection (4) of  
40 this section.

41 (7) Subsection (4) of this section applies to a lot or parcel lawfully created between January 1,  
42 1948, and July 1, 1983. For the purposes of this section:

43 (a) Only one lot or parcel exists if:

44 (A) A lot or parcel described in this section is contiguous to one or more lots or parcels de-  
45 scribed in this section; and

1 (B) On July 1, 1983, greater than possessory interests are held in those contiguous lots, parcels  
2 or lots and parcels by the same person, spouses or a single partnership or business entity, separately  
3 or in tenancy in common.

4 (b) "Contiguous" means lots, parcels or lots and parcels that have a common boundary, including  
5 but not limited to, lots, parcels or lots and parcels separated only by a public road.

6 (8) A person who sells or otherwise transfers real property in an exclusive farm use zone may  
7 retain a life estate in a dwelling on that property and in a tract of land under and around the  
8 dwelling.

9 (9) No final approval of a nonfarm use under this section shall be given unless any additional  
10 taxes imposed upon the change in use have been paid.

11 (10) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under  
12 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing  
13 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

14 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable  
15 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

16 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development  
17 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

18 (11) The following agri-tourism and other commercial events or activities that are related to and  
19 supportive of agriculture may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

20 (a) A county may authorize a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity on a  
21 tract in a calendar year by an authorization that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred  
22 by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract, if the agri-tourism or other commercial event  
23 or activity meets any local standards that apply and:

24 (A) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity is incidental and subordinate to ex-  
25 isting farm use on the tract;

26 (B) The duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not exceed 72  
27 consecutive hours;

28 (C) The maximum attendance at the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not  
29 exceed 500 people;

30 (D) The maximum number of motor vehicles parked at the site of the agri-tourism or other  
31 commercial event or activity does not exceed 250 vehicles;

32 (E) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with ORS 215.296;

33 (F) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity occurs outdoors, in temporary  
34 structures, or in existing permitted structures, subject to health and fire and life safety require-  
35 ments; and

36 (G) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with conditions established  
37 for:

38 (i) Planned hours of operation;

39 (ii) Access, egress and parking;

40 (iii) A traffic management plan that identifies the projected number of vehicles and any antic-  
41 ipated use of public roads; and

42 (iv) Sanitation and solid waste.

43 (b) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize,  
44 through an expedited, single-event license, a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or ac-  
45 tivity on a tract in a calendar year by an expedited, single-event license that is personal to the ap-



1 plicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract. A decision  
2 concerning an expedited, single-event license is not a land use decision, as defined in ORS 197.015.  
3 To approve an expedited, single-event license, the governing body of a county or its designee must  
4 determine that the proposed agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity meets any local  
5 standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity:

6 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

7 (B) May not begin before 6 a.m. or end after 10 p.m.;

8 (C) May not involve more than 100 attendees or 50 vehicles;

9 (D) May not include the artificial amplification of music or voices before 8 a.m. or after 8 p.m.;

10 (E) May not require or involve the construction or use of a new permanent structure in con-  
11 nection with the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity;

12 (F) Must be located on a tract of at least 10 acres unless the owners or residents of adjoining  
13 properties consent, in writing, to the location; and

14 (G) Must comply with applicable health and fire and life safety requirements.

15 (c) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, a county may authorize up to  
16 six agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities on a tract in a calendar year by a limited  
17 use permit that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a  
18 conveyance of the tract. The agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities must meet any  
19 local standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities:

20 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

21 (B) May not, individually, exceed a duration of 72 consecutive hours;

22 (C) May not require that a new permanent structure be built, used or occupied in connection  
23 with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

24 (D) Must comply with ORS 215.296;

25 (E) May not, in combination with other agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities  
26 authorized in the area, materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area; and

27 (F) Must comply with conditions established for:

28 (i) The types of agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities that are authorized during  
29 each calendar year, including the number and duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial  
30 events and activities, the anticipated daily attendance and the hours of operation;

31 (ii) The location of existing structures and the location of proposed temporary structures to be  
32 used in connection with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

33 (iii) The location of access and egress and parking facilities to be used in connection with the  
34 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

35 (iv) Traffic management, including the projected number of vehicles and any anticipated use of  
36 public roads; and

37 (v) Sanitation and solid waste.

38 (d) In addition to paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize agri-tourism  
39 or other commercial events or activities that occur more frequently or for a longer period or that  
40 do not otherwise comply with paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection if the agri-tourism or other  
41 commercial events or activities comply with any local standards that apply and the agri-tourism or  
42 other commercial events or activities:

43 (A) Are incidental and subordinate to existing commercial farm use of the tract and are neces-  
44 sary to support the commercial farm uses or the commercial agricultural enterprises in the area;

45 (B) Comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection;

1 (C) Occur on a lot or parcel that complies with the acknowledged minimum lot or parcel size;  
2 and

3 (D) Do not exceed 18 events or activities in a calendar year.

4 (12) A holder of a permit authorized by a county under subsection (11)(d) of this section must  
5 request review of the permit at four-year intervals. Upon receipt of a request for review, the county  
6 shall:

7 (a) Provide public notice and an opportunity for public comment as part of the review process;  
8 and

9 (b) Limit its review to events and activities authorized by the permit, conformance with condi-  
10 tions of approval required by the permit and the standards established by subsection (11)(d) of this  
11 section.

12 (13) For the purposes of subsection (11) of this section:

13 (a) A county may authorize the use of temporary structures established in connection with the  
14 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities authorized under subsection (11) of this sec-  
15 tion. However, the temporary structures must be removed at the end of the agri-tourism or other  
16 event or activity. The county may not approve an alteration to the land in connection with an  
17 agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity authorized under subsection (11) of this section,  
18 including, but not limited to, grading, filling or paving.

19 (b) The county may issue the limited use permits authorized by subsection (11)(c) of this section  
20 for two calendar years. When considering an application for renewal, the county shall ensure com-  
21 pliance with the provisions of subsection (11)(c) of this section, any local standards that apply and  
22 conditions that apply to the permit or to the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities  
23 authorized by the permit.

24 (c) The authorizations provided by subsection (11) of this section are in addition to other au-  
25 thorizations that may be provided by law, except that “outdoor mass gathering” and “other gather-  
26 ing,” as those terms are used in ORS 197.015 (10)(d), do not include agri-tourism or other commercial  
27 events and activities.

28 **SECTION 2.** ORS 215.283, as amended by section 3, chapter 74, Oregon Laws 2012, is amended  
29 to read:

30 215.283. (1) The following uses may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

31 (a) Churches and cemeteries in conjunction with churches.

32 (b) The propagation or harvesting of a forest product.

33 (c) Utility facilities necessary for public service, including wetland waste treatment systems but  
34 not including commercial facilities for the purpose of generating electrical power for public use by  
35 sale or transmission towers over 200 feet in height. A utility facility necessary for public service  
36 may be established as provided in ORS 215.275.

37 (d) A dwelling on real property used for farm use if the dwelling is occupied by a relative of the  
38 farm operator or the farm operator’s spouse, which means a child, parent, stepparent, grandchild,  
39 grandparent, stepgrandparent, sibling, stepsibling, niece, nephew or first cousin of either, if the farm  
40 operator does or will require the assistance of the relative in the management of the farm use and  
41 the dwelling is located on the same lot or parcel as the dwelling of the farm operator.  
42 Notwithstanding ORS 92.010 to 92.192 or the minimum lot or parcel size requirements under ORS  
43 215.780, if the owner of a dwelling described in this paragraph obtains construction financing or  
44 other financing secured by the dwelling and the secured party forecloses on the dwelling, the se-  
45 cured party may also foreclose on the homesite, as defined in ORS 308A.250, and the foreclosure

1 shall operate as a partition of the homesite to create a new parcel.

2 (e) Subject to ORS 215.279, primary or accessory dwellings and other buildings customarily  
3 provided in conjunction with farm use.

4 (f) Operations for the exploration for and production of geothermal resources as defined by ORS  
5 522.005 and oil and gas as defined by ORS 520.005, including the placement and operation of  
6 compressors, separators and other customary production equipment for an individual well adjacent  
7 to the wellhead. Any activities or construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for  
8 an exception under ORS 197.732 (2)(a) or (b).

9 (g) Operations for the exploration for minerals as defined by ORS 517.750. Any activities or  
10 construction relating to such operations shall not be a basis for an exception under ORS 197.732  
11 (2)(a) or (b).

12 (h) Climbing and passing lanes within the right of way existing as of July 1, 1987.

13 (i) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways, including the placement of  
14 utility facilities overhead and in the subsurface of public roads and highways along the public right  
15 of way, but not including the addition of travel lanes, where no removal or displacement of buildings  
16 would occur, or no new land parcels result.

17 (j) Temporary public road and highway detours that will be abandoned and restored to original  
18 condition or use at such time as no longer needed.

19 (k) Minor betterment of existing public road and highway related facilities such as maintenance  
20 yards, weigh stations -15 Td 1.631urface o0.234379md (to)Tj 9413489253.5239.108 0 Td 1.09805 way existing as of J

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1 the same lot or parcel. A dwelling established under this paragraph shall comply with all applicable  
2 siting standards. However, the standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting  
3 of the dwelling. If the dwelling to be replaced is located on a portion of the lot or parcel not zoned  
4 for exclusive farm use, the applicant, as a condition of approval, shall execute and record in the  
5 deed records for the county where the property is located a deed restriction prohibiting the siting  
6 of a dwelling on that portion of the lot or parcel. The restriction imposed shall be irrevocable unless  
7 a statement of release is placed in the deed records for the county. The release shall be signed by  
8 the county or its designee and state that the provisions of this paragraph regarding replacement  
9 dwellings have changed to allow the siting of another dwelling. The county planning director or the  
10 director's designee shall maintain a record of the lots and parcels that do not qualify for the siting  
11 of a new dwelling under the provisions of this paragraph, including a copy of the deed restrictions  
12 and release statements filed under this paragraph; and

13 (ii) For which the applicant has requested a deferred replacement permit, is removed or demol-  
14 ished within three months after the deferred replacement permit is issued. A deferred replacement  
15 permit allows construction of the replacement dwelling at any time. If, however, the established  
16 dwelling is not removed or demolished within three months after the deferred replacement permit  
17 is issued, the permit becomes void. The replacement dwelling must comply with applicable building  
18 codes, plumbing codes, sanitation codes and other requirements relating to health and safety or to  
19 siting at the time of construction. A deferred replacement permit may not be transferred, by sale  
20 or otherwise, except by the applicant to the spouse or a child of the applicant.

21 (q) A site for the takeoff and landing of model aircraft, including such buildings or facilities as  
22 may reasonably be necessary. Buildings or facilities shall not be more than 500 square feet in floor  
23 area or placed on a permanent foundation unless the building or facility preexisted the use approved  
24 under this paragraph. The site shall not include an aggregate surface or hard surface area unless  
25 the surface preexisted the use approved under this paragraph. An owner of property used for the  
26 purpose authorized in this paragraph may charge a person operating the use on the property rent  
27 for the property. An operator may charge users of the property a fee that does not exceed the  
28 operator's cost to maintain the property, buildings and facilities. As used in this paragraph, "model  
29 aircraft" means a small-scale version of an airplane, glider, helicopter, dirigible or balloon that is  
30 used or intended to be used for flight and is controlled by radio, lines or design by a person on the  
31 ground.

32 (r) A facility for the processing of farm crops, or the production of biofuel as defined in ORS  
33 315.141, that is located on a farm operation that provides at least one-quarter of the farm crops  
34 processed at the facility. The building established for the processing facility shall not exceed 10,000  
35 square feet of floor area exclusive of the floor area designated for preparation, storage or other farm  
36 use or devote more than 10,000 square feet to the processing activities within another building  
37 supporting farm uses. A processing facility shall comply with all applicable siting standards but the  
38 standards shall not be applied in a manner that prohibits the siting of the processing facility.

39 (s) Fire service facilities providing rural fire protection services.

40 (t) Irrigation reservoirs, canals, delivery lines and those structures and accessory operational  
41 facilities, not including parks or other recreational structures and facilities, associated with a dis-  
42 trict as defined in ORS 540.505.

43 (u) Utility facility service lines. Utility facility service lines are utility lines and accessory fa-  
44 cilities or structures that end at the point where the utility service is received by the customer and  
45 that are located on one or more of the following:

1 (A) A public right of way;

2 (B) Land immediately adjacent to a public right of way, provided the written consent of all ad-  
3 jacent property owners has been obtained; or

4 (C) The property to be served by the utility.

5 (v) Subject to the issuance of a license, permit or other approval by the Department of Envi-  
6 ronmental Quality under ORS 454.695, 459.205, 468B.050, 468B.053 or 468B.055, or in compliance with  
7 rules adopted under ORS 468B.095, and as provided in ORS 215.246 to 215.251, the land application  
8 of reclaimed water, agricultural or industrial process water or biosolids for agricultural,  
9 horticultural or silvicultural production, or for irrigation in connection with a use allowed in an  
10 exclusive farm use zone under this chapter.

11 (w) A county law enforcement facility that lawfully existed on August 20, 2002, and is used to  
12 provide rural law enforcement services primarily in rural areas, including parole and post-prison  
13 supervision, but not including a correctional facility as defined under ORS 162.135.

14 (x) Dog training classes or testing trials, which may be conducted outdoors or in preexisting  
15 farm buildings, when:

16 (A) The number of dogs participating in training does not exceed 10 dogs per training class and  
17 the number of training classes to be held on-site does not exceed six per day; and

18 (B) The number of dogs participating in a testing trial does not exceed 60 and the number of  
19 testing trials to be conducted on-site is limited to four or fewer trials per calendar year.

20 (2) The following nonfarm uses may be established, subject to the approval of the governing body  
21 or its designee in any area zoned for exclusive farm use subject to ORS 215.296:

22 (a) Commercial activities that are in conjunction with farm use, including the processing of farm  
23 crops into biofuel not permitted under ORS 215.203 (2)(b)(K) or subsection (1)(r) of this section.

24 (b) Operations conducted for:

25 (A) Mining and processing of geothermal resources as defined by ORS 522.005 and oil and gas  
26 as defined by ORS 520.005 not otherwise permitted under subsection (1)(f) of this section;

27 (B) Mining, crushing or stockpiling of aggregate and other mineral and other subsurface re-  
28 sources subject to ORS 215.298;

29 (C) Processing, as defined by ORS 517.750, of aggregate into asphalt or portland cement; and

30 (D) Processing of other mineral resources and other subsurface resources.

31 (c) Private parks, playgrounds, hunting and fishing preserves and campgrounds. Subject to the  
32 approval of the county governing body or its designee, a private campground may provide yurts for  
33 overnight camping. No more than one-third or a maximum of 10 campsites, whichever is smaller,  
34 may include a yurt. The yurt shall be located on the ground or on a wood floor with no permanent  
35 foundation. Upon request of a county governing body, the Land Conservation and Development  
36 Commission may provide by rule for an increase in the number of yurts allowed on all or a portion  
37 of the campgrounds in a county if the commission determines that the increase will comply with the  
38 standards described in ORS 215.296 (1). As used in this paragraph, "yurt" means a round, domed  
39 shelter of cloth or canvas on a collapsible frame with no plumbing, sewage disposal hookup or  
40 internal cooking appliance.

41 (d) Parks and playgrounds. A public park may be established consistent with the provisions of  
42 ORS 195.120.

43 (e) Community centers owned by a governmental agency or a nonprofit community organization  
44 and operated primarily by and for residents of the local rural community. A community center au-  
45 thorized under this paragraph may provide services to veterans, including but not limited to emer-

1 gency and transitional shelter, preparation and service of meals, vocational and educational  
2 counseling and referral to local, state or federal agencies providing medical, mental health, disability  
3 income replacement and substance abuse services, only in a facility that is in existence on January  
4 1, 2006. The services may not include direct delivery of medical, mental health, disability income  
5 replacement or substance abuse services.

6 (f) Golf courses on land determined not to be high-value farmland, as defined in ORS 195.300.

7 (g) Commercial utility facilities for the purpose of generating power for public use by sale.

8 (h) Personal-use airports for airplanes and helicopter pads, including associated hangar, main-  
9 tenance and service facilities. A personal-use airport, as used in this section, means an airstrip re-  
10 stricted, except for aircraft emergencies, to use by the owner, and, on an infrequent and occasional  
11 basis, by invited guests, and by commercial aviation activities in connection with agricultural op-  
12 erations. No aircraft may be based on a personal-use airport other than those owned or controlled  
13 by the owner of the airstrip. Exceptions to the activities permitted under this definition may be  
14 granted through waiver action by the Oregon Department of Aviation in specific instances. A  
15 personal-use airport lawfully existing as of September 13, 1975, shall continue to be permitted sub-  
16 ject to any applicable rules of the Oregon Department of Aviation.

17 (i) Home occupations as provided in ORS 215.448.

18 (j) A facility for the primary processing of forest products, provided that such facility is found  
19 to not seriously interfere with accepted farming practices and is compatible with farm uses de-  
20 scribed in ORS 215.203 (2). Such a facility may be approved for a one-year period which is  
21 renewable. These facilities are intended to be only portable or temporary in nature. The primary  
22 processing of a forest product, as used in this section, means the use of a portable chipper or stud  
23 mill or other similar methods of initial treatment of a forest product in order to enable its shipment  
24 to market. Forest products, as used in this section, means timber grown upon a parcel of land or  
25 contiguous land where the primary processing facility is located.

26 (k) A site for the disposal of solid waste approved by the governing body of a city or county or  
27 both and for which a permit has been granted under ORS 459.245 by the Department of Environ-  
28 mental Quality together with equipment, facilities or buildings necessary for its operation.

29 (L) One manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle, or the temporary residential use of an  
30 existing building, in conjunction with an existing dwelling as a temporary use for the term of a  
31 hardship suffered by the existing resident or a relative of the resident. Within three months of the  
32 end of the hardship, the manufactured dwelling or recreational vehicle shall be removed or demol-  
33 ished or, in the case of an existing building, the building shall be removed, demolished or returned  
34 to an allowed nonresidential use. The governing body or its designee shall provide for periodic re-  
35 view of the hardship claimed under this paragraph. A temporary residence approved under this  
36 paragraph is not eligible for replacement under subsection (1)(p) of this section.

37 (m) Transmission towers over 200 feet in height.

38 (n)(A) Commercial dog boarding kennels; or

39 (B) Dog training classes or testing trials that cannot be established under subsection (1)(x) of  
40 this section.

41 (o) Residential homes as defined in ORS 197.660, in existing dwellings.

42 (p) The propagation, cultivation, maintenance and harvesting of aquatic species that are not  
43 under the jurisdiction of the State Fish and Wildlife Commission or insect species. Insect species  
44 shall not include any species under quarantine by the State Department of Agriculture or the United  
45 States Department of Agriculture. The county shall provide notice of all applications under this

1 paragraph to the State Department of Agriculture. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the  
2 county's land use regulations but shall be mailed at least 20 calendar days prior to any administra-  
3 tive decision or initial public hearing on the application.

4 (q) Construction of additional passing and travel lanes requiring the acquisition of right of way  
5 but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

6 (r) Reconstruction or modification of public roads and highways involving the removal or dis-  
7 placement of buildings but not resulting in the creation of new land parcels.

8 (s) Improvement of public road and highway related facilities, such as maintenance yards, weigh  
9 stations and rest areas, where additional property or right of way is required but not resulting in  
10 the creation of new land parcels.

11 (t) A destination resort that is approved consistent with the requirements of any statewide  
12 planning goal relating to the siting of a destination resort.

13 (u) Room and board arrangements for a maximum of five unrelated persons in existing resi-  
14 dences.

15 (v) Operations for the extraction and bottling of water.

16 (w) Expansion of existing county fairgrounds and activities directly relating to county  
17 fairgrounds governed by county fair boards established pursuant to ORS 565.210.

18 (x) A living history museum related to resource based activities owned and operated by a gov-  
19 ernmental agency or a local historical society, together with limited commercial activities and fa-  
20 cilities that are directly related to the use and enjoyment of the museum and located within  
21 authentic buildings of the depicted historic period or the museum administration building, if areas  
22 other than an exclusive farm use zone cannot accommodate the museum and related activities or if  
23 the museum administration buildings and parking lot are located within one quarter mile of an ur-  
24 ban growth boundary. As used in this paragraph:

25 (A) "Living history museum" means a facility designed to depict and interpret everyday life and  
26 culture of some specific historic period using authentic buildings, tools, equipment and people to  
27 simulate past activities and events; and

28 (B) "Local historical society" means the local historical society recognized by the county gov-  
29 erning body and organized under ORS chapter 65.

30 (y) An aerial fireworks display business that has been in continuous operation at its current  
31 location within an exclusive farm use zone since December 31, 1986, and possesses a wholesaler's  
32 permit to sell or provide fireworks.

33 (z) A landscape contracting business, as defined in ORS 671.520, or a business providing land-  
34 scape architecture services, as described in ORS 671.318, if the business is pursued in conjunction  
35 with the growing and marketing of nursery stock on the land that constitutes farm use.

36 (aa) Public or private schools for kindergarten through grade 12, including all buildings essential  
37 to the operation of a school, primarily for residents of the rural area in which the school is located.

38 **(bb) Firearms training facilities as defined in ORS 197.770 on land determined not to be**  
39 **high-value farmland as defined in ORS 195.300.**

40 (3) Roads, highways and other transportation facilities and improvements not allowed under  
41 subsections (1) and (2) of this section may be established, subject to the approval of the governing  
42 body or its designee, in areas zoned for exclusive farm use subject to:

43 (a) Adoption of an exception to the goal related to agricultural lands and to any other applicable  
44 goal with which the facility or improvement does not comply; or

45 (b) ORS 215.296 for those uses identified by rule of the Land Conservation and Development

1 Commission as provided in section 3, chapter 529, Oregon Laws 1993.

2 (4) The following agri-tourism and other commercial events or activities that are related to and  
3 supportive of agriculture may be established in any area zoned for exclusive farm use:

4 (a) A county may authorize a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity on a  
5 tract in a calendar year by an authorization that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred  
6 by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract, if the agri-tourism or other commercial event  
7 or activity meets any local standards that apply and:

8 (A) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity is incidental and subordinate to ex-  
9 isting farm use on the tract;

10 (B) The duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not exceed 72  
11 consecutive hours;

12 (C) The maximum attendance at the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity does not  
13 exceed 500 people;

14 (D) The maximum number of motor vehicles parked at the site of the agri-tourism or other  
15 commercial event or activity does not exceed 250 vehicles;

16 (E) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with ORS 215.296;

17 (F) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity occurs outdoors, in temporary  
18 structures, or in existing permitted structures, subject to health and fire and life safety require-  
19 ments; and

20 (G) The agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity complies with conditions established  
21 for:

22 (i) Planned hours of operation;

23 (ii) Access, egress and parking;

24 (iii) A traffic management plan that identifies the projected number of vehicles and any antic-  
25 ipated use of public roads; and

26 (iv) Sanitation and solid waste.

27 (b) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize,  
28 through an expedited, single-event license, a single agri-tourism or other commercial event or ac-  
29 tivity on a tract in a calendar year by an expedited, single-event license that is personal to the ap-  
30 plicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a conveyance of the tract. A decision  
31 concerning an expedited, single-event license is not a land use decision, as defined in ORS 197.015.  
32 To approve an expedited, single-event license, the governing body of a county or its designee must  
33 determine that the proposed agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity meets any local  
34 standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity:

35 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

36 (B) May not begin before 6 a.m. or end after 10 p.m.;

37 (C) May not involve more than 100 attendees or 50 vehicles;

38 (D) May not include the artificial amplification of music or voices before 8 a.m. or after 8 p.m.;

39 (E) May not require or involve the construction or use of a new permanent structure in con-  
40 nection with the agri-tourism or other commercial event or activity;

41 (F) Must be located on a tract of at least 10 acres unless the owners or residents of adjoining  
42 properties consent, in writing, to the location; and

43 (G) Must comply with applicable health and fire and life safety requirements.

44 (c) In the alternative to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, a county may authorize up to  
45 six agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities on a tract in a calendar year by a limited



1 use permit that is personal to the applicant and is not transferred by, or transferable with, a  
2 conveyance of the tract. The agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities must meet any  
3 local standards that apply, and the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities:

4 (A) Must be incidental and subordinate to existing farm use on the tract;

5 (B) May not, individually, exceed a duration of 72 consecutive hours;

6 (C) May not require that a new permanent structure be built, used or occupied in connection  
7 with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

8 (D) Must comply with ORS 215.296;

9 (E) May not, in combination with other agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities  
10 authorized in the area, materially alter the stability of the land use pattern in the area; and

11 (F) Must comply with conditions established for:

12 (i) The types of agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities that are authorized during  
13 each calendar year, including the number and duration of the agri-tourism or other commercial  
14 events and activities, the anticipated daily attendance and the hours of operation;

15 (ii) The location of existing structures and the location of proposed temporary structures to be  
16 used in connection with the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

17 (iii) The location of access and egress and parking facilities to be used in connection with the  
18 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities;

19 (iv) Traffic management, including the projected number of vehicles and any anticipated use of  
20 public roads; and

21 (v) Sanitation and solid waste.

22 (d) In addition to paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection, a county may authorize agri-tourism  
23 or other commercial events or activities that occur more frequently or for a longer period or that  
24 do not otherwise comply with paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subsection if the agri-tourism or other  
25 commercial events or activities comply with any local standards that apply and the agri-tourism or  
26 other commercial events or activities:

27 (A) Are incidental and subordinate to existing commercial farm use of the tract and are neces-  
28 sary to support the commercial farm uses or the commercial agricultural enterprises in the area;

29 (B) Comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(C), (D), (E) and (F) of this subsection;

30 (C) Occur on a lot or parcel that complies with the acknowledged minimum lot or parcel size;  
31 and

32 (D) Do not exceed 18 events or activities in a calendar year.

33 (5) A holder of a permit authorized by a county under subsection (4)(d) of this section must re-  
34 quest review of the permit at four-year intervals. Upon receipt of a request for review, the county  
35 shall:

36 (a) Provide public notice and an opportunity for public comment as part of the review process;  
37 and

38 (b) Limit its review to events and activities authorized by the permit, conformance with condi-  
39 tions of approval required by the permit and the standards established by subsection (4)(d) of this  
40 section.

41 (6) For the purposes of subsection (4) of this section:

42 (a) A county may authorize the use of temporary structures established in connection with the  
43 agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities authorized under subsection (4) of this section.  
44 However, the temporary structures must be removed at the end of the agri-tourism or other event  
45 or activity. The county may not approve an alteration to the land in connection with an agri-tourism

1 or other commercial event or activity authorized under subsection (4) of this section, including, but  
2 not limited to, grading, filling or paving.

3 (b) The county may issue the limited use permits authorized by subsection (4)(c) of this section  
4 for two calendar years. When considering an application for renewal, the county shall ensure com-  
5 pliance with the provisions of subsection (4)(c) of this section, any local standards that apply and  
6 conditions that apply to the permit or to the agri-tourism or other commercial events or activities  
7 authorized by the permit.

8 (c) The authorizations provided by subsection (4) of this section are in addition to other au-  
9 thorizations that may be provided by law, except that “outdoor mass gathering” and “other gather-  
10 ing,” as those terms are used in ORS 197.015 (10)(d), do not include agri-tourism or other commercial  
11 events and activities.

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