Representative Stephen G. Handy proposes the following substitute bill:

1	CLEAN FUEL AMENDMENTS AND REBATES	
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Stephen G. Handy	
5	Senate Sponsor:	
6 7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
9	This bill creates the Conversion to Alternative Fuel Grant Program and extends tax	
10	credits for energy efficient vehicles.	
11	Highlighted Provisions:	
12	This bill:	
13	defines terms;	
14	amends definitions;	
15	 authorizes the Department of Environmental Quality to make grants from the Clean 	
16	Fuels and Vehicle Technology Fund to a person who installs conversion equipment	
17	on an eligible vehicle;	
18	 describes the process for a person to apply for a grant to install conversion 	
19	equipment on an eligible vehicle;	
20	 describes the amount of grant money the director of the Division of Air Quality may 	
21	award to a person who installs conversion equipment on an eligible vehicle;	
22	 grants rulemaking authority to the Air Quality Board; 	
23	 extends tax credits for energy efficient vehicles; and 	
24	makes technical changes.	
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	



26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:
28	None
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	19-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 295
32	59-7-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 125
33	59-10-1009, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 125
34	ENACTS:
35	19-2-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	19-2-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	19-2-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	19-2-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	19-2-305, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	
41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
42	Section 1. Section 19-1-403 is amended to read:
43	19-1-403. Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Fund Contents Loans or
44	grants made with fund money.
45	(1) (a) There is created a revolving fund known as the Clean Fuels and Vehicle
46	Technology Fund.
47	(b) The fund consists of:
48	(i) appropriations to the fund;
49	(ii) other public and private contributions made under Subsection (1)(c);
50	(iii) interest earnings on cash balances; and
51	(iv) all money collected for loan repayments and interest on loans.
52	(c) The department may accept contributions from other public and private sources for
53	deposit into the fund.
54	(2) (a) The department may make a loan or a grant with money available in the fund
55	[for]:
56	(i) for the conversion of a private sector business vehicle or a government vehicle to

57 use a clean fuel, if certified by the Air Quality Board under Subsection 19-1-405(1)(a); [or] (ii) for the purchase of an OEM vehicle for use as a private sector business vehicle or 58 59 government vehicle[-]; or 60 (iii) to a person who installs conversion equipment on an eligible vehicle, as described 61 in Sections 19-2-301 through 19-2-304. 62 (b) The amount of a loan for any vehicle under Subsection (2)(a) may not exceed: (i) the actual cost of the vehicle conversion; 63 64 (ii) the incremental cost of purchasing the OEM vehicle; or 65 (iii) the cost of purchasing the OEM vehicle if there is no documented incremental 66 cost. 67 (c) The amount of a grant for any vehicle under Subsection (2)(a) may not exceed: 68 (i) 50% of the actual cost of the vehicle conversion minus the amount of any tax credit claimed under Section 59-7-605 or 59-10-1009 for the vehicle for which a grant is requested; 69 70 or 71 (ii) 50% of the incremental cost of purchasing an OEM vehicle minus the amount of 72 any tax credit claimed under Section 59-7-605 or 59-10-1009 for the vehicle for which a grant 73 is requested. 74 (d) (i) Subject to the availability of money in the fund, the department may make a loan 75 or grant for the purchase of vehicle refueling equipment for a private sector business vehicle or 76 a government vehicle. 77 (ii) The maximum amount loaned or granted per installation of refueling equipment may not exceed the actual cost of the refueling equipment. 78 79 (3) The department may: 80 (a) establish an application fee for a loan or grant from the fund by following the 81 procedures and requirements of Section 63J-1-504; and 82 (b) reimburse itself for the costs incurred in administering the fund from: 83 (i) the fund; or 84 (ii) application fees established under Subsection (3)(a). 85 (4) (a) The fund balance may not exceed \$10,000,000. 86 (b) Interest on cash balances and repayment of loans in excess of the amount necessary 87 to maintain the fund balance at \$10,000,000 shall be deposited in the General Fund.

88	(5) (a) Loans made from money in the fund shall be supported by loan documents
89	evidencing the intent of the borrower to repay the loan.
90	(b) The original loan documents shall be filed with the Division of Finance and a copy
91	shall be filed with the department.
92	Section 2. Section 19-2-301 is enacted to read:
93	Part 3. Conversion to Alternative Fuel Grant Program
94	<u>19-2-301.</u> Title.
95	This part is known as the "Conversion to Alternative Fuel Grant Program."
96	Section 3. Section 19-2-302 is enacted to read:
97	<u>19-2-302.</u> Definitions.
98	As used in this part:
99	(1) "Air quality standards" means vehicle emission standards equal to or greater than
100	the standards established in bin 4 in Table S04-1 of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
101	(2) "Alternative fuel" means:
102	(a) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
103	(b) other fuel that the board determines, by rule, to be:
104	(i) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels listed in Subsection (2)(a);
105	<u>or</u>
106	(ii) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution as the fuel for which the
107	engine was originally designed.
108	(3) "Board" means the Air Quality Board.
109	(4) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant awarded under Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean
110	Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act, for reimbursement for a portion of the incremental
111	cost of an OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
112	(5) "Conversion equipment" means equipment designed to:
113	(a) allow an eligible vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel; and
114	(b) reduce an eligible vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, as demonstrated by:
115	(i) certification of the conversion equipment by the Environmental Protection Agency
116	or by a state or country that has certification standards that are recognized, by rule, by the
117	board;
118	(ii) testing the eligible vehicle, before and after the installation of the equipment, in

119	accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-Use Highway
120	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
121	(iii) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
122	19-1-406, satisfying the emission standards described in Section 19-1-406; or
123	(iv) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
124	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
125	(6) "Cost" means the total reasonable cost of a conversion kit and the paid labor, if any,
126	required to install it.
127	(7) "Director" means the director of the Division of Air Quality.
128	(8) "Division" means the Division of Air Quality, created in Subsection 19-1-105(1)(a).
129	(9) "Eligible vehicle" means a:
130	(a) commercial vehicle, as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
131	(b) farm tractor, as defined in Section 41-1a-102; or
132	(c) motor vehicle, as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
133	Section 4. Section 19-2-303 is enacted to read:
134	19-2-303. Grants and programs Conditions.
135	(1) The director may make grants to a person who installs conversion equipment on an
136	eligible vehicle as described in this part.
137	(2) A person who installs conversion equipment on an eligible vehicle:
138	(a) may apply to the division for a grant to offset the cost of installation; and
139	(b) shall pass along any savings on the cost of conversion equipment to the owner of
140	the eligible vehicle being converted in the amount of grant money received.
141	(3) As a condition for receiving the grant, a person who installs conversion equipment
142	shall agree to:
143	(a) provide information to the division about the eligible vehicle to be converted with
144	the grant proceeds;
145	(b) allow inspections by the division to ensure compliance with the terms of the grant;
146	<u>and</u>
147	(c) comply with the conditions for the grant.
148	(4) A grant issued under this section may not exceed the lesser of 50% of the cost of
149	the conversion system and associated labor, or \$2,500, per converted eligible vehicle.

150	Section 5. Section 19-2-304 is enacted to read:
151	19-2-304. Duties and authorities Rulemaking.
152	(1) The board may, by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G,
153	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules:
154	(a) specifying the amount of money to be dedicated annually for grants under this part;
155	(b) specifying criteria the director shall consider in prioritizing and awarding grants,
156	including a limitation on the types of vehicles that are eligible for funds;
157	(c) specifying the minimum qualifications of a person who:
158	(i) installs conversion equipment on an eligible vehicle; and
159	(ii) receives a grant from the division;
160	(d) specifying the terms of a grant; and
161	(e) requiring all grant applicants to apply on forms provided by the division.
162	(2) The division shall:
163	(a) administer funds to encourage eligible vehicle owners to reduce emissions from
164	eligible vehicles; and
165	(b) provide information about which conversion technology meets the requirements of
166	this part.
167	(3) The division may inspect vehicles for which a grant was made to ensure
168	compliance with the terms of the grant.
169	Section 6. Section 19-2-305 is enacted to read:
170	19-2-305. Limitation on applying for a tax credit.
171	An owner of an eligible vehicle who receives the savings on the cost of conversion
172	equipment, as described in Subsection 19-2-303(2)(b), may not claim a tax credit for the
173	conversion under Section 59-7-605 or 59-10-1009 unless the savings are less than the tax credit
174	authorized by those sections, in which case the owner may claim a tax credit in the amount of
175	the difference.
176	Section 7. Section 59-7-605 is amended to read:
177	59-7-605. Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
178	(1) As used in this section:
179	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
180	the standards established in bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).

181	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created under Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
182	Conservation Act.
183	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
184	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
185	following criteria:
186	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
187	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
188	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
189	and
190	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
191	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
192	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
193	reduced emissions.
194	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant awarded:
195	(i) under Title 19, Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program
196	Act, for reimbursement of a portion of the incremental cost of an OEM vehicle or the cost of
197	conversion equipment[-]; or
198	(ii) under Title 19, Chapter 2, Part 3, Conversion to Alternative Fuel Grant Program.
199	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
200	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
201	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
202	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
203	(h) "Qualifying electric vehicle" means a vehicle that:
204	(i) meets air quality standards;
205	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
206	(iii) is fueled by electricity only; and
207	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
208	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
209	(i) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
210	(i) meets air quality standards;
211	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas or propane;

212	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in
213	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
214	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and:
215	(A) diesel fuel;
216	(B) gasoline; or
217	(C) a mixture of gasoline and ethanol.
218	(j) "Reduced emissions" means:
219	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
220	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
221	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the
222	conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
223	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
224	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board;
225	(B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment
226	in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway
227	Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using;
228	(C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section
229	19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the
230	emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or
231	(D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
232	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
233	(ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been
234	installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating
235	on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the
236	installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by:
237	(A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection
238	Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or
239	(B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title
240	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
241	(k) "Special mobile equipment":
242	(i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle that is not designed or used primarily for

243 the transportation of persons or property; and 244 (ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment. 245 (2) For the taxable [year] years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, but beginning on 246 or before December 31, [2015] 2016, a taxpayer may claim a tax credit against tax otherwise 247 due under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required 248 to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in an amount equal to: 249 (a) (i) for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric vehicle that is registered in 250 this state, the lesser of: 251 (A) \$1,500; or (B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or 252 253 (ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is 254 registered in this state, \$1,000; 255 (b) for the original purchase of a new vehicle fueled by natural gas or propane that is 256 registered in this state, the lesser of: 257 (i) \$1,500; or 258 (ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; 259 (c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor 260 vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a 261 maximum tax credit of \$1,500 per motor vehicle, if the motor vehicle is to: 262 (i) be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity; 263 (ii) be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be at 264 least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or 265 (iii) meet the federal clean-fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act 266 Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.; 267 (d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special 268 mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel grant received, up to a maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile equipment is to 269 270 be fueled by: 271 (i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or 272 (ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:

(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection (2)(d)(i);

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- (B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the engine was originally designed; and
- (e) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b), an amount equal to the product of:
- (i) the amount of tax credit the taxpayer would otherwise qualify to claim under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) had the taxpayer purchased the vehicle, except that the purchase price described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(b)(ii) is considered to be the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease; and
 - (ii) a percentage calculated by:
- (A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement; and
- (B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(A) by the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement.
 - (3) (a) The board shall:
 - (i) determine the amount of tax credit a taxpayer is allowed under this section; and
- (ii) provide the taxpayer with a written certification of the amount of tax credit the taxpayer is allowed under this section.
- (b) A taxpayer shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an item for which a tax credit is allowed under this section by:
 - (i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule;
- 296 (ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof; 297 and
 - (iii) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
 - (c) A taxpayer shall retain the written certification described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
- 300 (4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed 301 only:
- (a) against a tax owed under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain
 Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, in the taxable year
 by the taxpayer;

305	(b) for the taxable year in which a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is
306	purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(e) is leased, or conversion equipment
307	described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and
308	(c) once per vehicle.
309	(5) A taxpayer may not assign a tax credit under this section to another person.
310	(6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section exceeds the
311	taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain
312	Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, for a taxable year,
313	the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period that
314	does not exceed the next five taxable years.
315	(7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (8),
316	the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the Education Fund
317	the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a taxable year
318	exceeds \$500,000.
319	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
320	commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education
321	Fund as required by Subsection (7).
322	Section 8. Section 59-10-1009 is amended to read:
323	59-10-1009. Definitions Tax credits related to energy efficient vehicles.
324	(1) As used in this section:
325	(a) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than
326	the standards established in bin 4 in Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).
327	(b) "Board" means the Air Quality Board created in Title 19, Chapter 2, Air
328	Conservation Act.
329	(c) "Certified by the board" means that:
330	(i) a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed meets the
331	following criteria:
332	(A) before the installation of conversion equipment, the vehicle does not exceed the
333	emission cut points for a transient test driving cycle, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Part 51,
334	Appendix E to Subpart S, or an equivalent test for the make, model, and year of the vehicle;
335	and

336	(B) as a result of the installation of conversion equipment on the motor vehicle, the
337	motor vehicle has reduced emissions; or
338	(ii) special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been installed has
339	reduced emissions.
340	(d) "Clean fuel grant" means a grant a claimant, estate, or trust receives under Title 19,
341	Chapter 1, Part 4, Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Program Act[7] or Title 19, Chapter 2,
342	Part 3, Conversion to Alternative Fuel Grant Program, for reimbursement of a portion of the
343	incremental cost of the OEM vehicle or the cost of conversion equipment.
344	(e) "Conversion equipment" means equipment referred to in Subsection (2)(c) or (d).
345	(f) "OEM vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 19-1-402.
346	(g) "Original purchase" means the purchase of a vehicle that has never been titled or
347	registered and has been driven less than 7,500 miles.
348	(h) "Qualifying electric vehicle" means a vehicle that:
349	(i) meets air quality standards;
350	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas;
351	(iii) is fueled by electricity only; and
352	(iv) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in
353	Subsection (1)(h)(iii).
354	(i) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:
355	(i) meets air quality standards;
356	(ii) is not fueled by natural gas or propane;
357	(iii) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in
358	Section 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
359	(iv) is fueled by a combination of electricity and:
360	(A) diesel fuel;
361	(B) gasoline; or
362	(C) a mixture of gasoline and ethanol.
363	(j) "Reduced emissions" means:
364	(i) for purposes of a motor vehicle on which conversion equipment has been installed,
365	that the motor vehicle's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating on a fuel listed in
366	Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the installation of the

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this state, the lesser of:

(A) \$1,500; or

367 conversion equipment, as demonstrated by: 368 (A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection 369 Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board: 370 (B) testing the motor vehicle, before and after installation of the conversion equipment, 371 in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 86, Control of Emissions from New and In-use Highway 372 Vehicles and Engines, using all fuel the motor vehicle is capable of using; 373 (C) for a retrofit natural gas vehicle that is retrofit in accordance with Section 374 19-1-406, testing that as a result of the retrofit, the retrofit natural gas vehicle satisfies the 375 emission standards applicable under Section 19-1-406; or 376 (D) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title 377 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or 378 (ii) for purposes of special mobile equipment on which conversion equipment has been 379 installed, that the special mobile equipment's emissions of regulated pollutants, when operating 380 on fuels listed in Subsection (2)(d)(i) or (ii), is less than the emissions were before the 381 installation of conversion equipment, as demonstrated by: 382 (A) certification of the conversion equipment by the federal Environmental Protection 383 Agency or by a state that has certification standards recognized by the board; or 384 (B) any other test or standard recognized by board rule, made in accordance with Title 385 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 386 (k) "Special mobile equipment": 387 (i) means any mobile equipment or vehicle not designed or used primarily for the 388 transportation of persons or property; and 389 (ii) includes construction or maintenance equipment. 390 (2) For the taxable [year] years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, but beginning on 391 or before December 31, [2015] 2016, a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a nonrefundable tax 392 credit against tax otherwise due under this chapter in an amount equal to:

(ii) for the original purchase of a new qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle that is

(B) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle; or

(a) (i) for the original purchase of a new qualifying electric vehicle that is registered in

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398	registered in this state, \$1,000;
399	(b) for the original purchase of a new vehicle fueled by natural gas or propane that is
400	registered in this state, the lesser of:
401	(i) \$1,500; or
402	(ii) 35% of the purchase price of the vehicle;
403	(c) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a motor
404	vehicle registered in this state minus the amount of any clean fuel [conversion] grant received,
405	up to a maximum tax credit of \$1,500 per vehicle, if the motor vehicle:
406	(i) is to be fueled by propane, natural gas, or electricity;
407	(ii) is to be fueled by other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be
408	at least as effective in reducing air pollution as fuels under Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
409	(iii) will meet the federal clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal Clean Air Act
410	Amendments of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7521 et seq.;
411	(d) 50% of the cost of equipment for conversion, if certified by the board, of a special
412	mobile equipment engine minus the amount of any clean fuel [conversion] grant received, up to
413	a maximum tax credit of \$1,000 per special mobile equipment engine, if the special mobile
414	equipment is to be fueled by:
415	(i) propane, natural gas, or electricity; or
416	(ii) other fuel the board determines annually on or before July 1 to be:
417	(A) at least as effective in reducing air pollution as the fuels under Subsection (2)(d)(i);
418	or
419	(B) substantially more effective in reducing air pollution than the fuel for which the
420	engine was originally designed; and
421	(e) for a lease of a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b), an amount equal to the
422	product of:
423	(i) the amount of tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust would otherwise qualify to
424	claim under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) had the claimant, estate, or trust purchased the vehicle,

except that the purchase price described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(b)(ii) is considered to

(A) determining the difference between the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the

be the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease; and

(ii) a percentage calculated by:

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- 429 lease, as stated in the lease agreement, and the value of the vehicle at the end of the lease, as 430 stated in the lease agreement; and 431 (B) dividing the difference determined under Subsection (2)(e)(ii)(A) by the value of the vehicle at the beginning of the lease, as stated in the lease agreement. 432 433 (3) (a) The board shall: 434 (i) determine the amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this 435 section; and 436 (ii) provide the claimant, estate, or trust with a written certification of the amount of 437 tax credit the claimant, estate, or trust is allowed under this section. 438 (b) A claimant, estate, or trust shall provide proof of the purchase or lease of an item 439 for which a tax credit is allowed under this section by: 440 (i) providing proof to the board in the form the board requires by rule; 441 (ii) receiving a written statement from the board acknowledging receipt of the proof; 442 and 443 (iii) retaining the written statement described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii). 444 (c) A claimant, estate, or trust shall retain the written certification described in 445 Subsection (3)(a)(ii). 446 (4) Except as provided by Subsection (5), the tax credit under this section is allowed 447 only: 448 (a) against a tax owed under this chapter in the taxable year by the claimant, estate, or 449 trust; 450 (b) for the taxable year in which a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is 451 purchased, a vehicle described in Subsection (2)(e) is leased, or conversion equipment 452 described in Subsection (2)(c) or (d) is installed; and 453 (c) once per vehicle. (5) A claimant, estate, or trust may not assign a tax credit under this section to another 454 455 person. 456 (6) If the amount of a tax credit claimed by a claimant, estate, or trust under this
 - section exceeds the claimant's, estate's, or trust's tax liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit exceeding the tax liability may be carried forward for a period that does not exceed the next five taxable years.

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(7) In accordance with any rules prescribed by the commission under Subsection (8),
the commission shall transfer at least annually from the General Fund into the Education Fund
the amount by which the amount of tax credit claimed under this section for a taxable year
exceeds \$500,000.

(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules for making a transfer from the General Fund into the Education Fund as required by Subsection (7).