### LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL & Approved for Filing: E. Chelsea-McCarty & & 02-28-13 8:24 AM &

S.B. 107 2nd Sub. (Salmon)

### **Senator Allen M. Christensen** proposes the following substitute bill:

1	PUBLIC SHOOTING RANGES
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Allen M. Christensen
5	House Sponsor: Curtis Oda
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7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill ensures public access to public shooting ranges under certain conditions.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>grants the public access to use certain public shooting ranges;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>permits a fee to be charged for the public to use a public shooting range;</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>describes when a public shooting range can be restricted from public use; and</li> </ul>
16	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	None
21	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
22	ENACTS:
23	<b>47-3-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
24	<b>47-3-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
25	<b>47-3-302</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953



(7) "Public funds" means funds provided by the federal government, the state, or a

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includes a school district.

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(8) "Shooting range" or "range" means an area designed and continuously operated under nationally recognized standards and operating practices for the use of rifles, shotguns, pistols, silhouettes, skeet, trap, black powder, archery, or any other similar shooting activities.

Section 3. Section **47-3-201**, which is renumbered from Section 47-3-2 is renumbered and amended to read:

#### Part 2. Risk and Nuisance

#### [47-3-2]. 47-3-201. Assumption of risk.

[Each] A person who participates in shooting at a shooting range or a public shooting range accepts the associated risks to the extent the risks are obvious and inherent. Those risks include injuries that may result from noise, discharge of projectile or shot, malfunction of shooting equipment not owned by the shooting range or public shooting range, natural variations in terrain, surface or subsurface snow or ice conditions, bare spots, rocks, trees, and other forms of natural growth or debris.

Section 4. Section **47-3-202**, which is renumbered from Section 47-3-3 is renumbered and amended to read:

### [47-3-3]. 47-3-202. When nuisance action permitted.

- (1) [Each] A state agency or political subdivision shall ensure that any of its rules or ordinances that define or prohibit a public nuisance exclude from the definition or prohibition any shooting range or public shooting range that was established, constructed, or operated prior to the implementation of the rule or ordinance regarding public nuisance unless that activity or operation substantially and adversely affects public health or safety.
- (2) A person who operates or uses a shooting range <u>or a public shooting range</u> in this state is not subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution for noise or noise pollution resulting from the operation or use of the range if:
  - (a) the range:
- (i) was established, constructed, or operated prior to the implementation of any noise ordinances, rules, or regulations; and
  - (ii) does not substantially and adversely affect public health or safety; or
- (b) the range:
  - (i) is in compliance with any noise control laws, ordinances, rules, or regulations that

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range.

88	applied to the range or public shooting range and its operation at the time of establishment,
89	construction, or initial operation of the range; and
90	(ii) does not substantially and adversely affect public health or safety.
91	(3) For [the] purposes of this section, noise generated by a shooting range or public
92	shooting range that is operated in accordance with nationally recognized standards and
93	operating practices is not a public health nuisance.
94	(4) For any new subdivision development located in whole or in part within 1,000 feet
95	of the boundary of any shooting range or public shooting range that was established,
96	constructed, or operated prior to the development of the subdivision, the owner of the
97	development shall provide on any plat filed with the county recorder the following notice:
98	"Shooting Range Area
99	This property is located in the vicinity of an established shooting range or public
100	shooting range. It can be anticipated that customary uses and activities at this shooting range or
101	public shooting range will be conducted now and in the future. The use and enjoyment of this
102	property is expressly conditioned on acceptance of any annoyance or inconvenience [which]
103	that may result from these uses and activities."
104	Section 5. Section 47-3-301 is enacted to read:
105	Part 3. Public Shooting Ranges
106	47-3-301. Access to publicly funded ranges.
107	A shooting range, whether indoor or outdoor, constructed with public funds and
108	operated or controlled by the state, an institution of higher education, or a political subdivision,
109	shall, unless specifically exempted in Section 47-3-305, be made available as provided in this
110	section for use by any group.
111	Section 6. Section 47-3-302 is enacted to read:
112	47-3-302. Use and availability.
113	(1) Use of a shooting range by a group may not interfere with the use of the range by
114	the state agency, military, institution of higher education, or political subdivision for whom the
115	range was constructed.
116	(2) Outdoor shooting ranges shall be available on weekends and holidays, provided
117	they are not being used for shooting and training purposes by the owner or operator of the

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119	(3) Each group that uses a shooting range owned or operated by a state agency,
120	institution of higher education, or political subdivision shall provide a certified official to
121	oversee their shooting activities while on the range. If the group does not have a certified
122	official that is currently available, the owner or operator of the shooting range may provide one
123	and charge a fee for that certified official's time.
124	(4) A group using a public shooting range may not have anyone with the group who is
125	prohibited from possessing a firearm.
126	(5) Each group shall provide documentation of current and applicable liability
127	insurance or waivers of liability to cover each state agency, institution of higher education, or a
128	political subdivision, for each person shooting on or controlling the shooting range.
129	(6) Shooting range operations shall be in accordance with safety standards adopted by
130	the National Rifle Association or equivalent national shooting organization.
131	(7) Staff from the owner or operator of the shooting range is not required to be present
132	unless there is no certified official present with the group.
133	(8) The certified official in charge at the applicable time shall be responsible for
134	opening and securely closing the shooting range.
135	Section 7. Section 47-3-303 is enacted to read:
136	<u>47-3-303.</u> Rulemaking.
137	(1) The State Armory Board, any state agency, or institution of higher education that
138	operates or has control of a shooting range shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G,
139	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement procedures for use of the range
140	by the public.
141	(2) The rules shall include provisions requiring indoor shooting ranges to be available
142	on a reservation basis, for firearms not exceeding the range design criteria:
143	(a) at least twice per week;
144	(b) after 4 p.m. on work or school days, or after students and faculty are excused or
145	dismissed on the work or school day; and
146	(c) between 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. on weekends.
147	Section 8. Section 47-3-304 is enacted to read:
148	<u>47-3-304.</u> Fees.
149	(1) Reasonable fees for the use of a shooting range to cover the incidental material and

150	supply costs incurred by making the range available to a group, may be established by:
151	(a) the State Armory Board established under Title 39, Chapter 2, State Armory Board,
152	for a military range; and
153	(b) for a nonmilitary range, the state agency, institution of higher education, or political
154	subdivision that operates or has control of the range.
155	(2) Fees for nonmilitary shooting range use may not exceed fees charged by the
156	Department of Natural Resources for the same or similar activity.
157	(3) Fees collected under Subsection (1) shall be:
158	(a) for a shooting range operated or controlled by a state agency or an institution of
159	higher education, deposited in the General Fund as dedicated credits to be used for the
160	operation and maintenance of the range; and
161	(b) for a shooting range operated or controlled by a political subdivision, deposited in
162	the political subdivision's general fund.
163	Section 9. Section 47-3-305 is enacted to read:
164	47-3-305. Exceptions and prohibitions.
165	(1) This part does not apply to:
166	(a) shooting ranges that are otherwise open to the public;
167	(b) shooting ranges that are operated as a public shooting range staffed by and operated
168	by Division of Wildlife Resources;
169	(c) the Utah National Guard ranges located at Camp Williams and the Salt Lake
170	International Airport:
171	(d) the Department of Corrections Fred M. House range;
172	(e) the <b>\$→</b> Department of Public Safety ←\$ Peace Officer Standards and Training indoor
172a	tactical firing range on the Salt
173	Lake Community College Miller Campus; and
174	(f) ranges owned and operated by municipal public safety agencies \$→ [if they are available
175	for use by the agencies on a continuous 24 hour basis] ←Ŝ .
176	(2) Firearms may not be allowed in a school building, except under the provision of
177	Section 76-10-505.5, unless there is an outdoor entrance to the shooting range and the most
178	direct access to the range is used. An outdoor entrance to a shooting range may not be blocked
179	by fences, structures or gates for the purpose of blocking the outdoor entrance.
180	(3) Only air guns may be used in public ranges where the ventilation systems do not

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181	meet current OSHA standards as applied to the duration of exposure of the participants. For
182	the purposes of this part, an air gun does not include larger caliber pneumatic weapons,
183	paintball guns, or air shotguns.
184	(4) Group range use is a lawful, approved activity under Subsection 76-10-505.5(4)(a)